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Dec. 6, 1893

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City of Boston.

THE PILOT ON THE DEEP.

NEW YORK: THOMAS BIRCH,
Published No. 95, Canal Street. Wholesale & Retail

C

THE PILOT ON THE DEEP,

A

FAVORITE BALLAD,

Written by

THOMAS HAYNES BAYLEY,

ARRANGED

by

WILLIAM CLIFTON.

W. G. Preston, Dec. 6/93

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VOCE.

Andante con Espress

Oh

p

Pi - lot tis a fearful night, There's danger on the deep, I'll come and pace the

p

deck with thee, I do not dare to sleep; Go down, the Sailor cried, go down, This

p

mf

is no place for thee, Fear not, but trust in Providence, Where ever thou may'st

p

TRIO.

be. Fear not, but trust in Providence, Where ever thou may'st be.

Fear not, but trust in Providence, Where ever thou may'st be.

mf *f*

p

2

Ah Pilot, dangers often met,
We all are apt to slight,
And thou hast known these raging waves,
But to subdue their might;
It is not apathy, he cried,
That gives this strength to me;
Fear not, but trust in Providence,
Where ever thou may'st be.

3

On such a night the sea engulph'd,
My father's lifeless form,
My only brother's boat went down,
In just so wild a storm;
And such perhaps may be my fate,
But still I say to thee,
Fear not, but trust in Providence;
Where ever thou may'st be.

much of our advertising as we do.

Mr. Taylor of Pitts, Kimball and Lewis, 615 Washington street, said: "There seems to be no question of the value of The Boston Herald as an advertising medium, especially for the better grades of goods."

Springer Bros., corner of Washington and Bedford streets, said: "We have a high opinion of The Boston Herald as an advertising medium. It reaches a very excellent class of trade."

Mr. Newcomb of the **Keep Manufacturing Co.**, 114 Tremont street, said: "The Boston Herald always receives our first consideration as an advertising medium."

J. C. McCarthy, importer of laces, corner of Tremont and West streets, said: "I am very well pleased with my experience with The Boston Herald. For my business I think it is the best medium in the city."

A. E. Parsons, 348 Boylston street, said: "The Boston Herald is better adapted to reach the class of trade we cater for than any other Boston daily. The results have always been satisfactory."

The E. B. Sears Company, 404 Washington street, said: "The Boston Herald is an especially good medium for advertisers, because the response is immediate. We are sure of returns inside of 24 hours after the advertisement appears in the paper."

Simpson & Co., 39 Temple place, said: "The Boston Herald is a thoroughly good medium, and every advertisement that I have inserted in it has met with an intelligent return. It is as clean a paper as we have in New England."

H. Crine, the furrier at 15 and 16 Avon street, said: "I have been advertising in the Boston Herald for more than a quarter of a century, and find it one of the leading advertising mediums in the state. I know of none better for good results. I can safely say that The Herald has greatly assisted me in establishing my business as it is established. The Herald does not give something for nothing, but gives good value for the money it charges."

Henry M. Burr & Co., 490 Washington street, said: "The Boston Herald is one of the best advertising mediums in Boston. We have always had good results from it."

William H. Brine, 1 and 3 Tremont street, said: "I believe The Boston Herald to be one of the best mediums for advertising in Boston. Its readers are the best class of people in New England, and The Herald's charges for space, circulation considered, are more reasonable than the prices of suburban papers."

Mr. Fernekees of The Ribbon Store, 5 Temple place, said: "I have been very successful in my advertising in The Boston Herald, which I have tested by mail orders and by special new articles. Advertisements in The Herald are profitable because they reach the best class of people for the retail business—the buyers."

FINE CHINA AND GLASSWARE.

F. Vorenberg & Co.'s Store Filled with Dainty Imported Goods.

One of the prettiest stores in Boston is that of F. Vorenberg & Co., No. 171 Tremont street, corner of Mason, which was thrown open to the public a few days ago, and here is to be found the

the rear of the store is a long shelf containing handsome vases in all designs and colors.

Above is the lamp department, where may be found a large assortment of lamps, together with teakettles in brass with wrought iron stands or frames. The show window is nicely arranged and contains some of the daintiest and finest line of imported china and glassware to be found in Boston. The firm also carries a full line of the famous

your ankles, or even [illegible] If need be, I think I could devise a costume which would give this freeness and yet clothe the limbs, although I am not one of those who think it a shame to have legs."

All of which would seem to indicate that Mrs. Chant is a most sensible reformer, as all the Boston people who have the pleasure of knowing this clever woman could have told them she was before this.

NOVEL SCHEME OF PHILANTHROPHY.

The latest movement in feminine philanthropy is a log cabin college settlement proposed for erection in the mountains of North Carolina, not very far from the famous Vanderbilt castle. Miss Chester, a sister of the organ master of St. George's Church, and who spends the greater part of every year in the North Carolina wilds, has offered her idea for development among earnest young women in New York who would be interested in the mental and moral advancement of their mountain sisters. She has found them, she says, as needy in spiritual and intellectual elevation as the women of our slums. Education and the refining influences have not penetrated to those barren but beautiful regions, where ignorance unhappily does not produce the bliss of simplicity or a wholesome, robust and pastoral existence. Therefore the necessity of carrying some light to the women of the isolated uplands. The plan is to build a fine, large log cabin, fill it with good books, pictures, and the suggestion of what the mountaineer's wife or daughter could do in the way of softening and refining even her crude surroundings. The gospel of teaching through friendly intercourse is to be as closely adhered to as in the slums, with a broader scope for the best sort of philanthropic work than has yet been found in anything in this country. The mountain women are, first of all, Americans; they are not unintelligent; they have strong and correct principles of duty, and, if rightly approached, Miss Chester and those who share the log cabin have every prospect of finding more rapid response to their improving suggestions than the foreign-bred class in the city ever give.

THE FLOWER BONNET.

The flower bonnet of the hour is a novelty. It usually consists of a single nodding flower, which appears to be growing from the high coil of hair. The bonnet's sole foundation is a soft coil of velvet. The flower is caught at the back. One shows a twist of pink velvet with an American Beauty rose standing with graceful erectness at the back. Another has a coil of violet velvet and a careless cluster of heliotrope arranged toward the back.

SUCH AN UNFORTUNATE BLUNDER.

An unfortunate young man of that class of beings who find it impossible to keep their fingers still called on a young woman the other evening. He waited for her in the drawing room and drummed nervously on the Louis Quinze table for a while. Then he knocked a Chinese idol over, and finally his eye was caught by a tiny basket of gilt wire filled loosely with violets. He pulled a violet out. It came with difficulty, but that merely spurred the young man on to fresh efforts. In 10 minutes the violets were out, and then the

ly got him headed up [illegible] watched him until he disappeared.

HOW TO HAVE GOOD BOOKS.

Refrain from Buying Poor Ones and They Will Cease Coming Out.

All of us want our literature to be clean, helpful and elevating, writes Edward W. Bok in the Ladies' Home Journal. But all of us evidently do not, just the same. If we did we would have what we wanted and nothing else. Nasty books are printed simply because there are nasty people who want them. Suggestive papers are issued and successfully so, because there are people who read them. Those of us who are fond of good books are indignant because such books as "Esther Waters," "The Heavenly Twins," "The Green Carnation," "The Yellow Aster" are successful. But why are they successful? Because we buy them, and when I say "we" I mean "we." I do not mean the other man or the other woman upon whose shoulders we are always ready to transfer the blame. I have very quietly made a study of the sources from which a great deal of this cry of bad or ephemeral literature comes; and I find that it comes, in quite respectable proportions, from the very people who buy these books and help them to success. Now, one thing is absolutely true: just so long as we continue buying these books just so long will we have them. When we stop buying, depend upon it the authors will stop writing them and the publishers will stop issuing them. But if we buy "Heavenly Twins?" why, there will be more "Heavenly Twins," and a year hence we will have "Infernal Triplets." This whole question is simply one of demand and supply; so long as the demand continues so will the supply.

SHAKESPEARE'S MARRIED LIFE.

On what basis does the theory rest that Shakespeare was not happy in the later years of his married life? writes Dr. William J. Rolfe in the Ladies' Home Journal. As we have seen, his wife was about eight years older than himself, and the nuptials had been celebrated in some haste. He had gone to London a few years later, leaving his wife and babies in Stratford. The "Sonnets," which, to my thinking, are unquestionably more os less autobiographical, indicate that he had not been able to resist the temptations of city life—that he had sinned, and suffered, and repented. Note that terrible outcry of remorse, the 129th Sonnet. It assures us that, whatever his errors may have been, Shakespeare repented of them; and his after life shows that he brought forth fruits meet for repentance. He never lost his love for his Stratford home. We have seen that, as soon as he began to be prosperous in London, he bought the dilapidated New Place, and, as fast as his means allowed, repaired the house, enlarged and improved the grounds, and gradually made it the elegant and delightful home which must have been his ideal from the very first.

WRITE ME A LETTER.

Write me a letter, my dear old friend,
Say that your love me yet;
I know you are true, but I wish that you
Would say that you never forget
The spring, all budding, and scent and
song,
The summer's blooming rhyme,
The orchard talks, and the woodland
walks,
In the golden autumn time.

Write me a letter, my dear old friend,
Write me of a sunny June;
Meet me again in a ferny glen,
In the glow of an afternoon.
Read me the "Idylls" over anew,
Your voice has a charm that rings
Its rhythm, cheers through the vibrant
years
Above all other things.

Write me a letter, my dear old friend,

"fore and aft rig." Thus by time's changes the pilot has been deprived of one avenue of exciting and thrilling tale when he is comfortably ensconced in a warm loafing place on shore.

But this does not lessen the meed of praise to which he is entitled, for braving the elements and facing the chilly blasts and tempestuous seas which prevail on this coast, particularly during the winter months.

Many a homeward-bound mariner from, perhaps, a long voyage to warmer latitudes, arrives on this coast at night in, it may be, a driving snow storm. Rockets are sent up, the signal gun is fired, lights not discernible twice the length of the ship are displayed. Doubt, perhaps, exists in the minds of those on board as to the whereabouts of the vessel.

Suddenly breaks upon the ear of the anxious crew the sound of a reply gun, which shortly after is followed by the hail ringing out clear above the tempest: "What ship is that? Do you want a pilot?"

Then it is that the pilot is appreciated. He is quickly landed on board, and thoroughly conversant with the locality, he soon has the ship at a safe anchorage, or moored to the wharf to which her consignors have assigned her.

To illustrate the fact that a pilot's life is fraught with peril may be mentioned a disaster of late occurrence, where the D. J. Lawler, No. 3, was run down and sunk about eight miles to the east-northeast of Minot's light by the schooner Horace B. Parker of Gloucester. The accident occurred on the morning of Jan. 6.

The last pilot had been placed on board an incoming vessel, and the boatkeepers were making their way from the outer station to secure a new supply of pilots. The extreme cold had produced a vapor on the ocean which was as opaque as fog, and while running for the outer light, the boat was, without a moment's warning, run down, and three of the crew perished.

The craft now reposes on the bottom with 35 fathoms of water rolling over her.

Numerous cases have, from time to time, been reported where pilot boats, which must, no matter what the weather may be, cruise in the track of incoming vessels, have had almost miraculous escapes.

The boats alternate on stations, which, of course, gives the crews a fair distribution of labor and also of the division of pay for services rendered.

In the matter of remuneration a most equitable method of settlement is arranged. Otherwise there would be a vast amount of jealousy and trouble, as one man might get a vessel drawing 25 feet of water, for which he would receive $5 per foot, while the next man might be put on a 7-foot draft vessel, which would net him only $2.64 per foot.

These prices are the ordinary summer rates. From Nov. 1 to May 1 there is an added sum, known as "distance money," attached to the service, which ranges from $3.70 for the lighter draft to $25 for the maximum.

The method of dividing the receipts while on station duty is to pool them. The cost of furnishing the vessel and other necessary expenses are deducted, and the net income is divided pro rata among the pilots forming the complement of the vessel.

Outward rates for pilotage are considerably lower than those for craft coming in, and the smaller vessel is conducted below Fort Warren for $1.75 per foot of draft, and the larger one has to pay only $5 per foot.

Under the law pilotage is compulsory, provided the vessel can be overhauled and hailed, and many a lively sailing match has occurred between fleet vessels, which were attempting to escape payment of pilotage, and pilot boats, but as a rule the swift little numbered schooners win.

American vessels of small tonnage are exempt if they draw less than seven feet of water, as are also all vessels entering an American port under command of a master who holds a pilot's

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...-Police Captain ...n" Fame.

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...Among the witnesses were Gen. Dalton, Maj. Follett, Maj. Harvey, 1st battalion artillery; Lieut. Galloupe, light battery A; Sergts. Stevens, Lattimer and Lang of the battery; Guidon Follett, Lieut. W. Hall, Corp. Housman, troop A, Capt. Parsons, 8th regiment, and others.

The hearing was private. Gen. Dalton testified to receiving a letter from Lieut. Ruddick and produced the same. On the charge of drunkenness Capt. Parsons, Maj. Hovey and Lieut. Galloupe testified in a general way. The hearing was going on at the time of going to press.

RECRUITS FOR CUBA.

A man calling himself Francesco Silvia and claiming to be an agent of the Cuban Patriot League, which is engaged in the effort to overthrow Spanish rule on the island of Cuba, was in Boston yesterday for the purpose of gathering recruits for the insurgent army.

He left for New York by an afternoon train, saying that he had engaged close upon 50 men to take part in the uprising. These men were largely picked up about the wharves with inducements which are said to have been very promising. Silvia, who lays claim to having had considerable experience in recruiting, notably for the Brazilian insurrection, stated that he would return to Boston in a short time for another batch of men, after which the little army would embark for Cuba.

He was accompanied on a train arriving here on Thursday last by four other agents, who were assigned from New York to cover the New England states. Upon arrival in Boston, the other agents proceeded to Lowell, Brockton, Haverhill and Portland.

BOSTON COLLEGE NOTES.

The members of the Fulton Debating Society yesterday discussed the question: "Resolved that the term of office of President of the United States before six years, and then the candidate be eligible to re-election for a second term." Leo F. O'Neil, '97, spoke for the affirmative, while Joseph Walsh, '97, and Timothy Sweeney debated for the negative. The house passed its decision in favor of the negative, both on the merits of the question and debate. The question for the regular debate Friday, March 15, will be, "Resolved, that the policy of Secretary Carlisle in the issuing of bonds was commendable." The debaters on the affirmative are, Francis Fogarty, '97, and Joseph Lawless, '96, on the negative, Francis Brick, '96, and Charles McCaffrey, with Charles Ring, '95, critic.

Rev. Timothy Brosnahan, S. J., president of the college, will preach in the Church of the Immaculate Conception tomorrow morning. Mozart's mass in B flat will be rendered by the regular choir, under the direction of Prof. George E. Whiting. Whiting's "Memento Domini David" will be sung at the offertory.

At the meeting of the Literary Academy of the freshman class on Monday the exercises will include "Criticism of Scott's Poems," by Bartholomew Coyne, biographical sketch of Scott by Joseph L. Keough and a reading from Scott's poems by Francis J. Carney.

Mr. Conway, formerly of the class of '93, has been appointed professor of the freshman class at Holy Cross College, Worcester.

It is anticipated that Rev. James Doonan, S. J., who has been a patient at the Carney Hospital, will resume his lectures in philosophy on Monday next.

The March number of the Immaculate Conception Calendar was issued yesterday.

Boston, March 1, 1895.

To Llewellyn, Newfoundland, chairman; John Scott, Roman Catholic administrator, vice-chairman; W. Graham, Presbyterian, secretary; G. S. Milligan, LL. D., deacon of Newfoundland; John Ryan, C. C., dean of diocese; A. D. Morton, Methodist, assistant secretary, and G. W. Siddall of St. John's, Congregational:

Reverend and Dear Sirs: The appeal sent out by you on behalf of our suffering fellow-countrymen has reached the ears and touched the hearts of Newfoundlanders resident in Boston and vicinity. We met together and resolved to do what we could in response to your pathetic cry for help. Our first movement was to secure the sympathy and co-operation of His Honor Mayor Curtis, at whose request a number of gentlemen kindly consented to act as a committee, with Messrs. Kidder, Peabody & Co. as treasurers of the fund that might be raised to alleviate the distress which pains our hearts as well as yours.

Then Newfoundlanders also held patriotic meetings and opened subscription lists, headed by Mr. James J. Grace, with a generous contribution of $1000. The smaller contributions, though necessarily limited by the resources of the givers, came from hearts no less willing and tender.

The committee appointed by His Honor the Mayor directed the treasurers to pay over to Rev. Frederick Woods, Rev. Allan B. Hudson and Mr. James J. Grace for expenditures and provisions, all the money paid in to March 2.

We have purchased and shipped for St. John's, by steamer Halifax, which sails for Halifax March 2, provisions and clothing, as per invoice, which you will receive of Allan G. Faye.

The Newfoundlanders of Boston and vicinity, with the other citizens who have so kindly assisted them, ask you, reverend dear sirs, who have sent out the appeal, whose "bitter cry" we have heard, to accept this gift of provisions for the suffering people of Newfoundland.

They are hereby transferred from us to you through Mr. Faye, who will deliver them to the general relief committee, after they have taken action as to their disposal, that you may have entire control of their distribute them in the manner which, in your judgment, is wisest and best. Our prayer is that the gift may bring comfort to many sorrowing people, and that in the mercy of God the present distress may soon pass away.

(Signed)
FREDERICK WOODS, Chairman.
ALLAN B. HUDSON, Secretary.
JAMES J. GRACE, Treasurer.

TWO GOOD DOLLARS FROM VERMONT.

The Boston Herald has received $2 for the fund for Newfoundland sufferers from Samuel Clegg of Bellows Falls, Vt.

ANXIOUS FOR A 5-CENT FARE.

Mr. Feaver of Lynn Wants Rates Restored on a Savannah Street Railroad.

(Special Dispatch to the Boston Herald.)

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 2, 1895. The petition of Mr. Feaver of Lynn, Mass., holder of a number of bonds of the Electric Railway Company of this city, which is in the hands of receivers, asking that the fare of 5 cents be restored on the ground of a wreckage of the property, was granted yesterday by Judge Emory Speer in the federal court.

For the past three months a fierce fight has been going on between the Electric Railway Company and the City & Suburban Railway, a competing line. The fares on both lines have been cut to 1 cent for a ride of seven miles.

Judge Spear also held that the City & Suburban Railway Company, of which George Parsons of New York is the largest stockholder, must answer on Tuesday next to the charge of conspiracy in trying to wreck the electric railway line.

The executive committee consists of S. Knights, A. S. Jewett, H. P. Kitfield, F. K. Hooper, W. J. Johnson, George F. Allen and I. S. West.

NEW TOWN HALL AT WHITMAN.

There Are More Pressing Needs for the Town's Money.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I desire to say a few words in behalf of the small property taxpayers, and also the poll-taxpayers of Whitman, who are opposed to the town hall scheme.

An amateur reporter here, who seems to be the mouthpiece of the promoters of the project, says that if the 14 men who signed the order placed in the town warrant, are in favor of building a hall, the small taxpayers should also be willing. The gentleman does not seem to think the poll-taxpayers worth speaking of at all.

Now, I claim that it is against the interest of every person in the town who has not some private axe to grind, for the town to increase its already large indebtedness for the above purpose when there are so many louder calls for the town's money.

We need a better water system. Whitman water is totally unfit for drinking purposes in warm weather. The town has already taken some action toward introducing water from Silver lake, but has delayed action on account of the expense.

Half of the cellars of Whitman are so damp from periodical floodings that the dwellings above them are unfit for the habitation of human beings, and in some of them the water stands knee deep two-thirds of the time. The town has refused to have drains constructed to take off this surface water on account of the expense.

The town of Whitman needs a sewerage system, but cannot have it on account of its immense cost. In many places we need street extensions, but cannot afford it.

The town is getting along very well at present without a hall. There is a prospect that in a few years Whitman will need a council chamber in its public hall, and should a building be erected now, it would be unfit for use then.

Again, and this to every poll-taxpayer in the town, rents are enormous in Whitman, and if the town gets heavily into debt will be still higher. It has been said that you have no taxes to pay and should have nothing to say about appropriations.

If the town builds a hall, you and the owners of small estates have got to pay for the most of it, and don't you forget that you will have to drink dirty water and live over malarial cellars several years longer on account of it. Do not be so stupid as not to see through this gauzy scheme of a few land monopolists.

JOHN W. CARNEY.

FATHER'S FRIENDS WORKED FOR HIM.

Son of the Late Frank Hatton Nominated for Paymaster in the Navy.

(Special Dispatch to the Boston Herald.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2, 1895. Richard Hatton of Iowa, who was today nominated as paymaster in the navy, is a son of the late Frank Hatton, editor of the Washington Post, and postmaster-general in President Arthur's cabinet.

Young Mr. Hatton graduated at Princeton last year, and had a great desire to go into the navy. All his father's friends united to get him this appointment, and President Cleveland gave it to him.

BARS MUST BE IN FRONT.

...statements made therein to be true.

3. That said applicant has not, to my knowledge or belief, any physical or mental weakness or infirmity, unless that mentioned in his application, which would disqualify him for the service he seeks.

4. That said applicant is, to my knowledge, of good character and capacity, and is of good repute in the community in which he lives.

5. That discreet men would have no good cause to refuse, and I would not refuse, to employ the applicant in private business by reason of his lack of any of the qualifications aforesaid.

Each of the three certificates must be signed by the lawyer or member of the Suffolk bar, with his business address attached, and each one is obliged to certify that he is a member of the Suffolk bar in good standing; if related to the applicant, that must be stated.

Then, at the bottom of the application blank is a place for the signatures of others who certify to the same particulars, included in the vouchers signed by the three members of the Suffolk bar. The application is then ready to be deposited with Secretary Guild.

Already about 13 have been received. It is considered that when a man can satisfactorily answer all these questions and comply with the conditions of the application he is a pretty good man to be appointed constable. Quite a number of those who have sent in applications have stated that they are very glad such a system has been introduced, and it is thought that it will have the effect of keeping out the undesirable persons who have been appointed simply through political influence.

PENALTIES FOR NON-VOTING.

Corporation Council Bailey Gives His Opinion on Proposed Act.

The committee on judiciary held a meeting this afternoon in the clerk of committee's room at City Hall to consider the order introduced at a recent meeting of the council, to the effect that a $5 fine be imposed on every voter who fails to vote at either a city or state election.

They received an opinion from Corporation Counsel Bailey as to the constitutionality of the act, which is as follows:

"Gentlemen: In response to your request for my opinion on the constitutionality of an act to make voting compulsory by requiring that every registered voter shall vote, and imposing upon every one who neglects to vote a fine, and that the opinion be given by Saturday, the 23d, I have the honor to say that it is impossible for me to give what I should call an opinion on the matter within the time required.

"I can say this, that while, as general rule, any privilege or right which a party has (and voting is such a privilege or right) is to be exercised by the party who has that privilege or right at his discretion to use it or neglect to use it; on the other hand, the right of the state to the services of its citizens is unquestioned, and is exercised and has been exercised in a number of cases, as, for instance, in imposing penalties for refusal or neglect to serve on juries, for refusing or neglecting to serve as certain town officers when appointed thereto, and in other cases.

"In each of these cases compensation is paid to the persons required to serve, yet I believe, and have for several years believed, that the state has the power to command the services of its citizens in voting, and has power to impose a fine, and I should not hesitate, if I were a legislator, to pass a bill to that effect, if the matter met my approval, for fear of any unconstitutionality of the act.

"With these general observations, I shall have to submit this communication, asking that it be not taken as a legal opinion after careful examination of authorities, but merely my opinion from somewhat general knowledge in the matter.

"If it is desired that I should give an opinion based on special examination and research, I would be happy to give it, but would ask the committee to postpone it until the later period of the year."

5106 Kleinert Rub. Co. v. H. W. Downs Co.

Highest in order, 8751. End of January speedy list.

The following cases are on the February speedy list:

2360 Gaffney v. Stanley.
2653 Bramhall v. Angell.
3635- McLaughlin v. McCann.
5772 Rolfe v. Burgess.
8346 Williams v. Hastings.
8397 Ayer v. Peyter.
8434- Munroe v. Simmons.
8871 Storrs v. Fisk.
8873—Cann v. Murray.
8874- Waldron v. Am. Wringer Co.
8876 Rudd v. Carter.
8896 Hummer v. Atlas Accident Ins. Co.
8924 Sawyer v. Morse.
8939- Peck v. Murfey.
8941 Richardson v. Walker.
8945—Gilbert v. Johnson.
8577 Cochran v. Com. Mu. F. Ins. Co.
8578—Same v. Bay State M. F. Ins. Co.
8579—Same v. Colonial M. F. Ins. Co.

The short list for the fourth session will be made up from the February speedy list until further notice.

Fourth session (Hammond, judge).

4711 Berry v. Keenan.
6822—Dalroth v. Ekendahl.
6853- Calef v. Kelly.
6893 -Craig v. Beckett.
8083- Proctor v. Point of Pines Co.
8186 Handy v. Canning.
8553—Clarke v. Goward.
8569- Welsman v. Gill.
8593 S'well v. Security L. S. Ins. Co.
8630- Lynch v. Judge.
8647- Pinkham v. Oakes.
8734 Garrett Food Co. v. Jones.
8852- Hunt v. Demelman.
8960—Austin v. Kimball.
8963—Boles v. Rattigan.
8966 Briggs v. Levenson et al.
8987—Roberts v. Swift.
8994—Patten v. Foster.
9007- Locklin v. Millen.
9039—Ringrose v. Foster.
9044—Norton v. Packard.
9138- Parker v. Brookline Art. Ice Co.
9139- Whiting v. McCusker.
9204 -Toy v. Wilmarth, Howard & Co.
9220—Silverstein v. O'Brien.
9227 Marshall v. McCann.

End of February special list, 9227.

Until further notice all additions to the short list in this session will be taken from the special trial list.

Session without jury (Bishop, judge.)

1662—Cavis v. Howland.
4822- City of Boston v. Harrington.
5512—Linenthal v. Cain.
5848- Stearns v. Goodwin.
5932—Reardon v. Costello.
6298—Osborn v. Woodman.
6461—Jordan v. Johnson.
6790 Lefferts v. Parker.
7191—Maloney v. McNulty.
2513- Fairbanks v. Batchelder.
5555—Central Nat'l Bank v. Holtham.
6713- Wilkinson v. Butler.
6727 Woodbury v. Franklin Park L. & I. Co.
7519—Pollock v. Allard.
7551—Menden Brittania Co. v. Burnham.
7705 Young v. Lewenberg.
7744- Cohen v. Franklin Park L. & I. Co.
7793—Hersom v. Marcus.
7878—White v. Jacques.
7879—Moran v. Bergengren.
7922—Woodman v. Wing.
8036—Marshall v. Whitcomb.
8079- Evans v. Batchelder.
8110- Watson v. O'Donnell.
8121—Lee v. McCarthy.
8207—Fay v. Bray.
8285—Fillebrown v. Freed.
8335 Langdon v. Manufacturers Bank.
8367—Dean v. Cutler.
8373- Reed v. Burns.
8467 -Curtis v. Donath.
8175 Bill v. Wilber.
8486—G. W. & F. Smith Iron Co. v. Hackett.
8490—Cook v. Hunt Spiller Mfg. Co.
8492 Cohen v. Coakley.
8505- Putnam v. Tyndale.

Highest number in order, 8505. February special list.

This session will be held in its new court room at the south end of the corridor on third floor.

An extra session will be held until further notice in the divorce court room. The list will be called in the regular session.

HIGGINS' NAME WAS ON THE ROLL.

In the Chelsea police court this morning, Herbert B. Higgins was arraigned charged with false registration at Revere. Warren Fenno, town clerk, testified that Higgins' name was on the roll of voters Feb. 19, 1895. Several others testified, and the case was continued until Wednesday, when Judge ...

...of society to ... assisting in ... Brice, wife of ... Reed, wife ... Mrs. Bugher, ... meteff, Mrs. ... of Philadelphia ... Sewall. Miss ... at the tea ... thronged for ... tra played, ... ated with flo... those present ... to the nation... Chinese minis... nese minister ... sentative Ree... Mme. Romero ... Lean, Mr. Fre... Dr. and Mrs. ... Dr. and Mrs. ... Campbell, Lad... Aberdeen, Mr. ... Mrs. Stewart, ... Baron Von ... Sheridan, Mrs. ... Miss Blackbu... Vliet, Gen. ... Misses Leiter, ... sentative and ... Misses Brice.

ANXIOUS T...

Electrical Work... Some Com...

(Special Dispa...)

NEW YORK... President Bow... tric Illuminati... he had written ... tors, which ... morning, conta... a settlement of ... electrical work...

Mr. Bowker ... basis of settle... supposed that ... some compromi... concessions wo... sides.

President Ho... Workers' Broth... much annoyed ... of the new str... and refused abs... news to reporter...

Mr. Hoadley ... conferences wit... of delegates, an... be in a state of ... what the next m...

They seem no... work on Mond... make any sort ... cause they them... der the present ... cannot hold the... longer. Rumors ... rife today, but ... firmed by either ...

The contracto... meeting at 11 o'... suggestions con... Mr. Bowker.

Marvellous...

Is always experi... of pain and the e... the Hop Plaster ...

The soothing, ... of the hop in a c... bined with roots, ... great healing, str... tive properties, g... its wonderful pov...

For alleviating ... ness and sorenes... ening of weak p...

Hop

Is the best and m... known to medica...

distinctly pa-
ed, white and
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dance of the
given next Sat-

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hotels include a
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for tonight. The
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l incidents of the
l House was a mu-
A. P. Lunt of New-
n Friday afternoon.
were the Misses An-
an, Miss Josephine S.
Castle, Miss Inglis,
New York, Frederick
Washington, C. L.
mbia College, John
B. Stevenson, L. D.
Crane, Jr., of Yale

is 282, against 231 for the corresponding week last year, showing an increase of 51 deaths, and making the death rate for the week 29.1. Of this number, 121 were males and 161 were females; 272 were white and 10 colored; 171 were born in the United States and 111 in foreign countries; 60 were of American parentage, and 222 of foreign parentage.

The number of cases and deaths from infectious diseases reported this week is as follows: Diphtheria, 22 cases and 12 deaths; scarlatina, 52 cases; typhoid fever, two cases and one death; measles, 55 cases.

The deaths from consumption were 39, pneumonia 58, heart disease 16, bronchitis 19, and marasmus two. There were 13 deaths from violent causes, including two cases of suicide. The number of children who died under 1 year was 45, the number under 5 years 68. The number of persons who died over 60 years of age was 66, the oldest being 94 years. The deaths in public institutions were 61. There were 10 deaths from "La Grippe," chiefly associated with other diseases.

SOUTH BOSTON.

Services over the remains of William Long were held at St. Augustine's Church this morning. A mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. John I. Lane, and the interment was made at Holyhood cemetery.

An inquest was held by Judge Fallon in the local court this morning, on the death of William Riley, who was killed by a shifting engine in the yard of the New York & New England railroad, last month. He will render his decision later.

Rev. I. P. Quimby, pastor of the Broadway Universalist Church, will deliver a sermon on Abraham Lincoln, tomorrow evening.

Bishop Lawrence will pay an official visit to Grace Episcopal Church on Dorchester street tomorrow evening, and will confirm a number of candidates.

The members of the South Boston Celtic Association will observe the anniversary of Robert Emmet with a concert and lecture in Clan-na-Gael Hall tomorrow evening. Congressman-elect Fitzgerald will deliver the lecture.

In the local court this morning, Judge Fallon presiding, Frank Naun, charged with appropriating a team, was placed on probation. William Fisher, charged with larceny, was fined $5. John McCarthy, charged with breaking and entering, was sentenced to the reform school. William Malone, charged with breaking and entering, was sentenced to the Lyman school.

A special meeting of division 7, A. O. H., will be held at the headquarters of the organization tomorrow afternoon, when several matters of importance will come before the members.

ROXBURY DISTRICT.

Samuel Adams colony, U. O. P. F., gave a bolster party in Rockland Hall last evening. A large number of the members and their friends enjoyed a pleasant evening.

In Orienta Hall, last evening, Prof. C. W. Hurd's fencing class held a ball. Dancing and supper were enjoyed by about 75 couple. Mr. J. George Yerrick was floor director, and the aids were: Miss May Galler, Mr. Millen, Mr. McKay, Miss Margaret Galler, Miss McKay, Miss Campbell, and Miss Fraser.

Prof. James Kenney will leave in a few days for West Virginia in search of health.

James Munkittrick, alias "Oyster Jim," was sentenced to six months in the house of correction for the larceny of a dog valued at $50, the property of [illegible] Bolles. He appealed. John

a convict, does not affect the competency of the oral testimony. The entries made by the officer do not constitute such a record as precludes parole evidence of the facts stated in them.

One motion to quash was on the ground that the indictment should not contain allegations of former convictions and sentences of the defendant, with a view to proving that he was an habitual criminal. The court holds this motion was rightly over-ruled, as such allegations in an indictment of this kind, under Statutes of 1887, chap. 435 sec. 1, not only proper, but necessary.

The other overture to quash was on the ground of a misjoinder of counts in the indictment. The defendant answered that the indictment contained four counts, but it contains only two.

The court says that an examination of the indictment shows that it was intended to charge the defendant in one count with the crime of breaking and entering a building with intent to commit the crime of larceny, and with having been twice convicted of crime, sentenced and committed to prison for terms of not less than three years each, and to charge him in another count with an attempt to break and enter, and with having been in like manner previously convicted of crimes and sentenced.

The words "against the peace of the commonwealth and contrary to the form of the statute in such case made and provided," unnecessarily used in one place in each of the counts, and the words "And the jurors for the commonwealth of Massachusetts on their oath aforesaid do further present" do not denote in this case the end of one count, and the beginning of another.

Besides, unnecessarily used as they were in the present case, they do not make the indictment defective.

WORK CUT OUT FOR GOVERNOR.

Seventeen Acts and Five Resolves Sent Up for Approval by Maine Legislature.

AUGUSTA, Me., March 2, 1895. Seventeen acts and five resolves were sent to the Governor this morning for approval. Among them were the resolves appropriating $500 each to the Parsonsfield, Cherryfield and Wilton academies.

The most important acts were those allowing all gas companies to use gas for heating purposes; allowing all railroads to use elcetricity; relating to unrecorded deeds; relating to liens; giving Joseph H. Hezelton exclusive rights on Pressumpcot river.

The shore fisheries committee reported favorably a bill defining the duties of commissioner of shore fisheries, fixing the salary at $1000; also in favor of the bill codifying the laws relating to these fisheries; also in favor of an appropriation of $8000 for the use of the commissioner.

There is a bill before the House to provide that fines collected for violations of game laws shall go to the county instead of to the state, and a petition for a bounty on loons, as these birds are very destructive to fish.

The Legislature adjourned to Tuesday.

A HOSPITAL FOR WOBURN.

Jonathan Thompson Gives His Homestead in North Woburn for the Purpose.

Woburn will have a public hospital through the munificence of Jonathan Thompson, who gives his homestead, 31 Elm street, North Woburn, to the city for the purpose.

The gift includes a large house, built years ago, a stable and nearly four acres of land. The property extends from Elm to Main streets.

THE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

iron rails are being offered.

Mills of all kinds are gradually filling up.

CANADIAN PACIFIC'S FINANCES.

President Van Horne Explains the Passage of the Dividend on Original Stock.

A special dispatch to The Herald from Montreal says that Sir William Van Horne, president of the Canadian Pacific railway, made today his first official statement since the announcement of the passage of the dividend on original stock. He said:

"The directors did not deem it wise to continue paying largely from our savings at a time when the outlook for business was so bad here and in the United States. It is the part of wisdom to husband one's resources in times like these. We have not had a dollar of floating debt for years, and do not intend to put ourselves in a position where we may have to borrow money in difficult times. I can say nothing more about the affairs of the company in advance of the annual report, which will soon be published."

Sir William also said that he saw no improvement in business at present, nor did he see much prospect for the immediate future.

PRAYS FOR FORECLOSURE.

Bill in Equity in Behalf of Philadelphia & Reading Mortgage Bondholders.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 2, 1895. In the United States circuit court today the Pennsylvania Company for Insurance on Lives and Granting Annuities, as trustees for the Philadelphia & Reading railroad mortgage bondholders, filed a bill in equity, praying for the foreclosure of the general mortgage on that road.

WRECKAGE PASSED AT SEA.

House and Part of Cabin of a Fishing Vessel South of Sable Island.

GLOUCESTER, March 2, 1895. Schooner Hustles, from the Grand Banks, reports speaking schooner Henry M. Stanley, whose captain reported finding south of Sable island the house and part of the cabin of a vessel.

The wreckage contained articles such as are used by fishermen. There was a portion of a state room where a clock was found hanging and running.

HEARING NEXT THURSDAY.

The Cambridge committee on roads and bridges will give a hearing next Thursday evenig on the petition of Alexander McDonald and son, for the laying out and extension of McDonald street, from Huron avenue to Mt. Auburn street.

The petitioners own nearly all the land out of which it is proposed to make McDonald street, and this they offer to the city providing the city will acquire a small lot which abuts their land on Huron avenue. This small lot is owned by Mr. John C. Gray, and he is the person who is principally interested in having the Fresh pond lane scheme carried out. The West End road favors the McDonald petition for the reason that the street enters Mt. Auburn street just above the cemetery gate, and, by having the tarcks come out there, the company thinks the public will be less inconvenienced than if the tracks came out through Fresh pond lane.

NEW FOURTH-CLASS POSTMASTERS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2, 1895. Fourth-class postmasters were today

could put his time to better account. Mr. Louis Lombard, a Franco-American, has travelled in England, Holland, Spain, Italy, Palestine, Turkey and Austria, and the impressiones which he records are so incoherent that even when true they have no value. He either touches up sights and characteristics which everybody knows about, or else describes his own commonplace experiences. ("Observations of a Traveller." By Louis Lombard. Utica, N. Y.; Published by the Author; small 16mo.)

"LORD & THOMAS' POCKET DIRECTORY FOR 1894-5."

Advertisers should insist upon knowing what proportion of returned "circulation" represents actual paid subscriptions. The pocket manual which Lord & Thomas have issued to meet the requirements of business men places them at once on the right track in the search for information concerning the newspapers, magazines and periodicals in the United States and Canada in which they may judiciously advertise. Under the head of each state the name of the town is given first; next the population; following this the name of the county, and the population, all in fullface type, and below, the names, politics and circulations of the chief papers. The information given is thoroughly reliable and so systematically presented as to be easily referred to. ("Lord & Thomas' Pocket Directory for 1894-5." Chicago: Lord & Thomas, 45 Randolph street; 18mo.)

"A STRANGE CAREER."

In the introduction to this novel biography Mr. H. Rider Haggard says: "Rarely if ever in this nineteenth century has a man lived so strange and varied an existence as the late John Gladwyn Jebb." He makes it a point to sum up all the sterling qualities of the man, so that in the story of his strange career which follows all his actions, always thoroughly generous and selfish, as well as utterly fearless, may be rightly interpreted. Mr. Jebb began life as a rich man, but through his childlike guilelessness and his sanguine temperament he was the victim of repeated failures. But never did the slightest blame or suspicion rest upon him. If the expression may be used, he was a born adventurer, and in the record of his eventful career one can read on and on with no sense of weariness. The scenes are constantly shifted from India to Brazil, to the mining camps of the wild and woolly West, and to Mexico, and in them all one becomes familiar with the personality of a man rich in rare quaintness and originality of mind. More than one instance of bravery is recorded, and throughout the entire list of chapters amusing stories and enlivening anecdotes keep one in a continual good humor. The volume is prepared by his widow with that rare tact which glorifies the hero without once introducing a false note or sentiment. Strange indeed must be the career of a man that can absorb the interest and attention of one so full of wild imaginations as Mr. H. Rider Haggard. ("A Strange Career: Life and Adventures of John Gladwyn Jebb." Boston: Roberts Bros., 16mo.)

"ASTOR."

This is the title of a light, sensational publication, telling how lavish beauty and money ruined a lad's reputation and pushed him down the steep pathway of crime. All that can be said in its favor is that it is coherently told: otherwise it is a revelation of crime that had best be veiled from public inspection. It has in it far more evil than good, and is an unpleasant picture to look upon. ("Astor." By Paul Randall. Chicago: Donohue, Henneberry & Co., 407 Dearborn street; 16mo.)

DEACONESS CALLED TO HARTFORD.

HARTFORD, Ct., March 2, 1895. Miss Margretta Churchwell of Brooklyn, N.

Cephalonia (from Liverpool), Boston.

QUEENSTOWN, March 1. Arrived, bark Lavinia, St John, NB.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

WASHINGTON, DC, March 2. A storm is central in North Carolina, and is running northeast. It will probably cause dangerous gales on the Atlantic coast tonight.

NOTES.

LONDON, March 1. A cablegram from Laguayra stated that steamer Kaffir Prince is ashore. No further particulars.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

(Foreign.)

YOKOHAMA, March 1. Sailed, steamer China (from Hong Kong), San Francisco.

CAPE HAYTIEN, Feb 14. In port, schs Lelia Smith, from Wilmington, NC; Tacoma, from Port au Prince for New York.

ST MARC, Feb 15. In port, brig Isabella Balcom, from Jeremie for North of Hatteras (loading); sch Albert L Butler, for do (to sail Feb 22).

QUEENSTOWN, March 2. Arrived, steamer Southwark, Philadelphia for Liverpool.

PORT ANTONIO, March 1. Sailed, steamer Gurly, Philadelphia.

ST JAGO, March 2. Sailed, steamer Earnwell, Baltimore.

GUANTANAMO, Feb 28. Arrived, sch Manuel R Cuza, New York.

TAMPICO, Feb 28. Arrived, steamer City of Washington, from Matanzas for Progreso, Havana and New York.

CIENFUEGOS, Feb 23. In port, barks Neptune, J W Dresser, Jessie McGregor, Peerless, schs Henry Crosby, James B Jordan and Eunice L Crocker (all without destinations reported).

HULL, Eng, Feb 28. Sailed, steamer Buffalo, Boston and New York.

MATANZAS, Feb 28. Sailed, steamer Napasima, Boston.

PROGRESO, Feb 25. Sailed, steamer Progreso, Boston.

VERA CRUZ, Feb 21. Arrived, bark Vidette, Philadelphia.

YOKOHAMA, Jan 26. Sailed, steamer Monmouthshire, New York via ports; Feb 1, ship Servia, Hollo.

(Domestic.)

BALTIMORE, March 1. Cleared, steamer Fairfax, Boston.

CHARLESTON, March 1. Cleared, sch Bertha D Nickerson, Port Antonio.

DELAWARE BREAKWATER, March 1. Arrived, sch Emma C Cotton, Fernandina for Philadelphia.

Passed out, steamer supposed the Ardanthu, Philadelphia for Cardenas.

NEWCASTLE, Del, March 2. Passed, steamer Gate City, Boston for Philadelphia and Savannah.

NEW YORK, March 2. Arrived, steamers Adriatic, Liverpool via Queenstown; New York, Southampton; Claribel, Kingston via Hayti; Sulain, Rotterdam via Shields; Colorado, Galveston; Cyril, Para; Comal, Galveston; El Norte, New Orleans.

Sailed, steamers Lebanon, from Portsmouth for Philadelphia; Berks, from Philadelphia,

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

NOW READY

THE

PETERSON MAGAZINE

FOR MARCH

10c. a Copy All Newstands

ARTICLES OF SPECIAL INTEREST

The University Founded by Franklin

By Dr. J. Howe Adams, splendidly illustrated.

Living Bishops of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

March

WEST POINT,
Essex, Boston.

SAVANNAH, M
Lamson, Philadelph

MARCUS HOOK
Elihu Thomson, Ph

Feb 22, N lat 2
from Manila Nov 1
Feb 23, in Crook
Wooster, Guantan
water.

McCARTHY—In
M., beloved wif
for 20 years o
Most Holy Re
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4, at 9:15 A.
the Church of
10 o'clock. Re
attend.

TEELE—In Wes
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Broadway. Re
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BRADY—In Som
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A. Stewart, S
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WESTON—In C
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kinton, Mass.,
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TURNER—In E
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years. Funer

M'MINN—At E
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the residence
Smith, 369 M
Relatives and
John, N. B.,

BRONSON—In
Bronson, age
late residence
at 2 o'clock.
Burial privat

MULLINS—In
A. Mullins,
and the late
st. Funeral

CRAGIN—Mar
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WALSH—In
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631 East S
9:15 A. M.
Church at 10

HARRINGTO
1895, Ellen
from reside
675 East S
12:30. Serv
at 1 o'clock

HURLEY—In
F. Hurley,
late residen
March 4, a
of Heaven
Holyhood ce

CONLON—In
J. Conlon,
late reside
March 4,
vary.

SULLIVAN—
beloved ch
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parents' r
March 3, a
are invited

ORCHARD—
Orchard, a
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March 4,
Augustine
and friend

SHAUGHNE
Mary, wi
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and Mich
at 8:30.
Church at

...Flag,
...t., including WM. ...LEY, FRED'K OR... ...ARD. ...RITH. FRANK ...EN. LORIAN ROB... ...L. TYLER. ALICE ...KITTIE ALLEYNE,

...10, 25, 35, 50 cts.

...HALL,
...Boylston Street,
...RCH 4, AT 3:30,
...ON BLACK
...A
...RECITAL,
...Tennyson, Rus... ...Austey, &c. ...CENTS.
...Association Bldg.

...TON
...CHESTRA,
...CONDUCTOR.
...Symphony No. ...hapsody No. 2,

...ION.
...inment.
...Boylston street, ...arch 6, by the ...R. L., who will ...Bergmann's Or... ...member on ...or two for 25 ...the public, 25 ...urday, March 2, ...to begin at 7:45.
...LDWIN, Pres.

...ne Best Seats
For the Two
Performances.

...T OFFICE
...USE.
...ERA.
...GRAND CON...
...prices at

...T OFFICE,
...S HOUSE.
...Show. "Saha... Steele, ...Mullen, Annie ...of others. ...IETY SHOW. ...Stage Show

...N MUSEE
...CO. ...Y.
...THROWERS.
...eatures.

...M.
...GIRLS
...for Trilby."
...S.
...e $2.50

This Evening at 8.

This Afternoon at 2.

The Great 3d Act,
BEHIND THE SCENES
in which many pleasing specialty features are introduced.

MONDAY LANCERS' NIGHT.
Box office open all day. Prices 25c., 50c., 75c., $1.00, $1.50.

The Sweetest of All Sweet Singers,

CHAUNCEY

A SAD GOOD-BY.

Evenings at 8
THE IRISH ARTIST,
at the
Grand Opera House.
Mats. Tues., Thurs. and Sat. at 2.

LAST MATINEE TODAY.

OLCOTT.

Next Week MURRAY & MACK in "FINNIGAN'S BALL."

BOWDOIN SQ. THEATRE.

CHARLES F. ATKINSON.......Manager

LAST TIMES.

MATINEE at 2. TONIGHT at 8.

Carl A. Haswin's American Production of the

SILVER KING.

WITH ALL THE MAGNIFICENT SCENERY.
ENTIRELY NEW
INCLUDING THE GREAT REVOLVING STAGE.

NEXT WEEK | MANOLA—MASON COMPANY IN FRIEND FRITZ

Haydn's Third Mass

Will be repeated by general request at the Shawmut Congregational Church, corner of Tremont and Brookline streets, tomorrow, Sunday, March 3rd, at 4:15 P. M., by the choir of the church, H. M. Dunham, Organist and Director. Seats free. All are welcome.

COLUMBIA BICYCLE RIDING SCHOOL

Open daily 9 to 5:30. Evening riding parties arranged for. Tuition fees refunded if bicycle is subsequently purchased. 221 Columbus av.

RAILROADS AND EXCURSIONS.

RAYMOND'S VACATION EXCURSIONS.

ALL TRAVELLING EXPENSES INCLUDED

SPECIAL SPRING TRIPS TO

FLORIDA

Parties will leave Boston March 12 and 19 for Two Complete Tours of 29 Days, including visits to St. Augustine, the Ocklawaha and St. John's Rivers, Palatka, Ormond, Tampa, Winter Park, Rockledge, Lake Worth, and other Popular Resorts.

Tours to California, March 7 and April 24; to Alaska and the Yellowstone National Park, April 24; to Washington, March 7 and April 1 and 26.

Railroad and Steamship Tickets to...

EXTRA!

5 O'CLOCK.

FOR AN UNKNOWN OWNER.

Cramps to Build a Big and Speedy Steel Steam Yacht.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 2, 1895. Through Capt. William Withey of New London, Ct., the Cramps have received an order to build a steel steam yacht for an unknown owner.

The yacht is to be 173 feet long, 23 feet beam and 11 draught and 247 tons burden. is to be delivered in six months and is to have a guaranteed speed of 20 knots.

It is said the price is about $175,000.

CLOSE BOWLING AT ARLINGTON.

Teams 5 and 11 bowled a close game in the Arlington tournament last evening, the former winning by 15 pins. The score:

TEAM FIVE.

Bowler.	1	2	3	Total.
F. D. Norton...	151	163	156	476
Stevens	197	118	142	457
Wilmot	124	171	128	423
Olive	166	164	122	448
Canty	91	99	131	321
Team totals...	729	711	679	2119

TEAM ELEVEN.

W. L. Hill	137	160	166	463
Cutler	157	157	158	472
Gorham	151	140	154	445
Lake	110	110	110	330
Childs	126	124	144	394
Team totals...	681	691	732	2104

FOR BRAINTREE TOWN OFFICERS.

The citizens' caucus at Braintree last night was the largest in the history of the town, and it was nearly midnight before the nominations were completed. The result of the ballot for a candidate for selectman from East Braintree was a great surprise. Selectman John V. Scollard was defeated by J. Parker Hayward by 76 votes. This is a victory for the A. P. A.

The other nominations were as follows: Other two selectmen, W. Wallace Mayhew, Ansel O. Clark; town clerk, S. A. Bates; treasurer, P. D. Holbrook; school committee, Mrs. Ann M. Brooks, A. C. Drinkwater; auditors, Daniel Potter, L. W. Morrison, C. G. Sheppard; water commissioner for three years, T. Haven Dearing; trustees of Thayer Public Library, E. Watson Arnold, Nathaniel H. Hunt; school fund committee, George D. Willis, W. W. Mayhew, J. D. Leatherbee, A. S. Morrison, F. A. Hobart, P. D. Holbrook, and 16 constables.

March April May

Are the months when thousands of people will take Hood's Sarsaparilla and realize its benefits in blood purified and strength restored.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the only true blood purifier.

BE SURE AND SEE

CAICEDO...

The deaths were 190; births, 158; marriages, 61. The auditor shows the net ordinary debt to be $30,135; total debt, $217,900. The number of school children between the ages of 5 and 15 is 1244.

WATCH INSURED?

You pay us $2, we do the rest; first we put your movement in order and make no further charge for any repairs it may require for one year; this $2 rate does not include fine Illinois and a few other high grade movements; watch loaned during repairs. WILSON BROS., official watch inspectors Old Colony R. R. Big Clock. Tremont row.

MARRY ME MAY

And I'll buy the ring at WILSON BROS.', who make Australian gold wedding rings in their own factory from $6 to $12; any special ring to order in 2 hours. Beware of those who try to imitate. THE BIG CLOCK, 14-15 Tremont row.

MARRIAGE INTENTIONS

Filed at city registrar's office March 1, 1895.

David S. Swett and Henrietta B. Beggs, Michele Scolamiero and Maria Lombardo, B. William Sandeleaf and Martha Freeman, William S. Nason and Annie Nicholls.

MARRIED.

BEAUMONT—SHUFRO—In this city, Feb. 22, by Rev. Wolf Barron, Saul S. Beaumont and Mary Shufro.

BUTTERWORTH—ROGERS—In Newton Centre, Feb. 28, by Rev. S. F. Smith, D. D., John W. Butterworth of Newton Centre and Eva J. Rogers of Yarmouth, N. S.

SLOCUM—LYNCH—In Malden, Feb. 27, by Rev. D. M. Cleveland, Mr. Loran D. Slocum and Miss Jennie F. Lynch.

DIED.

BABEUF—In Charlestown, Feb. 28, Mary M. Babeuf, 76 yrs. 8 mos. Funeral at 26 Elm st. Saturday, March 2, at 1 o'clock.

BRONSON—In this city, March 1, John T. Bronson, 51.

FLYNN—In East Boston, March 1, Ellen, beloved wife of James E. Flynn, 31. Funeral from her late residence, 573 Bennington st., Monday at 8:15 A. M. Requiem mass at Church Star of the Sea at 9 o'clock. Relatives and friends are requested to attend.

GRANT—In Concord, Mass., Feb. 28, Eliza A. H. Grant, 76, wife of Charles E. Grant, formerly of Boston. Services at house in Concord at 10:30 Monday morning, and at chapel at Forest Hills cemetery, Boston, at 2:30 Monday afternoon.

HANNA—Boston, Feb. 28, Sarah W., beloved daughter of Joseph and Sarah Hanna, 23 yrs. 6 mos., at her late residence, 50 Falmouth st.

KING—At Topeka, Kan., Feb. 24, Edward King, formerly of Canton, Mass, of paralysis, 43 yrs.

McGARIGLE—In Jamaica Plain, March 1, Anne McGarigle, 63 yrs. Funeral from her late residence, 24 Union av., Sunday, March 3, at 1:15 P. M. Services at St. Thomas' Church, at 2. Relatives and friends invited.

MANEY—In Roxbury, March 1, Patrick Maney. Funeral from his late residence, 175 Heath st., on Monday, March 4, at 8:30 o'clock. High mass of requiem at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament at 9 o'clock. Relatives and friends respectfully invited.

MACAULEY—At Somerville, March 1, William A. Macauley, 37, son-in-law of the late Hugh and Elizabeth Herrick. Funeral Sunday, March 3, at 2 o'clock, from 18 Poplar st. Friends and relatives are invited to attend.

NICHOLSON—In the City Hospital, March 1, 1895, Angus, beloved husband of Jemima Nicholson, 38 yrs., formerly of Glasgow, Scotland. Funeral from Mr. Aleck MacPherson's residence, 372 Hanover st., Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

POTTER—At Brookline, Feb. 28, Laura A. Potter, wife of Thomas O. Potter, aged 56 yrs. 6 mos. and 19 days. Funeral from her late residence, 87 Perry st., Brookline, Mass., Sunday, March 3, at 2:30 P. M. Laconia (N. H.) papers please copy.

PALMER—In East Boston, March 1, Benj. F. Palmer, 71 yrs. 11 mos. Funeral from his late residence, 45 Saratoga st., Monday, March 4, at 11 A. M.

PORTER—Mrs. M. A. Porter passed away March 1, from her home, 105 Appleton st. Private services will be held at her late residence Sunday.

QUINN—At East Cambridge, March 1, Ann, widow of John Quinn. Funeral from her late residence...

GAMALIEL BRADFORD, President.
D. ELDRIDGE, Secretary.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

See People's Temple notice.

Emmanuel Church, 10:30 A. M., 4 P. M. The rector will preach at both services.

Brighton Congregational Church. Mr. Berle will preach at 10:30 A. M. and at 7:30 P. M. Public welcomed at both services.

The First Church of Christ, Scientist, corner Falmouth and Norway sts. Services at 10:30 A. M.; take Huntington av. cars.

Grove Hall Universalist Church. The pastor, Rev. Charles R. Tenney, will preach at 10:30. Young people's service at 7 o'clock.

Roxbury Universalist Church. Rev. F. A. Bisbee of Philadelphia will preach at 10:30. Sunday school at 12:15. All are invited.

Bethany Baptist Church, West Cottage st., Rev. G. T. Raymond, pastor. Services at 10:30 and 7:30. Rev. A. H. Putnam will preach morning and evening. All seats free.

Immanuel Congregational Church, Moreland st., Roxbury. Rev. Charles H. Beale, D. D., pastor, will preach at 10:30 and 7:30. Communion service 4 P. M. All cordially invited.

Walnut Avenue Congregational Church, Rev. A. H. Plumb, D. D., pastor. Preaching at 10:30 and 7:30 by the pastor; Sunday school at 12 M.

Christ Church, Salem st. Rev. C. W. Duane, rector. Morning service with holy communion and confirmation by Bishop Lawrence at 10:30. All welcome.

Christ's Church, Colchester st., near Beacon st., Longwood, under the care of Rev. C. D. Bradlee, D. D. Services tomorrow at 10:30 A. M. All welcome.

First Church in Boston, Berkeley and Marlboro sts., Rev. S. W. Brooke, minister. Morning service at 10:30 o'clock. Communion at the close of this service.

Eliot Church, Kenilworth st. Brief sermon, followed by sacrament of Lord's supper at 10:30 A. M.; Sunday school at 12 M. Preaching service at 7:30 P. M.

Central Church, corner of Berkeley and Newbury sts., Rev. Edward L. Clark, D. D., pastor. Services at 10:30 A. M. Communion, 4 P. M. No evening service.

Church of the Unity, West Newton st. Mr. Savage will preach 10:30 A. M., ninth in series on "Help by the Way." Subject, "Talking." Sunday school, 12:15.

First Presbyterian Church, cor. Columbus av. and Berkeley st. Preaching by the pastor, Rev. Scott F. Hershey, Ph. D., at 10:30 and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school at 12 M.

First Universalist Church, Thompson sq., Charlestown, Rev. G. I. Keirn, pastor. 10:30 A. M., communion service; 7:30 P. M., "Evenings with the Psalmist," first lecture.

The New Israel, 1242 Washington st. Services Saturdays and Sundays at 3 P. M. Rev. Samuel Freuder will speak today on "Life from Death"; tomorrow on "Judaism."

First United Presbyterian Church, corner of Chandler and Berkeley sts. Preaching at 3 and 7:30 P. M. by Rev. Albert Flick. Sabbath school at 2. Y. P. S. C. E., 6:30 P. M.

St. John's M. E. Church, South Boston. Rev. W. T. Perrin, pastor. 10:30 A. M., holy communion; 7:30 P. M., reception of probationers. Address to converts. Everybody invited.

North Avenue Congregational Church, Cambridge, cor. North av. and Roseland st., Rev. Frank Hyatt Smith. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Strangers are made welcome.

St. Mark's (English Lutheran), Howard av., near Dudley st., Dorchester. Service, 10:30 A. M., by Rev. A. R. Graepp of Bridgewater, N. S. Vespers, 7:30 P. M. Sunday school, 11:45 A. M.

Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, Laurel Hall, 1821 Washington st. Preaching at 10:30 and 7:30. Sunday school at 12:15. Strangers welcomed. Seats free.

Christian Science instruction, in Woman's Journal parlors, 3 Park st., at 3 o'clock, by Dr. Clara E. Choate. Sixth lesson, "How We Shall Work the Works of Christ." Free to all.

Pilgrim Congregational Church, Upham's corner, Dorchester, Rev. W. H. Allbright, pastor. Morning service, 10:30, communion. Evening service, 7:30. Subject, "Current Concerns."

Services held every Sunday at 3 P. M., in connection with "Millennial Dawn," "God's Plan of the Ages," at Arcade Hall, 7 Park sq. Subject: "God's Love for the World." Welcome.

Paine Memorial building, Appleton st., Sunday, March 3, at 2:45 P. M. An address by Franklin W. Steiner, subject: "The Bible and Higher Criticism." Public invited. Admission free.

Reformed Presbyterian services...

...communion service, admission of new members and address by pastor at 10:30 A. M. Sermon by pastor at 7:30 P. M. All welcome.

The Every Day Church, 397 Shawmut av. 10:30 A. M., reading by the pastor; 12:15 P. M., services of Sunday school; 6:30 P. M., young people's devotional meeting; 7:30 P. M., lecture by the pastor, subject, "Tenement House Life in Boston." A cordial invitation to all.

First M. E. Church, Temple st., Rev. C. L. Goodell, pastor. Holy communion at 10:30; Sunday school at 12 M.; Epworth League, 6:30 and 7:30. Fourth in the series of illustrated addresses by the pastor on personal travels in the East, subject, "From Joseph Pit to Jacob's Well." Come.

Old South Church (Third Church). Public services at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. The pastor, Rev. George A. Gordon, D. D., will preach morning and evening first of the course of Sunday evening lectures on "The Symbol and the Reality; Mount Moriah; Discipline." All seats are free evenings.

Metropolitan Baptist Church, 7 Park sq., Rev. Dr. J. H. Carter, pastor, will preach 10:30 A. M.; 7:30 P. M., "Life of Christ," illustrated with stereopticon, continued; special service 3 P. M.; Rev. J. H. Duckrey of Cambridge will preach and the Mt. Olive Baptist choir will sing. All welcome.

Warren Avenue Baptist Church, Rev. Robert MacDonald, pastor, will preach at 10:30 A. M. Communion and reception of new members after the sermon. Sunday school, 12:15. Chinese Sunday School, 3 P. M. 7:30 P. M., the first of a series of sermons, general topic, "If Christ Should Come to Boston."

Warren Street Methodist Church, Roxbury, Rev. John Galbraith, pastor. 10:30 A. M., holy communion; 12 M., Sunday school; 6:30 P. M., Epworth League prayer meeting; 7:30 P. M., sermon by the pastor, first one of the series on "Thoughts of Home"; subject, "The Earthly Home." Everybody welcome.

Fourth Presbyterian Church, Dorchester st., South Boston, Rev. Minot S. Hartwell, pastor. Communion and reception of members will be observed at 10:30 A. M., and at 7:30 P. M. will preach a sermon to the boys on "Companions." Sabbath school at 12 M.; Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 P. M. You are cordially invited.

Second Church in Boston, Copley sq. Service at 10:30 A. M. Sermon by the pastor, Rev. Thomas Van Ness. "Dramatic Intensity of the Modern Gospel." Sunday school, 12:15. Vesper service, 4 P. M. Saint Saens' "Noel" will be sung. Regular choir augmented by 50 singers from the Handel and Haydn Society. All seats free.

Parker Memorial (Benevolent Fraternity of Churches). Attractive Sunday evening services, March 3, at 7:30, Rev. James De Normandie, subject, "The Real Remedy for Social Ills." Music by the Marion Osgood's orchestra, six pieces. Soloists, Miss Kathleen Russell, contralto; Mr. Joseph L. White, baritone. All seats free and a hearty welcome to all.

Park Street Congregational Church, cor. Park and Tremont sts., Boston, Rev. Isaac J. Lansing, pastor. At 10:30, service of worship, with sermon, reception of members and communion. At 12:15, Sunday school; at 6:20, Christian Endeavor social service; at 7:30, service, with sermon by the pastor; subject, "The Boston Sunday Theatres." A cordial invitation and welcome to all these services.

Bromfield Street M. E. Church and Strangers' Church Home., Rev. L. B. Bates, D. D., pastor. Love feast at 9:30 A. M.; baptism, reception of members, holy communion and pastor's address at 10:30; Sunday school at noon; Chinese Sunday school at 1:45 P. M.; League meeting at 6:30; song service at 7:30; preaching by the pastor at 7:45, subject, "The Old Book." Everybody invited, seats free, come.

B. Y. M. Christian Union. Vesper service, Sunday evening, at the Union Hall, 48 Boylston st., Rev. Minot J. Savage of Boston. Subject of address, "What to Do with Our Leisure Time." Special music, W. Tracy Teale, basso. Congregational singing, responsive and other exercises. George Mendall Taylor, musical director. Doors open at 7, to begin at 7:30 o'clock. The public cordially invited.

Boston Society of the New Jerusalem, Bowdoin, near Beacon st., Rev. James Reed, pastor. Services at 10:30 A. M.; Rev. S. S. Seward of New York will preach; Sunday school and doctrinal class at 12 M. In the evening at 7:30, fifth lecture on "Living Subjects of Human Interest," "Collective Man, or the Relation of the Church to the State and to Secular Affairs," by Rev. S. S. Seward. Seats free.

Boston Young Men's Christian Association, cor. Boylston and Berkeley sts. Sunday, March 3, at 4 P. M., Mr. Everett O. Fisk, a member of the board of directors, will deliver the address at the young men's meeting. Music by the Y. M. C. A. quartet, Masters Willie Adams, soprano; Ralph Pinkham, alto; Messrs. R. C. Martin, tenor; Joseph Stewart, basso. Mr. Arthur W. Sawyer, the president of the Boston association, will preside...

ASHMONT... improvements... stalls for 3 ho... room; price $5... MAN, 31 Milk s...

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ARE YOU LO... erate cost hom... now being comp... electrics pass th... 4 Woodbine st.

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BEST farm, in... the state, for su... social privileges... land and buildin... box 67, Groton, M...

BUILDING on... store and 3 suite... ing 15 per cent... 795 Tremont st.

CORNER EST... let on lease for... store floor; altera... G. H. WHEELER...

CHELSEA—New... $2800; easy acce... $2400, $100 down... gain; investigate...

CORNER HOUS... mont st., 10 room... only $7000; 13-roo... der, only $3800... A. W. BLIGH, 29...

DYEWOOD AN... about 10,000 ft.... all machinery con... logwood cutters, 2... vators, belts, shaf... tanks and piping;... gine and boiler, pu... ated at 263-373 B... Any further inform... B. RIDER & SON...

DESIRABLE EQ... Atlantic, Mass., to... cated, western far... faulted or otherwi... any kind. C. J. BR... ton.

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DORCHESTER—$... class house, 12 roo... near steam and elec... per cent. Address...

FARM—Here is a... than a good living o... 2-story house, in p... hennery, fine wood... elm shade trees, a... heifer, 1 horse, far... wagons, harnesses, ... from $600 upward... 825 Washington st.

FARM for sale; n... rich soil, good buil... tools, 29 miles out;... write to owner. Box...

HOUSES for sale... Everett, Malden an... buy or sell call on... st., room 3.

HOUSE LOTS for... basket, Waveland, n... Stony Beach and Hu... tween 10 and 12 A. ... 35. H. T. LITCHFI...

HOUSES ON instal... exchanged in any loca... try farms to $4500... ANCE SOCIETY, 12... Mass.

$500—POULTRY B... the use of sufficient... buildings if you will... one of the best farms... two-thirds of price is... careful, painstaking p... and double the stock f... able references, and... required. For intervie... st., Boston.

$100 DOWN, balance... occupancy or to rent;... Roslindale; 1 at Newt... tates; big sacrifice... Concord st.

65,000 FEET HIGH...

workmen. The following prices in our stitching room. The following prices in our stitching room are quoted:

Overlap vamping	90c.
Pressed vamps	60c.
Seamless vamps	$1.35
Closing	20c.
Closing on	50c. and 60c.

Equally good prices paid in all other departments. FAUNCE & SPINNEY, 445 Union st., Lynn, Mass.

BOYS for wholesale small wares, wholesale sporting goods, retail fruits, and dentist office, $4; wholesale millinery, furniture, groceries, broker's office, electric and errands, $3. MERCANTILE REFERENCE & BOND ASSOCIATION, 46 Summer st.

BOY wanted for office work in a store. Address, stating age, "A. 393," Herald Office.

BRIGHT, determined, energetic man (young man) of good address wanted as canvasser; no books; a grand chance for one not afraid of work. Address "T. 390," Herald Office.

COLLECTOR wanted, married man preferred, for route in Roxbury; salary and commission. Call between 9 and 12, 2307 Washington st., Roxbury.

DESKMAN wanted, to prepare copy on a New England morning paper; must have first-class recommendations, good habits and substantial newspaper experience. Address, stating experience and salary wanted at start, "B. 389," Herald Office.

ENGINEER wanted to run a stationary engine and part of the time a hoister; must be a fairly good machinist; work not hard; wages $300 per year and board. Address "S. 390," Herald Office.

EXPERIENCED double entry book-keeper wanted; state experience, salary required and references. Address "G. 389," Herald Office.

EXPERIENCED CLOTHING SALESMAN wanted to take charge of juvenile and boys' departments; must furnish good references. "C. 393," Herald Office.

EXPERIENCED entry clerks, wholesale millinery, $15; drug clerks, $18; union job compositor, $15; job compositor, rubber stamp work, $12-$15. B. M. R. ASSO'N, 905, 7 Water st.

FINISHER—Wanted at once, a first-class boss finisher, one who thoroughly understands finishing broadcloths, casket cloths, kerseys, ladies' fine dye dress goods and white flannels; applicants must be men of good character, good managers of help and energetic; none but men who can fill the above requirements need apply. Address, stating age and experience, "T. 391," Herald Office.

FOREMAN wanted for a brass foundry; one acquainted with manufacture of valves and cocks; must be thoroughly competent. Address "J. 380," Herald Office.

FOREMAN wanted for mattress factory. G. W. BENT & CO., 116 to 126 Merrimac st., Boston.

FOREMAN wanted; good competent young man for foreman of cutting room; also 2 good boot cutters. Address SMITH & JONES CO., West Pullman, Ill.

FIRST-CLASS, all-round compositor wanted, strictly temperate; permanent position to right party. C. F. LAWRENCE & CO., 112 Front st., Worcester, Mass.

FIRST-CLASS architectural draughtsman wanted. Call on "Architect," Adams House, between 11 and 12, Saturday, March 2.

FIRST CLASS PIANO TUNER wanted. M. STEINERT & SONS CO., 190 Tremont st., Boston.

GENTLEMAN of good address and business ability, who is not afraid of work, can learn of something remunerative upon application to Mr. BROWN at the office of Boston Lunch Co., 43 India st.

MAN wanted to work on country place, 15 miles from Boston; one who understands planting and care of vegetable garden, horses, cows, &c., and who would be willing to make himself generally useful. Only such as are strictly temperate need apply to WM. H. ALLEN, 67 Chauncy st.

MANAGER wanted to handle canvassers for new patent article; one or more needed in every office, public building or residence; demand unlimited; a bonanza; enclose 2c. stamp. Write ORDWAY & CO., 241 Hancock st., Peoria, Ill.

MAN of tact and energy wanted to develop outside business; small salary with commission. Address "H. 391," Herald Office.

ORNAMENTERS on mouldings and picture frames. A. H. DELAPORTE, 446 Tremont st.

REAL ESTATE SALESMAN wanted; must be experienced. Room 4, Herald building.

SAWYER wanted to run a Lane circular saw mill; about 50 days' work; nearest railroad depot, East Holliston. Address JAMES H. LELAND, Sherborn.

SALESMEN wanted to sell int. combination; $3 article for $1; good commission. "S. 392," Herald Office.

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STENOGRAPHER and book-keeper, lady, exp.; salesladies on dry goods and confectionery. MERCANTILE REFERENCE & BOND ASSOCIATION, 46 Summer st.

TOP BASTERS and pant finishers wanted. Apply at workrooms, 44 North st. G. W. SIMMONS & CO.

TWO LADIES occupied greater part of day require two girls to arrange the work between them, which is not laborious; cooking is simple; also plain seamstress, no objection to colored; sleep home nights if preferred; very liberal wages to respectable persons. Inquire 32 Boylston st.

THE Boston Stenographic Bureau furnishes operators for permanent or temporary positions, with or without machines; stenographic, typewritten and fac-simile typewritten work done promptly. Boston Stenographic Bureau, 92 Franklin st. (Telephone 2787.)

YOUNG LADY wanted to assist two days each week in stenographer's office, $100; course of instruction will be given right one for $25; rare chance. Address box 2699, Boston.

MACHINERY.

20 LARGE ENGINES—Greene and other good makers, with boilers to match, hoisting engines, steam drills, power and steam pumps, elevators, tanks, compressors, blowers, shafting, pulleys, hangers, pipe cutting machine, upright drill, lathe, ventilating fans, electric motors, oil engines, new and second-hand, for sale, to let, on instalments, or in exchange for other machinery or real estate. S. R. McLAUGHLIN & CO., 135 Oliver st.

PRESSES AND DIES, hangers and pulleys, hanging drill, bolt cutter, planer 37in.x37in.x12ft., for sale cheap; special machinery designed and built; punching and stamping done; general jobbing and repairs. J. S. NEWELL & CO., 23 W. First st., So. Boston; telephone 199-2 Tremont.

MACHINE TOOLS, lathes, planers, drills, shapers, slotters, bolt cutters, hammers, punchers, shears, boiler shop tools, and a wide range of shop equipment, both new and second-hand; send for catalogues, or call upon us. W. E. DREW, Agent S. C. Forsaith Machine Co., Manchester, N. H.

PORTABLE, stationary and automatic engines, 2 to 500 H. P.; also Lidgerwood Mfg. Co.'s hoisting engines, all sizes, boilers, wire rope, stone crushers, &c.; first class, low prices, prompt shipment; write for catalogue stating what you require. J. H. HOUGHTON, 201-203 Congress st., Boston, Mass.

STEAM BOILERS, and engines, medium and high speed, compound and condensing, specially adapted for electrical duty; also portable and detached engines in verticals and horizontals; send for circulars and quotations. S. L. HOLT & CO., 67 Sudbury st.

ERIE CITY IRON WORKS—Prices on engines and boilers still further reduced; shafting, pulleys, pumps, heaters, injectors; large stock for immediate delivery. H. N. BATES MACHINE CO., 240-246 Congress st., Boston, Mass.

LAUNDRY MACHINERY wanted, second-hand, a shirt polisher; also extractor in good repair and cheap for cash. Address A. C. FERRIS, 9 Stone pl., Lynn, Mass.

STEAM ENGINES, all sizes and kinds; call and examine; you will be quite sure to find such as wanted; boilers to match; immense variety, all at lowest prices. R. W. PRATT, 131 Portland st.

NO. 2 or 24-in. Boston fan blower for sale, nearly new. Apply to NEW ENGLAND BATTERY CO., 146 Condor st., East Boston.

BOILER wanted, new or about as good as new, 50 to 75 H. P. Address, giving particulars, H. I. GOULD, Providence, R. I.

JEWELER'S Waltham lathe, with 10 chucks and foot wheel, for sale; also 1 set rivet-staking tools, nearly new. Address RICHARDSON, 50 Water st., Leominster, Mass.

GOOD SECOND-HAND or new engine wanted, about 200 h. p. DANVERS IRON WORKS, Danversport, Mass.

CAREY DOUBLE SAWTABLE, Mosely scroll saw, irregular moulder, Marston foot-power saw, panel planer, band saw, blacksmith drill, for sale cheap. WM. H. FIELD, 35 Charlestown st.

SEWING MACHINES.

SEWING MACHINES
NEW HOME $30 and UP.
NEW IDEAL, $19.
Machines rented, $1.00 per week.
160 TREMONT STREET.

BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES.

LOST AND FOUND.

GENT'S diamond scarf pin lost Thursday, Feb. 28. Finder will return to JOSEPH HALSTRICK, State House, and receive reward.

IF PARTIES who picked up a lady's fur boa at Boston Theatre Thursday evening, Feb. 28, will leave it at the box office they will confer a favor on the owner.

RIMLESS GOLD SPECTACLES lost on Dartmouth st., Feb. 28. Will finder return to 158 West Newton st.?

19-FOOT WHITEHALL BOAT found; owner may have by proving property and paying charges. For further particulars address W. K. BLISS, Court pk., Winthrop.

INFORMATION WANTED.

INFORMATION wanted of all persons having debts for collection, should call or send; no charge unless successful; claims collected for heirs and others in England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales; leases, deeds, wills, contracts drawn; all persons in trouble should consult EDWARDS & CO., 175 Washington st.; advice free; kindly preserve this notice.

BILLIARDS AND POOL.

ELECTRIC CUSHION, the only correct cushion, is now used on the celebrated Briggs billiard and pool tables; catalogues with billiard rules free to any address. OLIVER L. BRIGGS, 970 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

CAME'S billiard, pool and combination tables, with our "patent Standard watch spring cushions"; see our latest improved carrom corners; furnishings and repairs; correspondence solicited. J. E. CAME & CO., 114 Sudbury st., Boston.

FURNITURE.

REVO. BARBER CHAIRS
Clifford Co. Barber Supplies, 646 Washington.

OAK ROLL TOP DESK and desk chair for immediate sale, second hand. FRED'K H. JACKSON, 31 Milk st., room 25.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MISS PEARL HUNTINGTON.
Manicure and chiropodist, 149 Tremont st., room 1.

PRINTING INKS—Best in the world; carmines, 12½ cents an ounce, best job and cut black ever known, $1 a pound; best news ink seen since the world began, 4 cents a pound; illustrated price list free on application. Address WILLIAM JOHNSTON, Manager Printers' Ink Press, 10 Spruce st., New York.

40 HIGH-GRADE RANGES, made by the leading stove mfg. co. of this city; new, perfect and fully guaranteed; 30 per cent. discount from mfr's prices; four styles. ALBEE STOVE CO., 99 Blackstone st.

MRS. BENTON, astrologist, excels on business, lawsuits, lost and stolen property; reads present, future prospects; terms, ladies, 25c.; gents, 50c. First floor, 349 Tremont st.

MRS. BOUTELLE, astrologist; consult her on all business and domestic affairs; reads your future; loss or stolen property. 237 Tremont st., room 7.

WINDMILL WANTED. A small second-hand windmill for pumping; have for sale two "Backus Heaters," cheap. "F. 386," Herald Office.

MISS GERTRUDE FAYNE, manicure and chiropodist, 274 Boylston st., Boston, suite 2.

BATES' PILLS surely cure consumption; hundreds cured in our near vicinity; write for circulars and testimonials. Prof. JOSEPH I. BATES, Specialist, Weymouth, Mass.

FOR ADOPTION—A baby girl, 7 months old, Swedish parentage; perfect health. Inquire of Dr. HASTINGS, 169 Huntington av., between the hours of 12 and 3.

EVERY ONE wanted to know that a 20c. package of Champion Stove Clay will save your buying a new lining for your stove; easily applied and durable. WEBB'S BLACK LEAD WORKS, 6 Friend st.

CASH REGISTERS, new and second-hand, National and other makes, for half factory prices; buy or sell. P. J. ENRIGHT & CO., 348 Westminster st., Providence, R. I.

100,000 ROLLS WALL PAPER, latest styles, all grades; retailing at lowest wholesale rates at WM. MATTHEWS, JR.'S, 147 Milk st.

ASTROLOGICAL—Inclose age, sex, date of birth, 1 dime for 10 lines of your immediate future prospects; full horoscope, $1 1 year. Prof. TAYLOR, Manchester, N. H.; box 52.

ESTABLISHED 1876—J. M. BERRY & CO., 12 and 14 Atlantic av., sell hay and grain, clover hay, fine hay, coarse hay, low prices; mixed grain for horfeed a specialty.

MADAM B. L. LITTLE, Manicure, 5 Park

sound and kind, driven by ladies; a good saddle horse. Address room 18, Hotel Bellevue, Beacon st.

LIGHT BREWSTER COACH and brougham, used private; also 2 other Berlin coaches for cash or on lease. Bargains at ISBURGH & CO.'S, 205 Essex st.

RUSSEY FARM of Harvard University; winter board for horses. Address the foreman, D. M. PATCH, Roslindale, Mass.; EDMUND HERSEY, Superintendent.

EXCHANGE—Horses and carriages for sale, or will take part pay in good real estate near Boston. P. O. box 3023, Boston.

CLOSE MATCHED PAIR of bay horses wanted, to weigh over 2100; must be good roaders, sound, kind and cheap; give full description. Address Box 202, Newtonville.

CANOPY TOP CARRYALL, good condition, low, easy riding, for sale, price $35, if sold at once; buy now and save $20. Address "N. 391," Herald Office.

GOOD HORSE wanted to buy, must be a good roadster, or will trade for one I now own which is too light for my carriage; will pay difference in price. "N. 392," Herald Office.

AUCTION SALES.

N. M. HATCH, Auctioneer,
236 Tremont st.

The old, reliable and largest auction house in Boston; sales of pianos, furniture, carpets, bedding, stoves, &c., every Wednesday and Saturday, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M.; three large salesrooms; sales held at residences and stores on days specified by owner; household furniture and stocks of mdse. of every description, in large or small lots, bought outright for cash or sold on commission; storage in separate rooms with lock and key at reasonable rates.

SATURDAY, March 2, at 10 A. M., large sale on account of storage, goods belonging to John J. Elfrey, Belle S. Royce, Mrs. Mary Tatteen, Louisa Turner, J. B. White, F. I. Barrett, Mr. Thayer, S. M. Nelson, Ned. Hammond, Madam Fairmont, C. H. Fernald, Mrs. H. Ruggles, E. Saxon, Lilian Winston, Edward Rich, Mrs. Sullivan, W. A. Lacy, Cyrus Walker, consisting of black walnut, oak, cherry and painted chamber sets, sideboards, tables, wardrobes, odd chairs, 3 upright beds, parlor suits, couches, square piano, bookcases, ranges and parlor stoves, 150 new and second-hand cottage in Milton, brussels, tapestry and wool, 2 Limoge tea sets, lot ornaments, bisque, parian, Japanese ware, toilet sets, kitchen ware, pictures, books, clothing, trunks, chests, &c., &c. This is the largest lot of goods I have had this season, and every lot must be sold.

By LEWIS J. BIRD CO., Auctioneers,
32 Bromfield st.

SATURDAY, March 2, commencing at 9:30, the largest and best stock of furniture, carpets, &c., we have ever offered, including 25 ash and painted chamber sets, wire springs, mattresses, bedding, stoves, 75 good carpets, fine large hotel refrigerator, showcases, pillar extension tables, Vienna chairs, odd bureaus and dressing cases, cane-seat chairs and rockers, 8 white enamelled beds, brass trimmed, centre tables, lounges, parlor sets, cabinet and chiff. beds, Squires beds, laces, ornaments, elegant upright piano, Chickering grand piano and a host of articles too numerous to advertise. Sale positive.

AUCTION SALE of the shoe factory, machinery, lasts, tools, dies and patterns of the Whitman Shoe Co., Whitman, Mass. TUESDAY, March 5, sale to commence at 10 A. M.; take trains from Boston for Whitman, leaving Boston at 8:30 A. M., Old Colony Division, Kneeland st. JOHN J. HENRY, Auctioneer.

SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, &c.

DRAMATIC ART.

Ladies and gentlemen thoroughly and practically prepared for the professional stage at the LAWRENCE SCHOOL OF ACTING, 106 W. 42d st., New York city; fully equipped stage and practice rooms; circulars on application.

COMER'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE—Day and evening sessions, book-keeping, penmanship, shorthand and general fitting for business; individual instruction; graduates aided to employment; special 3 months' course; our record for 54 years and 29,000 students speaks for itself; commence now; prospectus free. 666 Washington st., cor. Beach st., Boston.

SHORTHAND, typewriting, book-keeping, &c., at the BOSTON COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, 1 Beacon st., cor. Tremont st.; individual instruction; day and evening; call or send for circular.

IF YOU WISH to learn shorthand or business, don't seek preceptors and large schools. Call upon W. JENKINS, 110 Tremont st., agent for Pitman books; facts and our free special lessons will surprise you; employment.

must be accompanied by a certified check for two thousand dollars ($2000.00), payable to the city of Cambridge, said check to be returned to the bidder unless forfeited as specified. A bond for not less than 25 per cent. nor more than 50 per cent. of the amount of the contract will be required for the faithful performance of the contract, the sureties to be satisfactory to the Cambridge water board. Plans and specifications can be obtained only by application in person at the office of the city engineer. The right is reserved by the Cambridge water board to reject any and all proposals received. Proposals to be addressed to the Cambridge water board and indorsed, "Proposals for building a dam and its appurtenances in the city of Waltham, Mass." L. M. HASTINGS, City Engineer. Cambridge, Mass., Feb. 26, 1895.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS—City of Boston, Boston Transit Commission—Sealed bids for building section 1 of the subway, in accordance with the form of contract and specifications to be furnished by the commission, will be received at its office, 60 State st., Boston, Mass., until 12 o'clock M. of WEDNESDAY, March 20, 1895. The location of this section is in the Public Garden, across Charles st., and along the Boylston and Tremont st. malls of the Common. Some other particulars are estimated to be as follows: Length of incline approach, about 400 feet; length of two-track subway, about 700 feet; length of four-track subway, about 470 feet; 70,000 cubic yards of earth excavation, 43,000 cubic yards of surplus earth to be removed, 1020 tons of iron and steel furnished by the commission to be set in place, 11,000 cubic yards of granite, brick and concrete masonry, 29,000 feet of spruce lumber in foundations, 40,000 linear feet of spruce piles in foundations. Plans can be seen and specifications and forms of contract can be obtained at the above office. The commission reserves the right to reject any and all bids. GEORGE G. CROCKER, Chairman; CHARLES H. DALTON, THOMAS J. GARGAN, GEORGE F. SWAIN, ALBERT C. BURRAGE, Boston Transit Commission; H. A. CARSON, Chief Engineer; B. LEIGHTON BEAL, Secretary.

CITY OF BOSTON.

CITY OF BOSTON—Street Department, Bank Gravel and Sand. Sealed proposals for furnishing bank gravel and sand to the street department of the city of Boston, from April 1, 1895, to Feb. 1, 1896, in accordance with form of contract and specifications to be furnished by the superintendent of streets, will be received at the office of the said superintendent of streets, room 47, City Hall, Boston, until 12 o'clock M. of Tuesday, the 12th day of March, 1895, at which time they will be publicly opened and read. Proposals will be received for furnishing the bank gravel and sand in any of the following districts of the city, and the contract for each district will be awarded independently of the others: Street district No. 1, So. Boston; street district 2, E. Boston; street district 3, Charlestown; street district 4, Brighton; street district 5, W. Roxbury; street district 6, Dorchester; street district 7, Roxbury; street district 8, street district 9, street district 10, city proper; one bid. Each proposal must be accompanied by a properly certified check for $500, and a bond will be required for the faithful performance of the contract. Applicants for forms must make a deposit of $5, which will be returned when the proposal is received or forfeited to the city in case it is not used for the purpose of making a bid. The superintendent of streets reserves the right to reject any and all proposals, so to do. B. T. WHEELER, Supt. of Streets. Boston, March 1, 1895.

CITY OF BOSTON—Notice of public hearing: The committee on streets and sewers will give a public hearing in the aldermen's room, City Hall, on Thursday, March 7, 1895, at 2 o'clock P. M., on the petition of the Boston Elevated Railway Company for routes for tracks, as specified in sec. 6 of chap. 548 of the acts of 1894, and for the approval of the streets through which its railway shall be laid in the city. All persons interested are invited to be present. For the committee, CHARLES H. BRYANT, Chairman.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT, Suffolk, ss. Geo. W. Simmons et als., in equity, v. Craig, Geo. W. Simmons et als., in equity, v. Craig, Head & Kintz Company. Interlocutory decree. Upon the petition of Alvin T. Morrill, receiver, it is ordered that all creditors of the defendant corporation present to said receiver, in writing, a statement of their claims against said corporation, on or before March 20th, 1895, and that all such creditors who do not so present their claims within the time aforesaid be forever barred from making any claim against said corporation, or against the assets in the hands of said receiver, unless for good cause shown, said time shall be extended in favor of any creditor or creditors making application therefor.

And it is further ordered that said receiver give notice of this order by publishing the substance thereof, once a

…motions, and
… morals and de-
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…ACHERS.

**…es for Positions in
…hools.**

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…HONEYMOON.

**…ck and Marries
…rted.**

…, 1895. A mar-
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… Anna Nunan
… Leo.

…slay morning
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…WEEKS.

**…to Slip by a
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…and Mrs.

…ection of

…held at the City Hospital morgue. At the second examination the physicians found several marks in the head and body of Hutchinson, which fully confirmed his suspicions that the latter had met his death by foul play.

On the top of the head the medical examiner found a wound which, in his opinion, might have been made by a blunt instrument, such as a club, and at the back of the head near the base of the skull another wound was found. Upon finding these wounds the medical examiner again notified the police, and as a result of the second examination Inspector Bogan of police headquarters was detailed by Chief Inspector Watts to take charge of the case, and to assist, as far as he was able, the police of division 6 in trying to fathom the mystery.

Inspector Bogan went to station 6, where he and Capt. Hoffman had a consultation in regard to the case, which resulted in Capt. Hoffman detailing Sergt. Sheehan and Patrolman Keene on the case. The three officers, without the slightest clew with which to work on, visited the stable on Granite street, where the body was found, and from the foreman in charge of the stables learned that the body had been discovered by a driver of one of the manure wagons, who had gone to the stable for the purpose of cleaning out the pit.

They also found that the body when found was dressed, with the exception of his under coat and shoes. It was also learned that the Saturday afternoon previous to the finding of the body the manure pit had been cleaned out, and at that time nothing was found which would show that the pit was occupied by any human being. At that time the theory was advanced by the officials of the stable that the man had strayed into the manure pit some time Sunday afternoon, and being under the influence of liquor might have laid down and fell asleep, and while in this condition was overcome by the fumes of the manure.

After closely examining all the employes of the stable in hopes that they might obtain some clew as to the actual time in which Hutchinson entered the stable, and being unsuccessful, the officers left and went to several places in the city proper. At one of these places they learned that a man answering the description of Hutchinson had been there during Saturday afternoon, and that he had displayed an envelope bearing the address of the Marine Hospital at Chelsea.

The officers at once visited the hospital and learned that the dead man had been a patient at the above institution from the middle of January until Monday, Feb. 4, when he was discharged as being cured.

While in the hospital the man was treated for an injury to one of his legs. Further than this the officers were unable to gain any other information.

After learning the above at the hospital they went back to the stable on Granite street and at one of the saloons in the vicinity learned that Hutchinson had been seen in company with two other men in the afternoon of Saturday, Feb. 9, and at that time all three were somewhat under the influence of liquor.

This was the last that was seen of Hutchinson until his dead body was found in the manure pit the following Tuesday afternoon by the driver of the manure wagons.

The officers have worked on the case night and day since and up to this morning have not succeeded in finding any clew as to the whereabouts of the two men who were seen with Hutchinson on that Saturday afternoon. If the police could but find the men who were with Hutchinson they are satisfied that the mystery surrounding his death would be cleared up.

Some time ago word was received at police headquarters from Walpole, Me., where Hutchinson's mother and relatives resided, asking what efforts, if any, were being made in regard to ascertaining the cause of Hutchinson's…

…have that the latter are the chiefs of the revolutionary party.

It is stated that the circulars asking for donations were enclosed in covers bearing the seal of the revolutionary committee.

GRAND DUKE ALEXIS DEAD.

Uncle of Emperor Nicholas II. Passes Away at San Remo, Italy.

SAN REMO, Italy, March 1, 1895. The Grand Duke Alexis of Russia, uncle of Emperor Nicholas II., died here this morning. He was 45 years of age.

The Grand Duke Alexis was the son of Alexander II., and uncle of the present Czar. He was born Jan. 2 (Jan. 14 new style), 1850.

The only public position he ever occupied was admiral of the Russian fleet, but he never saw active service, the position, so far as he was concerned, having been an honorary one.

The late grand duke was said to have been one of the handsomest men in Russia, very tall, broad shouldered, with a blond beard, light blue eyes, a deep voice and a musical laugh.

He was good natured, simple in his manners, and fascinating in his address. He was never married, but had many romantic adventures, in which titled ladies figured as heroines. One of the stories relate to his love for a lady of the Russian court, of the Czar's displeasure and a voyage around the world. The young man obeyed his father, but made a vow to himself that he would never marry, and he never did.

In 1871, when he was 21 years old, he visited America. In Boston he was the guest of the city, and at Cambridge was welcomed by the president and fellows of Harvard College. He afterward visited California and the West. A hunting expedition was organized by the U. S. government, under the charge of Gen. Sheridan, and Alexis was the hero because he killed more buffalos than any of the party.

He never had an ambition for statesmanship, and though finely educated, had little taste for art, music or literature.

NAVAL OFFICERS ENTERTAINED.

NEW YORK, March 2, 1895. The Herald's special cable from Guatemala says: The officers of the United States cruiser Alert who arrived here on a special train as guests of President Barrios, were royally entertained. Receptions, balls and operatic performances were given in their honor.

They are under instructions to protect American interests in case of war between Guatemala and Mexico.

DA GAMA'S PLANS FAIL.

NEW YORK, March 2, 1895. The Herald's Buenos Ayres dispatch says: The attempt of an emissary of Admiral da Gama to induce the Brazilian squadron at Matta Grosso to revolt has failed.

FLASHES.

The polling for members of the London county council began this morning.

Lord Rosebery slept well last night and is rapidly improving.

This morning's newspapers in Rome assert that ex-Premier Giolitti's arrest is imminent.

Frank Erno, the featherweight prize fighter who recently came to London from America, has challenged any pugilist in England to fight at 9 stone 2 within a month.

THREE FINGERS AMPUTATED.

Samuel Gross, employed at 16 Taylor street, Somerville, as a printer, while operating a power press this…

---

375 Sugar Refin...	92⅝	50 Sugar pref....	92½
275....do	92½	210 Bay State Gas.	7⅝
100....do	92¾	200 s. 10 no int..	7½
510....do	92⅞	600 ...do	7½

The following were today's closing prices:

Land.	Bid.	Asked.
Anniston Land	15	..
Aspinwall Land	4	..
Boston Land	4	4½
Boston Water Power	.75	.90
Boylston Land	..	2¼
Brookline Land	..	4
East Boston Land	4	..
Frenchman's B'y Land	1	..
Maverick Land	..	2⅛
Penobscot Bay Land	..	.50
San Diego Land	..	5
West End Land	2	2¼
Wollaston Land	1⅛	1¼
Telephone.		
Bell Telephone	191	..
Erie Telephone	49	50
Mexican Telephone	.50	.60
New England Telephone	67	67½
Miscellaneous.		
Boston Electric Light	..	108
Dominion Coal	..	14
Dominion Coal pref.	90	92½
Edison Electric Illuminating	..	125
General Electric com.	27⅛	27⅜
General Electric pref.	61	..
Pullman Car	154	154½
Reece Button Hole	19	19½
U. S. Rubber com*	37½	39
U. S. Rubber pref.	93⅓	94
Westinghouse Electric com.	30½	32½
Westinghouse Electric pref.	50	..
Street Railroad Properties	23	..
Railroads.		
Atchison & Topeka	3¾	3⅞
Atlantic & Pacific	.50	..
Boston & Albany	207½	208
Boston & Lowell	198½	199
Boston & Maine	..	163
Boston & Maine pref	150	..
Boston & Providence	..	261
Central Mass. com.	10½	..
Central Mass. pref.	48	50
Chic., Bur. & Quincy	69⅝	69⅞
Chic. Junction com.	88	89
Chic. Junction pref.	..	99
Chic. & West Michigan	10	..
Cleveland & Canton com.	.25	..
Cleveland & Canton pref.	..	2
Fitchburg pref.	84	84½
Fitchburg com.	..	13½
Flint pref.	30	..
Louisville & New Albany com.	7	8
Louisville & New Albany pref.	22	25
Mexican Central	7	8
New England Street	15¼	15½
N. Y. & N. E. 4th asst. paid	30	30⅛
N. Y. & N. E. pref. 4th asst. paid	60	62
New York & New Haven	194	195
Norwich & Worcester	181	..
Oregon Short Line	4¾	..
Port., Saco & Portsmouth	..	137½
Rutland com.	..	2
Summit Branch	..	5
Union Pacific	8½	9
West End com.	61⅛	61¼
West End pref.	87	..
Wisconsin Central	2	..
Mining.		
Atlantic	10	10½
Boston & Montana	36	36¼
Butte & Boston	9	9½
Calumet & Hecla	290	292
Centennial	.50	.60
Franklin	12	13
Kearsarge	8¾	8⅞
Osceola	21	21½
Quincy	101½	102½
Quincy, scrip	40	43
Tamarack	138	140
Tamarack, Jr.	11½	12
Wolverine	3	3¼
Bonds.		
Atchison & Topeka 4s	63¾	64¼
Atchison & Topeka 2ds	16½	17
Chic., Bur. & Northern 5s	104	104¼
Chic., Bur. & Quincy 7s	..	11[illegible]
Chic., Bur. & Quincy con. 6s	99¾	100
Mexican Central 4s	..	56
Mexican Central 1st incomes	..	11½
Mexican Central 2d incomes	5	6
Chicago Junction 5s	104	..
Wisconsin Central 1st 5s	..	46
Wisconsin Central incomes	5	6½
Boston United Gas 1st 5s	7[illegible]	76½
Boston United Gas 2d 5s	48½	49
General Electric 5s	87½	89
Dominion Coal 6s	99¾	100
Unlisted Securities.		
Fort Wayne Electric	1½	2
Fort Wayne series A	4½	5
Thomson-Houston series C	4¼	..
Thomson-Houston series D	3¾	4
Sugar Refineries com.	92⅞	93
Sugar Refineries pref.	92¼	92⅝
Bay State Gas	7½	7⅝

Highest and Lowest Prices.

	Highest.	Lowest.
Bell Telephone	193	191
General Electric com.	27⅞	27⅛
Chic., Bur. & Quincy	69¾	69½
Atchison 2d	16¾	16⅝
Boston United Gas 2d 5s	50	49
Sugar Refineries com.	…	…

Sunday, westerly to northerly winds.

4	Port., Saco & Ports. R.	136¾
8	Phil., Wil. & Balt. R.	63¼
100	Nat. Telephone Mfg. Co.	54c.
55	N. E. Mort. Security Co.	59¼
125	McKay & Bigelow Heeling Machine A. $	3.16
2	E. & T. Fairbanks Co.	39½
10	Reece Button Hole	19⅞
50	McKay Metallic Fastening Asso.	29⅞
60	Quincy Railroad Bridge Co.	174⅛
$1000	Providence 4s..1900	113⅛
$1000	Boston 4s..1899	102⅛
$1000	Cincinnati 7 3-10s..1902	121
$1000	do 7 3-10s..1899	112
$1000	West End St. R. 5s..1902	104
$600	Brunswick & Chillicothe 6s..1903	95¼
$1000	Con. Vermont 5s..1913	83
$2000	Mary., Hough. & Ont. 6s..1925	104¼
$5000	Chic., Bur. & Q. 5s..1901	103¾
$3000	Phil., Wil. & Balt. 6s..1910	109¾
$5000	Erie Telephone 6s..1909	100½
$2000	New Hamp. Tr. Co. 4s..1904	51@41¼
$1000	N. E. Telephone 6s..1908	109⅝

BY FRANCIS HENSHAW & CO.

12	Shawmut Nat. Bank	118
11	Boston Nat. Bank	100¼
7	Shoe & Leather Nat. Bank	90
2	Nat. Hide & Leather Bank	108
39	Massachusetts Nat. Bank	87
9	Nat. Exchange Bank	128
13	Columbian Nat. Bank	101¾
3	Great Falls Mfg. Co.	127
13	Atlantic Cotton Mills	64¼
16	Hill Mfg. Co.	54⅝
1	Nashua Mfg. Co.	507½
50	Manchester Mills	80
10	Mass. Cotton Mills	87¼
50	West Point Mfg. Co.	120@122
2	Lowell Mfg. Co.	527½
8	Pepperell Mfg. Co.	1350@1347½
3	Lowell Machine Shop	602½
20	Bates Mfg. Co.	117¾
3	Port., Saco & Ports. R.	131¼
50	Fitchburg R. pref.	85
10	Boston & Lowell R.	198½
5	Con. & Mont. R. class 4.	170@170⅛
30	Maine Central R	125¼
40	McKay Metallic Fastening	29⅞
6	Plymouth Cordage Co.	160
6	Amer. Waltham Watch Co.	147¾
7	Reece Button Hole Co.	19⅜
163	McKay & Bigelow Heeling Machine.	5
10	Odd Fellows' Hall Asso	16
5	Collateral Loan Co.	125½
25	Boston Towboat Co.	81
$5000	United States 5s coupon..1907	112⅞
$4000	Swift & Co. 6s..1910	100⅛
$1000	Oregon Short Line 5s. rects..1919	20
$100	Maine Central 7s..1912	135
$5000	Chic., Bur. & No. 1st 5s. 1926	104
$5000	Concord & Montreal 4s..1920	103½

WALL STREET GOSSIP.

NEW YORK, March 2, 1895—11 A. M. The loss in prices during the first hour of business, due to the selling for London and the rise in the posted rate for 60 days' sterling to 488½, was equal to ¼ to 1 per cent. St. Paul fell ¾ to 54¼, Louisville & Nashville ⅝ to 48⅞, Jersey Central ⅜ to 84⅜, Tobacco ⅜ to 90, General Electric 1 to 27, Burlington & Quincy ½ to 69⅝, Northwestern ½ to 88⅛, and Rock Island ¼ to 61¾. The traders who are still in control of the market were inclined to be cautious and some of them were anticipating a better condition of affairs so far as the stock exchange is concerned, to follow the adjournment of Congress. The ability of the bond syndicate to prevent gold shipments also makes the bears more timid. Distillers and Cattle Feeders, Canada Southern and Lead were firm, and the first named rose to 12.

At 11 o'clock the market was weak except for the issues noted.

Noon. Money on call nominally 2@2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange is firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.87½ for 60 days, and 4.89 for demand; posted rates are 4.88½@4.90; commercial bills at 487.

Government bonds have been steady.

Railroad bonds have been lower.

American Sugar, Lead and Distilling & Cattle Feeding were strong after 11 o'clock. Sugar rose to 93 on the advance in certain grades of refined and rumors that the regular dividend will be maintained. The demand for Sugar according to trade authorities is improving. Lead sold up to 28¼, and Distilling and Cattle Feeding ruled strong at 12⅛. Railway stocks were weaker, Jersey Central falling to 83⅞, Louisville & Nashville to 47⅝, St. Paul to 54, and Northwestern to 87¾. Toward midday the market improved fractionally for some issues. Jersey Central recovered to 84⅝.

Speculation closed irregular, the industrials being firm and the railway issues rather weak.

Following are opening, highest, lowest…

…ly, much colder tonight and

N. Y. Central	96½	96½	96¼	96¼	96½
Northwest	88⅛	88⅝	87¾	..	..
N. J. Central	84⅝	84⅝	83⅞	84½	84¾
Northern Pac.	..	..	..	2¾	3
do. pref.	13½	13⅝	13½	13⅜	13¾
N. Y. & N. E.	30	..	..	29⅞	30¼
Ont. & West	16	16	15¾	15¾	15⅞
Reading	9½	..	..	9	10
Rock Island	61¼	62	61⅞	61⅝	61¾
St. Paul	54½	54⅝	54¼	54	54⅛
St. P. & Omaha	..	..	..	30⅛	31
Southern Pac.	..	..	..	17⅛	18
So. R'y pref.	..	..	..	31	31¼
Texas Pac.	..	..	..	8⅜	8¾
Union Pac.	8½	..	..	8⅜	8¾
Wabash Pac.	..	..	..	5¼	5¾
do. pref.	12⅞	..	..	12⅞	12¾
Wh. & L. E.	..	..	..	8½	9½
do. pref.	..	..	..	33½	35
Industrials.					
Am. Tobacco	90⅛	91½	90	90¼	90½
Am. Cot. Oil	20½	21	20¾	21	22
Chicago Gas	71	71	70¾	70¾	71
Distillers	11⅞	12⅛	11½	12	12⅛
Nat. Lead Co.	27½	28¼	27½	28	28½
do. pref.	..	..	..	82	83
Rubber	..	..	..	37⅞	39
Sugar	92¼	93	92¼	92¾	92⅞
do. pref.	..	..	..	92¼	92½
U. S. Cordage	..	5⅝	4¾	4¾	5
Miscellaneous.					
Del. & Hud.	126	126	125¾	125½	126¼
Gen. Elec.	27¾	27⅞	27	27⅛	27¼
Pacific Mail	21½	..	..	21½	22
Pullman Pal.	153	..	..	153	155⅝
Tenn. C. & I.	..	..	..	13¾	14¼
Silver	60⅝	..	..	60⅝	..
West. Union	87¼	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜	87½

LONDON STOCK MARKET.

LONDON, March 2, 1895—2:30 P. M. Consols 104¼d. for money and 104⅞ for the account; Canadian Pacific, 44½; Erie, 8⅝; Erie 2ds, 57; Illinois Central, 86¼; Mexican ordinary, 16¼; St. Paul common, 55¼; New York Central, 98½; Pensylvania, 50⅞; Reading, 4⅞; Mexican Central 4s, 58; Louisville & Nashville, 49⅞; Atchison common, 4.

Money 1 per cent.

Rate of discount in the open market for both short and three months' bills, 1⅜@1½ per cent.

Bar silver, market steady; quoted 27 11-16d. per ounce.

NOTES.

The imports, exclusive of specie, at New York for the week were $12,020,864, of which $3,807,914 were dry goods, and $8,212,950 general merchandise. For the corresponding week of 1894 the imports were $10,953,125, of which $1,648,522 were dry goods, and $9,304,603 general merchandise.

ANOTHER BLOW AT THE CHICKS.

Strikers at Parshley's Shop in Haverhill Called Out by a Parade and Drums.

(Special Dispatch to the Boston Herald.)

HAVERHILL, March 2, 1895. The stitchers at Parshley's stitching rooms on Essex street were called out today by a parade and drum corps.

This is another blow at Chick Bros., as this firm has been doing the greater part of the Chick's stitching.

Chick Bros. have refused point blank to have any dealings with the union, and the fight will be hereafter directed against them.

NOT A ROW IN A SALOON.

The Herald yesterday morning had an item headed "Row in a Saloon," which referred to the arrest of two men at the North end, and stated that the trouble occurred in the saloon at the corner of North and Fleet streets. The only saloon there is occupied by Messrs. D. J. Driscoll & Co. They say that nothing of the kind occurred there.

An examination of the record of the occurrence at police station 1 by Sergt. Simonds shows that the affair happened in front of a saloon at the corner of North and Lewis streets, some distance from Driscoll & Co.'s place.

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main division, which routed the Chinese and captured Kenshinho at noon. The advance guard then drove 3000 other Chinese from Santaitizu. The Japanese outposts now guard Maitzu, Lushokotso and Kunfantzu."

The Chinese retreated northward, and, after the final Japanese advance, their main body lay but a short distance from the Japanese front. Throughout the morning of the 28th it snowed heavily. The storm had not abated on March 1.

A Central News dispatch dated at Seoul on March 1 says that the Korean war minister and other exalted officials have received permission, in response of their own request, to accompany the second Japanese army throughout the rest of the campaign in China. They will be attached to Gen. Nogi's staff.

It is reported in Tokio that the Chinese peace envoys will be received at Simonosaki and the negotiations will be conducted there.

A Central News dispatch from Pekin says that Li Hung Chang, the head of China's new peace mission, is still at the capital. He has conferred with all the conspicuous officials and most of the European diplomats. There is a unanimous wish among men of influence in Pekin that United States Minister Denby help the Chinese mission by acting as intermediary in arranging for the meeting of the negotiators and the course of procedure. The care with which Li Hung Chang is preparing for his duties gives the best evidence of the earnestness of China's purpose. The government has given abundant proof in the last few days that it will make a sincere effort to secure peace.

The Central News correspondent in Chee Foo says that the Japanese are advancing steadily upon New Chwang, where 600 wounded Chinese were received between Feb. 24 and 28.

The Morning Post is informed that the peace envoys probably will meet the Japanese negotiators in Simonosaki. Their credentials will be examined there and if they be found competent and in proper order, the envoys will be invited to Hiroshima, where the negotiations will be begun.

DEFENDANT'S EXCEPTIONS HELD.

The defendant's exceptions in the case of the commonwealth vs. William A. Mosby were today sustained by the full bench of the supreme court.

Mosby is a colored man. He was indicted in November last for a written communication maliciously threatening to do injury to the person of Mrs. Lydia A. Williams. Since November he has been in Charles street jail.

Fred S. Goodwin, his counsel, filed a motion to quash the indictment, claiming the letters set out did not contain threats to injure the person of Mrs. Williams within the meaning of the statute.

CHILD HORRIBLY SCALDED.

Roland D. Grant, 2 years old, son of Freeman Grant of Swan street, Beverly, was horribly scalded by boiling water yesterday. His face, arms and neck are frightfully burned, and the skin peeled off in rolls.

If he recovers he will be disfigured for life. His eyesight was saved, because he closed his eyes when the water struck him, and the skin on the lids

Carried Away.

Furniture Saved Through Upper Windows.

People Fearful of Worse Trouble to Come.

PORT DEPOSIT, Md., March 4, 1895. The ice gorge in the Susquehanna just above this town broke at noon yesterday, and the railroad tracks and streets along the river front were flooded to a depth of several feet. The congregations in all the churches were dismissed, many of the worshippers in the Presbyterian church being compelled to make their exit through the rear windows.

Another gorge soon formed, and the back water ran off.

At 3 o'clock the second break came. It proved more disastrous than the first.

The water rose four feet in five minutes.

Several houses were moved from their foundations, fences and outbuildings were carried away, and many persons took their household goods out through the upper windows and moved them to higher ground.

Telegraph lines have been broken down, and the Port Deposit & Columbia railroad tracks north of the town are covered with ice and debris to a depth of from 5 to 15 feet.

The people are fearful of a much higher stage of water, and are moving their effects to places of safety.

THE MONETARY DELEGATES.

President Expected to Appoint Three Who Will Not Be Silverites.

(Special Dispatch to the Boston Herald.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 4, 1895. Speaker Crisp has appointed Culberson of Texas (Dem.), and Hitt of Illinois (Rep.), delegates, with himself to the next monetary conference.

The three senators, Teller, Jones of Arkansas, and Daniels being out-and-out silver men, and Crisp and Culberson being strongly biased that way, Hitt is the only man of the congressional delegation not allied with silver, and Hitt is a bimetallist.

Therefore the President is expected to appoint three delegates who will not be silverites.

WHERE IS MAMIE CASSIDY?

Question Attleboro Police Are Trying to Answer—Disappeared Last Tuesday.

ATTLEBORO, March 4, 1895. The police are looking for Mamie Cassidy, a daughter of Robert Cassidy of Attleboro Falls.

She is 17 years old, and had for some time worked in the braid mill in North Attleboro. Last Tuesday she went to the office of the mill and got what money was due her, and then she disappeared. Her home life was pleasant, but she had always been looked upon as a peculiar girl.

Mamie took no extra clothing with

by Steamer Suevia.

St. John's Brig Abandoned in Sinking State.

Captain and All Hands Taken off by Anchoria.

NEW YORK, March 4, 1894. The schooner Mary E. Amsden of Calais, Me., was abandoned, leaking and dismasted in lat. 35, long. 55.10, and her crew were brought to this port today by the steamer Suevia.

The schooner was bound from Calais for Barbadoes with a cargo of lumber. She left Calais Feb. 3, and the next day encountered a fresh northwest gale which blew with steadily increasing force until the 8th, when a full hurricane was encountered, accompanied by tremendous seas and snow. The waves broke continually over the vessel and washed everything movable off the decks.

Finally she sprang aleak and the pumps were manned, but apparently the amount of water in the hold did not diminish.

On Feb. 16, in a furious gale, both masts were carried away and went overboard.

For 12 days the crew had to subsist on hard tack and water, as the other stores were ruined and soon the supply of water ran short.

On the 27th, in lat. 35.23, long. 54.52, the Suevia, from Genoa for New York, hove in sight, and stood by for nine hours until the weather moderated somewhat, when a boat was lowered and sent to the rescue.

The names of the distressed seamen are Capt. P. J. Warr, First Mate William M. Clinton, Second Mate Robert Hinds, Henry Shaw, cook, and Seamen Ole Olsen, Harry Jonson, Harry Jensen and Harry Olson.

The Mary E. Ameden was of 326 tons net register and was built in 1865 at Portsmouth, N. H.

BRIG CONFEDERATE ABANDONED.

Captain and Crew Brought to New York by Anchor Liner.

NEW YORK, March 4, 1895. The steamer Anchoria, from Glasgow, brought into port today the crew of the brig Confederate of St. John's, N. F., for Bristol, Eng.

On Feb. 23, in lat. 54.12, long. 14.17, the Anchoria sighted the Confederate, flying signals of distress. She bore down on her, and in a short time the captain and crew of the distressed vessel were taken on board.

Her captain reported that there was five feet of water in the hold; that she was leaking more than the pumps could control, and that the provisions and water were nearly exhausted.

Archbishop Corrigan, Assisted by Two Priests, Conducted the Short Service Under a Canopy of Royal Purple—George Gould's House Filled with Beautiful Flowers—How the Bride and Her Maids Were Dressed.

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE BOSTON HERALD.)

NEW YORK, March 4, 1895. All was bustle from an early hour today in and about the Gould house at Sixty-seventh street and Fifth avenue, where at noon Miss Anna Gould was to become by marriage the Countess de Castellane.

Almost as soon as it was daylight groups of people began to gather about the neighborhood and gaze curiously at the mansion long before the household had raised any of the window shades.

As the morning wore on there were many evidences of the preparations for the wedding. Florists' wagons drove up and deposited their fragrant burdens on the sidewalk, and men were soon busily engaged in carrying them into the house and arranging them.

By this time a large crowd had gathered outside, and within there were signs of unusual activity. Several cabs drove up, and their occupants, who were mostly intimate friends of the Gould family, had to undergo the closest scrutiny from the spectators on the sidewalk, each fresh arrival being reported to be Count de Castellane.

Scattered among the crowd were a number of headquarters detectives in plain clothes, while several others were on duty inside the house, in order to prevent thieves from operating or cranks from causing trouble.

Meanwhile, Count Boniface de Castellane was leisurely eating an early breakfast at the Waldorf. At 8:30 o'clock he sauntered forth looking perfectly radiant. He wore a black frock coat, dark gray trousers, a high silk hat and a black necktie. Before leaving the house he said to the clerk on duty at the desk: "If anybody calls for me, say I will not be back." He then jumped into a cab at the entrance of the hotel, and was driven off to confer with his ushers before returning to the hotel to dress for the ceremony.

(CONTINUED ON SIXTH PAGE.)

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experi-

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—FOR—

GENTLEMEN'S

Newly received from
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CUSTOM DEPA

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By LEONARD &
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EVERY DAY THIS

Magnificent Direct
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...any corroborated from point to point as the bureau travelled about.

The bearing of this statement is that to ascertain at any given time what industries in the state have a larger supply of labor than the demand requires information must be sought at the headquarters of the trade unions which are most strongly organized.

In 1887 the Massachusetts Bureau of Statistics of Labor published the results of a special investigation conducted by the bureau in connection with the decennial census (1885), and the facts then obtained form the surest basis for an inquiry now; for, although nine years have elapsed and some important industrial changes have occurred in the interim, the general statistics set forth by the bureau from year to year, leaving out the accidental influences wrought by a "period of depression," have sustained, practically, the percentages and proportions which the earlier report established.

The data were obtained by a complete poll of the persons nominally employed in gainful pursuits in the commonwealth, that is to say, by a house-to-house canvass, carefully conducted in connection with the census enumeration, from which was ascertained the number of months during the entire year in which each person was employed (if at all), in the occupation upon which he chiefly depended for a livelihood, the inquiry being applicable to every such person, whether male or female, if nominally engaged for hire.

The returns, therefore, included all persons engaged in the government service, whether national, state, city, town or county; all professional persons; all persons engaged in domestic and personal service for hire; all persons employed in trade, transportation, agriculture, the fisheries, or in manufactures, unemployment being in each case properly classified as regards each occupation in presenting results.

No investigation so complete as this, with reference to the employment of large numbers of persons, was ever previously undertaken, statements with respect to unemployment usually having been based upon canvasses covering periods of depression only, and including comparatively small numbers of persons.

The report deals with the statistics obtained from about a half-dozen of the leading occupations.

IN THE FACTORY INDUSTRIES.

Little Less Than One-Third Unemployed One-Third of Their Time.

The extent of employment under normal conditions in the factory industries is quite accurately determined in Massachusetts, and, notwithstanding seasonal depressions, is much more uniform than is generally supposed.

Thus, taking all industries in the aggregate during the year 1892, the percentage of unemployment did not rise above 4.45 in any month, and if the single month, January, in which that percentage was reached, be eliminated, it did not exceed 2.98 per cent. of the maximum number of employes enrolled, and did not ...

Classification of time unemployed.	Number.	Percentages.
Unemployed 1 month	1,2[illegible]4	0.72
Unemployed 2 months	5,613	3.30
Unemployed 3 months	5,2[illegible]6	3.07
Unemployed 4 months	7,142	4.20
Unemployed 5 months	2,449	1.44
Unemployed 6 months	5,961	3.51
Unemployed 7 months	7[illegible]5	0.46
Unemployed 8 months	940	0.55
Unemployed 9 months	799	0.47
Unemployed 10 months	560	0.34
Unemployed 11 months	370	0.22
Unemployed entire year	204	0.12
Continuously employed	138,623	81.60
Totals	169,885	100.00

From this table it will be noticed that 81.60 per cent. of the entire number of persons engaged in remunerative occupations in the city were continuously employed during the entire year, as against 70.41 per cent. thus employed in the commonwealth as a whole; while the number unemployed for one month formed but 0.72 per cent. of the aggregate number in remunerative occupations; those unemployed for two months, 3.30 per cent.; for three months, 3.07 per cent.; four months, 4.20 per cent.; five months, 1.44 per cent; and those unemployed for six months, 3.51 per cent.—percentages which, in every case, are smaller than corresponding percentages for the commonwealth as a whole.

From the following table it will be seen that between the age of 20 and 29 both men and women suffered most for need of employment.

UNEMPLOYED PERSONS IN THE WHOLE STATE, REPORTED BY AGES.

Ages.	Males.	Females.	Totals.
10 to 13	341	219	560
14 to 19	26,216	18,689	44,905
20 to 29	51,051	27,533	78,584
30 to 39	36,626	9,052	45,678
40 to 49	29,337	4,388	33,725
50 to 59	20,028	2,091	22,119
60 to 79	14,650	960	15,610

If to these numbers be added the few of 80 years of age and over who were out of employment, and a larger number of "unknowns," who might be jack-of-all-trades or tramps, the total number of persons of both sexes who were unemployed during the whole or parts of the year was 241,589, of whom 178,628 are males and 62,961 females.

Of these, 37,806 males were "out of work" for four months, and 15,022 females were unemployed for two months, these figures being the highest of the monthly divisions of the total unemployment, as shown by the previous classification. The totals will, of course, be found to agree.

CLASSIFIED LABOR.

Occupations Which Mostly Contributed to the General Results.

While the foregoing tabulations have shown the unemployment in the aggregate, it is important to know what occupations have mostly contributed to the general results. This is the nearest approach that can be made to a statement of the industries in which the supply of labor exceeds the demands for it.

The report of 1885 gives the percentages of unemployed persons in the principal occupations, and a subsequent report gives the number employed in these occupations in 1890, but not the unemployed during that year. Nevertheless, some interesting information may be gathered by an examination of both documents.

The occupations which showed the greatest amount of unemployment in 1885 were, among males: Book-keepers and clerks, teamsters, farmers, farm laborers, fishermen, boot and shoe makers, carpenters, masons, painters, cotton mill operatives, tannery employes and morocco workers, machinists and machine shop employes, iron workers, jewelry makers, woollen mill operatives, laborers, while those classed under "all other occupations" made up ...

...entages of Unemployed ...sons.

...emales. Percentages.	Both sexes. Number.	Both sexes. Percentages.
100.00	241,589	100.00
9.08	7,907	3.27
6.33	4,9[illegible]4	2.03
3.99	4,146	1.72
1.98	9,509	3.94
0.03	7,033	2.91
0.06	15,165	6.28
	3,536	1.46
78.22	167,041	69.14
	694	0.29
0.02	20,361	8.43
0.29	1,283	0.53

These figures as to unemployment related to the principal occupation of the employe. The investigation, however, comprehended the determination of the net average time unemployed at any kind of work, not only as regards the unemployed persons as a whole, but also for persons unemployed in particular occupations.

As a result, 10,758 persons unemployed at their principal occupations were returned as having been engaged at some other work during this period of unemployment, the particular kind of work not being designated, but considered as "other occupations."

Expressed in terms of percentages, the net average unemployment for all unemployed persons during the year was 3.91 months, and did not greatly vary between the sexes. The net average term of unemployment, if based upon the total number of persons engaged in gainful occupations, was 1.16 months, and did not greatly vary between the sexes.

COMPARATIVE, NOT POSITIVE.

Tables Showing Unemployment in the Nine Leading Industries.

The bureau of statistics of labor has prepared elaborate tables showing the unemployment for the nine leading industries—boots and shoes, carpetings, cotton goods, leather, machines and machinery, metals and metallic goods, paper, paper goods, wollen goods, worsted goods, and for all industries in the aggregate for the years 1889 to 1893, inclusive.

While these tables are, undoubtedly, of great value, they are not as comprehensive as the results shown by the house to house canvass made in 1885; for in the more recent tables the largest number employed in any month in any industry is considered 100 per cent., and the percentages of unemployment during other months are arrived at by computing the difference between each one of the 11 less prosperous months with the one which happens to be most prosperous.

If, therefore, there were still persons unemployed in any industry during the month when the largest number was employed these unemployed persons would not be accounted for. The results, accordingly, are comparative and not positive.

For instance, taking the year 1889, the largest number of persons employed in all industries during the year appeared in the month of October, and this number is taken to be 100 per cent.

In the month of January 96.58 per cent. of the number found enrolled in the month of October were employed, the percentage of unemployed in that month being obtained by deducting 96.58 from 100, or 3.42.

The tables as a whole show that in all industries employment, as a rule, is quite uniform, unemployment seldom rising above 3 per cent., while it sometimes falls below - per cent.

Occasional months of depression occur, due, in most cases, to temporary stoppages for various reasons. Such a period will be found to have occurred in the month of January, 1890, when the percentage of unemployed was 5.10; but, as a rule, the statement as to the general uniformality of employment is clearly supported by the figures.

The depression of 1893 is, therefore, strikingly illustrated, and it marks the abnormal condition which, during the last months of the year ...

... duced in 1892 products to the value of $5,239,525; 8 classed under clothing produced in 1892 $862,746; 8 classed under cordage and twine produced $1,311,641; 3 classed under carpeting produced $539,529; 16 classed under food preparations produced $193,325; 15 classes under furniture produced $402,235; 9 classed under leather produced $1,046,116; 11 classed under machines and machinery produced $169,683; 16 classed under metals and metallic goods produced $516,-375; 7 classed under shipbuilding produced $301,576; 10 classed under stone produced $212,795; 28 classed under woollen goods produced in 1892 $1,961,678.

Of the 271 industries, 51 establishments turning out a product value of $5,139,111 in 1892 were unable to make return in 1893 owing to the fact that they were insolvent; 36 gave up manufacturing and confined their efforts to buying and selling because, as they reported, it was impossible to manufacture under existing conditions; 14 establishments removed from the state owing to labor troubles, and 1 closed up for the same reason.

Fifty-four retired from business permanently, having no successors; 5 dissolved partnership, 2 closed out owing to competition, 3 shut down owing to litigation and 25 sold out plant and business.

Thirty-eight establishments shut down the entire year owing to business uncertainty, 7 on account of ill health, 15 owing to the death of the proprietors and 20 by being burned out.

The decline of these has, of course, had a marked effect upon employment.

And the volume of labor is constantly increasing. The industrial statistics of 19 leading cities in the commonwealth, as given in the national census of 1890, show that 69,934 were employed, on the average, in the boot and shoe industry in 1890, while returns for the whole state showed 62,525 employed in 1885.

The national statistics showed 76,213 persons employed in the cotton industries in 19 cities in 1890, while in 1885, in the whole state, there were 58,383—a difference, or increase, of 17,820, although the unemployed classed under this industry represented about 20 per cent. of the total unemployed of that year.

In the woollen industry in 1885 there were 22,726 persons employed, while the national census enumerators found but 19,813 employed in 1890.

In silk industries in 1885 there were 1419 persons employed in the whole state in 1885, while 3216 were reported in the 19 cities in 1890.

"OVERCROWDING."

Significant Figures Concerning the Nine Leading Industries.

It is probably fair to assume that in those industries where capital is not legitimately expanding and employment is decreasing, there is a distinct tendency toward what may be called "overcrowding."

In the nine leading industries, representing 62.35 per cent. of all capital, as returned in 1893, and 55.87 per cent. of the industrial capital of the commonwealth as returned in 1885, the following facts appear for the year 1893: In four of these industries, boots and shoes, carpetings, machines and machinery, and paper and paper goods, an increase in capital is shown, amounting to .81 per cent. in boots and shoes, 2.10 per cent. in carpetings, 6.84 per cent. in machines and machinery and 5.44 per cent. in paper and paper goods.

In each of the other leading indus- ...

... success at tests made here.

Harley claims that his invention will revolutionize ironmaking, and this prediction is borne out by the opinion of experts. The discovery is said to surpass in importance that made by Bessemer.

A third interest in the invention has been sold to J. W. Vencleve, an iron man; J. R. Anderson, publisher and capitalist, of New York; H. C. & W. E. Story, A. P. Wilson and C. B. Howell of Chicago. A company has been incorporated under the laws of West Virginia, with $1,000,000 capital.

By Harley's process iron is made from an endless furnace, with a peculiar method of controlling the admission of air, by which a thoroughly molten condition of iron is obtained.

It is said that Bethlehem (Pa.) iron men have expressed a willingness to pay $10,000,000 for the invention, on proof that it is what it is claimed to be.

WOMAN'S BOARD OF MISSIONS.

Programme of the Annual Meeting to Be Held at West Roxbury Tomorrow.

The 16th annual meeting of the Suffolk branch of the Congregational Woman's Board of Missions will be held in the South Evangelical Church, West Roxbury, tomorrow. The morning session will begin at 9:45.

The exercises will consist of a welcome to the branch by Mrs. N. G. Clark, wife of the secretary, Rev. Dr. Clark of the American Board, and a response; minutes of the last meeting, by Mrs. Nathaniel Greene; the report of the home secretary, by Miss Mary P. Jones; the report of the treasurer, by Miss Myra B. Childs, and the report of auxiliaries, by district secretaries; report of the foreign work of the branch, by Mrs. Nathaniel Greene; paper, "Jan. 10th," by Mrs. J. Sturgis Potter; missionary address, by Mrs. J. K. Brown of Turkey, and a devotional meeting, conducted by Mrs. S. B. Capron.

The afternoon session, beginning at 2 o'clock, will include the election of officers and the election of delegates and substitutes; a solo by Miss Clary; children's department, with report of the secretary, by Mrs. Emma B. Evans; the young women's department, with a word from the secretary, Dr. Louise C. Purington, M. D., of Dorchester; a composite society report, by Alice M. Buswell of Newton; literature suggestions, by Ada R. Hartshorn; news from the front, China and Japan, Armenia, Hawaii, etc., by Alice M. Jordan; missionary address, by Miss Mary M. Root, Madura, India, and prayer and benediction, by Rev. N. G. Clark, D. D.

THE VENETIAN'S CARGO.

Full List of Articles on Board the Stranded English Steamer.

Appended is a complete list of the cargo of the stranded steamer Venetian:

Six hundred and forty-five cattle, 838 sheep, 65 packages agricultural machinery, 500 boxes bacon, 3193 quarters beef, 28 cases shoe blacking, 30 barrels shoe blacking, 10 kegs shoe blacking, 529 cases boots and shoes, 600 cases canned goods, 127 cases chair stock, 5 cases chairs, 660 boxes cheese, 500 bags cornmeal, 100 empty barrels, 51 bags flint sand, 19,191 sacks flour, 16,000 bushels wheat, 67 packages hardware, 603 bales hides, 36 bales hops, 662 bales hay, 130 cases lard, 1000 buckets lard, 1500 packages lard, 250 kegs lard, 25 half-barrels lard, 39 cases leather, 439 bags leather, 175 bales leather, 130 bundles leather, 716 rolls leather, 17 barrels leather, 1 pack- ...

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...ons last year, a decrease of 1...
The Wolverine mine produced 80¼ tons mineral for February, against 83 tons for January, and 72 tons for February last year, making 163¼ tons for two months, against 148 tons last year, an increase of 15 tons.

How delightful to investors are the beauties of an irregular and uncertain dividend policy! The Boston News Bureau says: "Investors in Boston & Montana may as well make up their minds to a continuation of the policy of semi-annual dividend payments. It is just as easy to pay $4 a year as two instalments as in four, and nobody can promise $4 a year."

By semi-annual, the bureau means, of course, two payments a year, to be styled semi-annual by courtesy. So far as known this company has no fixed dividend policy beyond a determination to pay anything or nothing at pleasure. The real delight in such policy is to speculators, not to investors. The latter have need to know when to expect income. The former thrive on uncertainty and gather profits off early knowledge of probabilities. Dividends ought to be paid on fixed dates, the amounts only to be subject to fluctuation, according to income.

A Baltimore banking house remarks that: "It was an evil day when the management of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company unwisely consented to list B. & O. stock at the New York Exchange. If it had been left on our exchange only, we believe the stock would now be selling at 80, but at New York, there being no organized support, the stock is easily sold down and manipulated by the bears. The decline in B. & O. stock this week is evidently due to a bear raid, and to a preconcerted newspaper attack upon the credit of the company."

There are advantages and disadvantages in the listing of stocks on a great exchange, but the Baltimore bankers may rest assured that all the bears in Wall street cannot permanently damage the credit of a concern, unless that credit is made vulnerable by the management of a concern. Birds of prey do not trouble a live and sound animal.

Messrs. Barness & Cunningham analyze briefly the outlined plan for the rehabilitation of the Atchison property, and find $278,000,000 securities put ahead of the stock, against $226,000,000 outstanding. "And, as if this were not enough, they have $50,000,000 more in reserve to issue for other purposes, and to hang, like a loosened avalanche, over the heads of the poor stockholders. * * * The result of this plan, if carried through, would be, in our judgment, unfair to each class of security holders, and inimical to the future prosperity of the road. It is necessary for the safe and economical operation of the road that the company should have bonds of unquestioned security to use for the legitimate needs of the road. Otherwise money must be borrowed at ruinous rates of discount, and the way paved for another deadly floating debt. The present proposed plan will not make the bonds of the Atchison road securities of unquestioned value."

We shall personally be pleased to know the important and interesting subject of what part shall silver bear in the future currency of the world will be discussed by the powers, but we are convinced that no power upon the earth or under the earth can ever make a success of a double standard. We cannot have two measures of value, unless both are in every respect coequal.—(Hambleton & Co.

The additions to the British mercantile marine in 1894 were 833 vessels, registering 921,743 gross tons. Of this tonnage 811,859 tons were steam, and 109,884 tons sailing tonnage. Of the total additions nearly 93 per cent. were new vessels, all of which were British-built, the remainder consisting chiefly of vessels bought from abroad or transferred from the colonies. The total deductions from the register on account of wreckage, breaking-up and sales amounted to 942 vessels of 570,004 tons, leaving the net addition to tonnage 351,739 tons gross, while there was a net decrease of 109 in the number of vessels.

The new loans brought in London in the third week of February were swelled by the sale of United States 4s, which makes the total from

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...ns 104 1/2 ... 104 1/2 | 104 1/2 ... 104 1/2
...do ... 189 | 191 ... do ... 26 1/2
6 3 ... do ... 189 1/8 | 15 U. S. Rub. pref. 94
100 ... do ... 189 1/8

Unlisted Securities.

90 Sugar Refin.	93 1/2	92 Sugar Refin.	93
200 ... do	93 1/8	20 Sugar pref.	92¼
50 ... do	93	100 U.S. Leather	6¼
4.0 ... do	92 5/8	50 Nat. Lead	28

BETWEEN CALLS—12:45 P. M.

Bonds.

$1000 C., B. & Q. ex	93¾	$1000 Gas 1st	73½
$1000 Con. Vt. 5s.	84	$8 000 Mex. 4s	55
$1 00 ... do	83½	$25000 Atchison 4s	63½
$.00 ... do	83		

Railroads.

355 Atchison	5 5/8	100 Chic., B. & Q.	69 7/8
100 ... do	3 11-16	25 ... do	69 7/8
10 Union Pacific	8½	14 West Eld pref.	87¼
50 West End	61½	17 ... do	87½

Mining.

25 Franklin	12¼	100 Tamarack, Jr.	11½
50 Bos. & Mont.	36¼		

Land and Miscellaneous.

5 Bell Telephone	189½	5 Pullman	154½
113 ... do	189	100 C. S. Rubber	37¾
50 s. 30 no int	188	50 Gen. Elec. pref.	61¼
50 s. 30 no int	87½	100 Gen. Electric	26 1/8
28 ... do	88½	20 Distil. Feed	12 1/8
10 ... do	188	160 Edison El. Ilu	126
25 s. 10	187½		

Unlisted Securities.

360 Sugar Refin.	93	625 Sugar Refin.	91 7/8
1 ... do	53	0 ... do	91¾
100 ... do	92 7/8	810 ... do	91 5/8
150 ... do	92¾	300 Sugar pref.	92¼
175 ... do	92	10 ... do	92
50 ... do	92 3/8	15 ... do	92¾
225 ... do	92	200 Bay State Gas	1 1/8

SECOND CALL—2:15 P. M.

Bonds.

$3000 C., B. N. 5s	104¼	$5000 Gas 1st	73
$5000 Gas 2d	45¾	$5000 ... do	73½
$5000 ... do	46		

Railroads.

300 Chic., B. & Q.	69½	100 Union Pacific.	8 5/8
10 ... do	69 3/8	350 ... do	8½
200 Mex. Central	7¼	31 West End pref.	87½
300 ... do	7½	11 Fitchburg pref.	84¾

Mining.

100 Bonanza	20	50 Tamarack, Jr.	11½
50 Bos & Mont	36¼		

Land and Miscellaneous.

5 East Boston	4 1/8	100 Gen. Electric.	26 5/8
10 Westing. com	30½	50 ... do	26½
15 Bell Telephone	189	100 ... do	26 3/8
5 ... do	189½	100 ... do	2 ¾
5 ... do	190	350 ... do	26 1/8
200 Distil. Feed	1 1/2	100 C. S. Rubber	38
18 Westing. pref.	50	6 N. E. Telephone.	67¼

Unlisted Securities.

150 Sugar Refin.	92¼	1415 Sugar Refin.	92¼
50 ... do	92 3/8	650 ... do	93
650 ... do	92 1/8	50 Sugar pref.	92 1/8
400 ... do	92 5/8	100 b. 3	92¼
15 ... do	92¾	50 ... do	92½

The following were today's closing prices:

Land.

	Bid.	Asked.
Anniston Land	15	..
Atlanta Land	4	..
Boston Land	..	.90
Boston Water Power	..	2⅝
Boylston Land	..	..
Brookline Land	33¼	..
Penobscot Bay Land	..	.50
Maverick Land	..	2 1/8
San Diego Land	..	..
West End Land	2	2¼
Wollaston Land	1⅛	1¼

Telephone.

Bell Telephone	190	191
Erie Telephone	49	50
Mexican Telephone	..	.60
New England Telephone	67	67⅛

Miscellaneous.

Boston Electric Light	..	108
Dominion Coal	..	14
Dominion Coal pref.	92	92½
Edison Electric Illuminating	125	..
General Electric com.	37	27¼
General Electric pref.	61	..
Illinois Steel	..	42
Lamson Store Service	22½	23
Pullman Car	..	154
Reece Buttonhole	19	19½
U. S. Rubber com.	38	38½
U. S. Rubber pref.	93½	94⅛
Westinghouse Electric com.	31	3 ½
Westinghouse Electric pref.	50	50½
Street Railroad Properties	22½	..

Railroads.

Atchison & Topeka	3⅞	4
Atlantic & Pacific	..	.60
Boston & Albany	..	208
Boston & Lowell	198½	198½
Boston & Maine pref.	150	..
Boston & Providence	260	261
Central Mass. com.	10½	..
Chic. Junction com.	87	89
Chic. Junction pref.	..	99
Chic. & West Michigan	10	..
Cleveland & Canton com.	25	..
Conn. & Passumpsic	..	135½
Fitchburg com.	12	..

...do pref. ... 34½ 35

Industrials.

Am. Tobacco	90	91	90½	90¼	90¾	
Am. Cot. Oil	22¼	21	20¾	22¾	23	
Chicago Gas	71	72	70¾	71¾	7 7/8	
Distillers	12¼	12¼	12 8	12⅝	12¾	
Nat. Lead Co.	28	28½	28	28¼	2 ¼	
do. pref.	..	..	..	82	82¾	
Rubber	..	..	..	38	38¾	
Sugar	93⅛	93⅞	91½	93¼	9 ¾	
do. pref.	92½	..	..	92⅝	92¾	
U. S. Cordage	5	..	..	5¼	5½	

Miscellaneous.

Bay State Gas	14½	15½	14½	14½	14¾	
Bell. & Hud.	125	125⅞	125¾	125½	126	
Gen. Elec.	27	27½	25⅞	27	27¼	
Pacific Mail	..	..	..	22	22¼	
Pullman Pal.	..	..	..	153	155⅝	
Tenn. C. & I.	14	..	..	14⅜	14¾	
Silver	..	..	..	66⅞	..	
West. Union	87½	87⅝	86⅞	87⅞	87½	

LONDON STOCK MARKET.

LONDON, March 4, 1895—12:30 P. M. Consols 104 5-16 for money and 104 7-16d. for the account; Canadian Pacific, 43½; Erie, 8¾; Erie 2ds, 56½; Illinois Central, 86; Mexican ordinary, 17¼; St. Paul common, 55; New York Central, 98¼; Pennsylvania, 50⅝; Reading, 4¾; Mexican Central 4s, 58; Louisville & Nashville, 48⅝; Atchison common, 4.

2 P. M. Bar silver, market steady; quoted 27 11-16d. per ounce.

NOTES.

Paris advices quote 3 per cent. rentes at f.103 50c. for the account.

The statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows a decrease in specie of 14,238,000 marks.

REPUBLICAN SUCCESS IN SIGHT.

Elections Proceeding Quietly in Maine Cities, and Little Interest Shown.

(Special Dispatch to the Boston Herald.)

PORTLAND, Me., March 4, 1895. Interest in today's municipal election here seems rather inactive, except in ward 6, where Mrs. Augusta M. Hunt is being run as an independent candidate for the school board, and in ward 4, which the Democrats carried last year, but which their opponents hope to recapture today. Judging from the noon tallies, Mayor Baxter will be re-elected, and the Republicans will carry five of the seven wards.

Reports from neighboring cities are as follows:

Deering—An average vote had been cast up to noon. It is conceded that the Republicans will have a large majority in the incoming city council, but the vote for mayor is likely to be very close. A year ago the Democratic nominee was elected by 35 plurality.

Westbrook—Today's contests at the polls are very quiet and lacking in interest. In all probability the Republicans will win, although their majority of last spring is likely to be reduced.

Saco—There is no contest today over the choice of municipal candidates, the Democrats having decided to let the election go by default. Mayor Foss is the mayoralty nominee. A very light vote is being polled.

TWO REASONS FOR A STRIKE.

(Special Dispatch to the Boston Herald.)

PROVIDENCE R. I., March 4, 1895. A strike was begun at Manton village this morning.

The weavers wish weekly payments in the fullest sense of the term, and object to the continued employment of an overseer whom they contend is too arbitrary and not fair in his dealings with them.

About 100 hands have quit work.

MINOR EVENTS NEAR HOME.

The Marlboro Central Labor Union voted yesterday to assess all members in aid of the Westboro strikers.

A no-license meeting was held yesterday in the First Congregational Church, Stoneham. The speakers were Rev. A.

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selves, and seeing to it that no competitive bids are entered. Corruption thus appears chiefly to proceed from corporations enjoying or seeking public franchises, real estate deals and contractors for public work.

"Municipal Reform Movements," by William Howe Tolman, the secretary of the City Vigilance League of New York, has just been published by the Fleming H. Revel Company of New York. It has an introductory chapter by Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst, who heartily commends it as not only an incentive, but a guide, to those who are contemplating the organization of movements similar to those in progress in New York.

The municipal lighting plant of South Norwalk, Ct., has been attracting much attention by its fine record of efficiency. A. E. Winchester, a member of the board of electric light commissioners of that town, writes in the Electrical Engineer an article on the subject of municipal lighting plants. He says that he is not an advocate of municipal electric plants, as well as public ownership of all other public institutions, except under the most favorable conditions, which are seldom met with except in theory. The idea, he says, is a very broad one with vast possibilities, and it is noted that it is daily becoming more and more apparent that municipal electric plants are gaining in numbers even in face of constant reports of failure in that line; which reports are often exaggerated and circulated by parties interested in private plants. Mr. Winchester says that this increase in municipal plants is largely due to schemers who, by glowing promises, make a business of obtaining valuable franchises from progressive little cities, and in turn establish a cheaply constructed plant with the expectation of unloading the stock at a handsome profit on the citizens. The service usually becomes so unsatisfactory that as a last resort the people begin to talk of a municipal plant. An instance of this character caused the establishment of the South Norwalk municipal plant, which has achieved success after a thorough trial. He says that the great enemies of municipal plants are politics and partisanship, and that this is true of all other city work. When strictly business principles prevail he sees no reason why cities cannot operate electric plants and supply lights for the public with more economy than private plants. "After all," he says, "a municipal plant is, practically speaking, the same as a private plant, inasmuch as all the citizens are stockholders in it, and if they wish success it rests with them to select with as great care as would any well organized business concern those who are to establish it, and thereafter appoint only men who are fully qualified and willing to manage it on an honest business basis, such as they would adopt in conducting their own affairs."

Paving and Municipal Engineering for February contains much valuable information on various matters of practical municipal administration. "The Cost of Maintaining Macadam in Berlin," by Maj. J. W. Howard, has a special interest by reason of the perfect municipal administration of the German capital and the consequent value of the deductions based upon its experience. Berlin has a considerable amount of macadam pavement, but asphalt and stone blocks are steadily replacing it; this is from motives of economy, as well as health and comfort. The long, dry season, with the sandy soil, makes macadam either very dusty in the parks, to the great injury of vegetation, or it must be so constantly sprinkled that it becomes disagreeably muddy and wears out rapidly. Under the same weight and quantity of traffic macadam costs twice to three times as much as asphalt and stone; under heavy traffic about five times as much, and in some places even more. There is a discussion of standard specifications for paving brick by various leading manufacturers; Desmond FitzGerald of the Boston water works points out a method of determining the color of water, and Prof. S. F. Peckham has a paper on the asphalt question. There is also a valuable discussion on "How to Determine the Merits of Asphalt" by leading officials and municipal ... of Denver, Chicago, Philadel-

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was tired of the little piece of romance in which he had embarked. Whatever his motive was, he divulged everything, and gave to the Queen all the letters and poetry which he had received from her daughter, as well as the photographs indorsed with endearing epithets, the Queen presumably assuring him that he should not be allowed to suffer for his having sacrificed his sentiments of affection to his feeling of loyalty.

It was immediately after this that the Queen married off her daughter to the eldest son of the Duke of Argyll, the Marquis of Lorne.

Mr. Duckworth's career has been an exceedingly prosperous and agreeable one since then, and, although he has never since been an active member of the royal household, his chaplaincy to the Queen being merely of an honorary character, he has been promoted from one lucrative preferment to another, receiving almost immediately after Princess Louise's marriage the rectorship of a valuable crown living in the outskirts of London, far away from Mayfair, and situated in a locality where he was little likely to ever meet his whilom flame.

Today he retains many traces of his former comeliness. He does not object to being reminded of the fact that he once figured as the hero of a royal love affair, and acted the part of Prince Charming to the loveliest of English princesses.

EVIDENTLY A POOR LIKENESS.

Statue of Grant for Statuary Hall Meets with Much Disfavor.

The statue of Gen. Grant, which reached the Capitol some time ago, was unboxed in the rotunda the other morning, says the Washington Post. It was inspected by Senators Vilas and Manderson of the committee on library, and by Senators Palmer and Cullom. Without exception, they all pronounced it a bad likeness. The statue will be accepted, however, by Congress and unveiled in Statuary Hall at an early day.

Senator Palmer thought the statue resembled Gen. Sherman more than it did Grant. Senator Cullom thought it was wide of the mark. "The face is too long, the hair is roached, which Gen. Grant never did. Grant was of stocky build, and this statue represents him as being tall and thin, with legs as slim as mine. Ha, ha!" said the Illinois senator, with a chuckle, "you would never recognize that as being Grant."

Senator Manderson thought the fatal defect was in the cut of the whiskers. He placed a newspaper over them, but that did not emphasize the facial features of Grant. Senator Cullom suggested that the newspaper be placed over the forehead and the lower part of the face and the whiskers be left exposed. The result suggested Gen. Sherman.

"At Vicksburg," said Manderson, "Grant's whiskers were worn almost as long as Senator Peffer's, and he wore them inside of his coat, like Senator Peffer often does."

"At Corinth," said Senator Palmer, "they were closely cropped."

"The statue ought to give at least a suggestion of Gen. Grant," said Senator Vilas, "but it doesn't."

The work of art was presented to Statuary Hall by the Grand Army of the Republic.

DREAMING AND WAKING.

(From the Atlanta Constitution.)

A fellow feels right lazy
In this weather—soft as spring;
And looks to find a daisy,
And hear a bluebird sing.

But just when he begins to think
There's summer in his soul,
He hears a knock—the latch goes "clink!"
And here's the bill for coal.

HENCE THESE TEARS.

John J. McCormack of ... real estate dealer, favored ...
Chairman Adams could ... sity for such a bill. It ... upon the commission the ... of burdens. The commissi... taken land without notif... served upon parties inter...
Lawyer Charles S. Rack... sel to the board, argued ... proposition. There were ... reasons why it should not ... considered. There was no ... such law, there was abso... cedent for it and there ... legal distinctions exempt... missioners from acting i... petitioned.
Mr. Las Casas spoke ... substantially what Mr. A... with regard to the syste... tion.
The hearing closed upon ...

The next bill taken u... drawn to accompany the ... Adams, that the commi... granted authority in rela... of the locations of the ... Beach & Lynn R. R. and ... Maine railroad in Revere.
Mr. Adams spoke of th... the sum of money asked.
Mr. Adams stated that ... propriation of $500,000 was ... equate for the purposes.
It would cost the state ... lars at least, to fully ... work.
Mr. Las Casas stated ... mission simply asked for ... er as was granted the l... missions.
Representative Jones—... actment of this law se... grade crossings?
Mr. Las Casas—I thin... tirely remove them.
Mr. Adams stated he ... of going ahead unless ... basis. In answer to ... Southard of Somerville, ... that sum would cover t...
Washington D. Bene... favored the bill, and ... property owneds alon... lines who gladly give th... its cost price.
Mr. W. H. Coolidge, ... Boston & Maine railr... should not oppose or ac... but he desired to call ... of the committee the fa... viso is at present in ... which the railroads ca... damages for loss of pro...
Senator Sanger aske... to confer with Mr. Fe... and present an amendm...
Mr. Felix Rackeman ... same point as had Mr. ...
Mr. Sylvester Baxter ... passage of the bill as ... to conduce to the creat... park system.
The hearing closed up... the committee took up ... George A. Blaney of ... appropriation of $1,000,0... out and maintaing a ... yards through the cou... the towns and cities w... tion.
Mr. Blaney made a le... on his bill, and was fo... Bancroft of Cambridg... as counsel for private ... ested.
City Solicitor Z. C. ... erville favored the bill ... ter and President Cape... briefly in favor of the ... Solicitor Hayes of Me...
Mr. Adams, for ... would not oppose the ... minded the committee ... onerous responsibilitie... carefully considered.
The hearing closed.

TWO VERDICTS ...

The full bench of th... today sustained the ... defendants in the ca... Marston vs. the Singa... pany, and same vs. ...

on. That is to say, the
ween Saturday and today
f Saturday. It is a rather
on and is not calculated
abbatarians who object
ing. On the whole, how-
will prefer it to the al-
xtra session.

WFOUNDLAND.

of the steamer Halifax
den with a cargo that
substantial relief to the
of Newfoundland is an
icing, not only among
o be the recipients of
among the generous
It is another token of
ness and readiness to
ue of the unfortunate,
ot may happen to be
nd clothing which con-
of the Halifax, to-
money subscribed for
will come as a ray of
the clouds that over-
province.

STUART BLACKIE.

ty years the name of
man has been promi-
eriodicals as a writer
, and his work as an
sor has been every-
e translated Goethe's
w Englishmen could
d he early became a
in Scotch education.
he filled the place
ied two generations
"Christopher North,"
the world with his
nae," and instructed
h in the principles of
Prof. Blackie was a
, and one of the
choolmasters of the

ERS' ASSOCIATION.

ganized in 1891 and
ers and graduates of
, and of persons who
s at the university
achers. Its object is
opment of education
Harvard, to increase
and to provide the
thought upon edu-
among the teachers
s forth. It will hold
eeting in Sever Hall
rning, when Prof.
Hill, Prof. W. W.
al leading teachers
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object of this edu-
Harvard is to in-
n between the uni-
lucation in a scien-
epartment at Har-
taken as an experi-
improved training

this action; but now the argument is made that the new Republican mayor is equally opposed. It is obvious, therefore, that the opposition to this change is not a political one, but a realization that the finances of the city and the general conditions of public employment do not warrant the change. For the Legislature to thus vote away money, which most of their members have nothing to do about the paying, seems to be a decidedly gratuitous interference with local affairs.

To show how narrow the view is taken by those who supported this bill, it is only necessary to point out that if the law were made a general one—that is, if it were made to apply, as it should apply if it is to be a law, to all of the fire departments of the state where permanent men are employed—it would not obtain anywhere near the vote that was given to it in the House on Thursday. But in practice, the firemen of the other cities of Massachusetts and the large towns of the state deserve to have this consideration accorded to them much more than the firemen of the city of Boston, for the reason that the former do not receive anywhere near as large an amount of pay for the services they perform, while ordinarily their hours off, days off and vacations are nowhere near as frequent or as long as those accorded to the latter. But these representatives who were so ready to vote away the money of Boston realize that they would render themselves exceedingly unpopular with their constituents if they adopted a similar course respecting the other cities and towns of the state, and yet the firemen of these other places are just as deserving of consideration, and there is quite as much call to grant them one day off in seven as there is to make this provision for those in the employ of the Boston fire department.

THE NEW YORK LIBRARY.

The plan for the consolidation of the Astor, Lenox and Tilden trusts in one great collection, which shall fulfil the terms of Mr. Tilden's will in making a free public library for the city of New York, is a solution of the difficulty felt in carrying into effect the terms of his will that will command universal approval. The Astor and Lenox libraries have been the pride of New York, but they have been chiefly useful to scholars, and have served no popular purpose. At the same time they are indispensable foundations of a large library, and though a part of a much larger collection, they will in the future serve the same ends which their donors had in mind. The Tilden trust loses nothing by these additions to its plan. It gains immensely by being able from the start to take its proper proportions, and with the large endowments at command it can realize on a proper scale what a free library ought to be in the first city on this continent. It is a

agency. Such lines of boulevards and parkways would form the broad basis and the main arteries in a metropolitan street plan, which might be scientifically and comprehensively laid out in detail through a metropolitan board of survey—a plan which would prevent enormous burdens for the future by checking the evil of the present haphazard and shortsighted methods of speculative real estate interests.

While such a boulevard and parkway system is demanded, there is no occasion for entering upon its immediate creation, except in certain particulars. But if the lines of such improvements could be determined now many advantageous routes might now be availed of which very soon will otherwise be made impossible; if this wise course were taken local improvements would be made in conformity with such lines, and the system might be gradually and economically carried out as occasion arose. By giving the commission a power for this purpose similar to that of the Boston board of survey the desired end could be easily achieved.

In the choice of the parkway and boulevard work to be entered upon under the act of last year the commission has acted wisely—the beginning of a northern boulevard to the Middlesex Fells in Medford and Malden, the southern boulevard to the Blue Hills, in continuation of Blue Hill avenue, and the beginning of the Mystic valley parkway along the Aberjona river and Mystic pond. To make a proper connection with the northern boulevard through Cambridge and Somerville is a serious question. The solution suggested by the landscape architects—to use for the purpose the present location of the Lowell railroad between Cambridge street in Somerville and Craigie bridge—has much to commend it, for the purchase of the old McLean asylum grounds by the Boston & Maine provides convenient means for relocating the railroad.

A CORRECTABLE NUISANCE.

In the construction of new buildings now going up in various parts of our city the method has been adopted of fencing off an area around the work by including the sidewalk within the space provided for construction, while a temporary board sidewalk, from 2½ to 3 feet in width has been laid in the street outside of the fence. No doubt this method is preferable to one which would force pedestrians to walk in the street, and, perhaps, exception cannot be taken to the inconvenience which must be endured when new buildings are in process of erection. But those who are thus trenching on the convenience, if not the rights, of the walking public have in a number of instances gone a step farther, and have leased out these fences to be used as advertising boards. The effect of this is that on one side of these narrow

the Episcopal church at a point where it has been claimed as the roomiest body in Christendom. It is a statement, on the authority of a portion of the episcopate, that comprehension of divergent interpretations of truth is not to be allowed, as it is allowed today in the Church of England, and that the clergy of the church must abandon their wider interpretations of its authority and position. So far, this document has been met on the part of the liberal clergy with protest. With all due respect to the bishops and to their right to direct the church, they feel that the pastoral throws a doubt upon their loyalty.

The vital question here raised must be met. It is whether the Episcopal church is to be simply the transmitter of ancient truth in its exact terms, standing as a witness of the past, or whether it is to be both a witness to the past and a strong and powerful interpreter of living truth to living men. The growth of this communion in this country has been almost in exact proportion to the extent that it has become an interpreter of truth and a force in present affairs. It has come to be identified as a conservative body with the social development of the nation, the industrial spirit of the people, and in social discussions and in the movement of life its clergy and people have shown a loyalty to the past and a sympathy with the present which have called forth the warmest gratitude from both the leaders of opinion and the people at large. To recede from this position of the widest usefulness and to withdraw into its shell, if this were possible, would be suicidal. Dr. DeKoven said in 1877, when the tide of this larger life was demanding expression in the Episcopal church, that it had just begun to feel the reality of its mission, and since then in this community, largely through the influence of Bishop Brooks, it has come to stand for the highest and best interests of human life. His work was the enlargement of the lines on which this communion reaches out to the common lines of religious life among the people, and had he been rejected in his election or his confirmation, the revulsion of feeling on the part of the people of New England would have been beyond expression. The trouble with this pastoral is that it overlooks this enlarged mission of the Episcopal church, and misinterprets the spirit of its more liberal clergy. They have shown by their works the loyalty of their spirit, and if one party is to be arrayed against the other because each has a different idea of service from the other, while all agree in essentials, gods and men will look aghast upon the scene. Charity, breadth of interpretation, the recognition of the use of diverse gifts in the extension of the kingdom of God, were never more demanded than now, and the toleration, within limits, of the

is conceivable that an application of this law in a municipality which covered a long and narrow area might have the effect of depriving the people of such conveniences in the way of license as they had given their votes to obtain, and might, indeed, practically convert a town from a license to a no-license community, not by its own vote, but in consequence of the vote of its neighbors. If there was a general demand for such legislation—that is, if the defect it is intended to correct was found to exist in a large number of cases—it might be desirable to adopt this method of meeting it in spite of the arguments that can be raised against it. But we are inclined to believe that this is a general rule that has been proposed to meet one particular evil, and this the existence of liquor saloons and the sale of liquor in Boston on the border line of Brookline. There is no question but that this sale is an unmitigated nuisance both for Boston and Brookline, as these saloons are located in what is a country section of Boston, but close to the thickly settled part of Brookline, and for no other purpose than to secure the patronage of the citizens of that town. The feelings of comity between the municipal authorities of Brookline and Boston, or rather, between the town officers and the police commissioners of the city, who are state officials, should be sufficient to correct an abuse of this kind. There is no reason that can be fairly urged why these licenses should be granted in the manner that they have been. It is optional with the police commissioners to suppress them at any time, and we should suppose that a proper presentation of the case to Gen. Martin and his associates would be all that was needed to bring about a correction of the admitted evil, and that it was not necessary to resort to general legislation applying all over the state from Barnstable to Berkshire—legislation of a character which, as we have pointed out, is foreign to our system of local government, by giving to officials in one city or town power to regulate the affairs of adjoining municipalities.

Harold Frederic puts Mr. William Waldorf Astor's loss on account of his ventures in London journalism at $2,000,000. He paid a quarter of a million for the Pall Mall Gazette alone three or four years ago, and he has spent money freely in endeavoring to build it up. He recently offered to sell it for $200,000, throwing in the Pall Mall Magazine and the Pall Mall Budget for nothing, but being unable to find a purchaser, even at this sacrifice, he now proposes to wind them all up and pocket his losses. Probably this will rank as the most expensive of all the unsuccessful ventures in journalism yet recorded, and the list of those failures is a very long and tragic one.

The West Pointer whom Mayor Strong has appointed on the New York police commission, and who ap-

the beginning.

To the late Ismail Pasha belongs a large share of the credit for the building of the Suez canal. Without his assistance M. de Lesseps would scarcely have been able to have accomplished the greatest engineering feat of the century.

It looks as if the enemies of John Burns sowed tares in his bailiwick of Battersea while he was visiting in this country. He lost 2000 votes in the election for the London county council on Saturday, but he got there just the same.

The Sugar Trust lobbyists are still on deck at the Capitol, and may be trusted not to sleep till the gavel falls for the last time in the Fifty-third Congress.—Journal.

And what then? Will their occupation be gone? Oh, no!

Mrs. Julian Hawthorne is raising vegetables for the New York market on her farm in the West Indies. The profits are understood to be considerably larger than those realized from the literary work of the head of the family.

The full details of the trouble between the Marquis of Queensberry of pugilistic fame and Oscar Wilde, apostle of aestheticism, are lacking, but enough is known to warrant a plea to spare us the recital of further particulars.

It doesn't lie with the Republican party to scold about another billion dollar Congress. About every mother's son of a Republican member has been on the side of bigger appropriations every time.

Number of deaths from the grip in London last week, 111; number from diseases of the respiratory organs, 1119. A rather grim record that for the healthiest city in Christendom.

It must have been inspiring to have seen the Countess of Aberdeen rise in the woman's congress and propose three cheers for the presiding officer just as if she were a man!

"The Public Library of the city of New York, Astor, Lenox and Tilden Foundations," will lack but one eminently desirable feature. It's name will have to be boiled down.

And still it will probably be Appraiser Stearns just the same as if there had been no private and personal grudges to pay off.

The old formula appears to have been vindicated once more. The wedding presents are numerous and costly.

The expiring Congress evidently thinks that the better the day the better the chance of getting home.

Sub-Treasurer O'Neil continues to let the other fellows do the talking. He is busy sawing wood.

Both the wedding and the adjournment sine die are announced for high noon.

The parting kick to the expiring Congress is both numerous and hefty.

ton street, said: "There seems to be no question of the value of The Boston Herald as an advertising medium, especially for the better grades of goods."

Springer Bros., corner of Washington and Bedford streets, said: "We have a high opinion of The Boston Herald as an advertising medium. It reaches a very excellent class of trade."

Mr. Newcomb of the **Keep Manufacturing Co.**, 114 Tremont street, said: "The Boston Herald always receives our first consideration as an advertising medium."

J. C. McCarthy, importer of laces, corner of Tremont and West streets, said: "I am very well pleased with my experience with The Boston Herald. For my business I think it is the best medium in the city."

A. E. Parsons, 348 Boylston street, said: "The Boston Herald is better adapted to reach the class of trade we cater for than any other Boston daily. The results have always been satisfactory."

The E. B. Sears Company, 404 Washington street, said: "The Boston Herald is an especially good medium for advertisers, because the response is immediate. We are sure of returns inside of 24 hours after the advertisement appears in the paper."

Simpson & Co., 39 Temple place, said: "The Boston Herald is a thoroughly good medium, and every advertisement that I have inserted in it has met with an intelligent return. It is as clean a paper as we have in New England."

H. Crine, the furrier at 15 and 16 Avon street, said: "I have been advertising in the Boston Herald for more than a quarter of a century, and find it one of the leading advertising mediums in the state. I know of none better for good results. I can safely say that The Herald has greatly assisted me in establishing my business as it is established. The Herald does not give something for nothing, but gives good value for the money it charges."

Henry M. Burr & Co., 490 Washington street, said: "The Boston Herald is one of the best advertising mediums in Boston. We have always had good results from it."

William H. Brine, 1 and 3 Tremont street, said: "I believe The Boston Herald to be one of the best mediums for advertising in Boston. Its readers are the best class of people in New England, and The Herald's charges for space, circulation considered, are more reasonable than the prices of suburban papers."

Mr. Fernekees of The Ribbon Store, 5 Temple place, said: "I have been very successful in my advertising in The Boston Herald, which I have tested by mail orders and by special new articles. Advertisements in The Herald are profitable because they reach the best class of people for the retail business—the buyers."

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 4, 1895. "I should not advise any young man," said the veteran Mr. Holman of Indiana, addressing a group of congressmen on the floor of the House yesterday, "to enter public life. There is nothing in it. I reach this conclusion after an experience covering a period of nearly 35 years.

"From a financial standpoint, at least, it does not pay one. I have lived frugally since I first came to the 36th Congress, but I have never been able to save a penny out of my salary."

"You leave Congress, then, as poor as when you entered it?" interjected one of the group.

"Poorer," replied Mr. Holman. "My farm of 106 acres is not worth as much today as it was when I came here, while I have nothing to show for my long service."

"What are your plans for the future?" inquired another of the judge's auditors.

"I shall go back to my farm and try to make a living out of it. I hope I can do that."

ROBBER WAS A WIDOW.

Leader of Gang of Thieves Dressed in Male Attire and Heavily Armed.

(Special Dispatch to the Boston Herald.)

BRIDGEPORT, Ala., March 4, 1895. Almost nightly recently the stores here have been robbed. Suspicion fell on an unknown man as the leader of the gang of thieves, and Saturday the police tracked the robber to a hut, where a large quantity of stolen goods was found.

The supposed man proved to be Jane Cheek, a well-known widow, dressed in male attire. She was heavily armed. The woman, the officers think, has been the leader of a band of burglars for years. Her sons, Hiram and Bob, were also arrested.

NEWTON CO-OPERATIVE BANK.

In the annual report of the business of the Newton Co-operative Bank, which will be presented to the shareholders at their meeting tomorrow night, the directors say they "feel pleased to find the condition very good and satisfactory, notwithstanding the general depression in business affairs which has prevailed during the last two years. There has been about the same percentage of increase in its assets, and there have been no foreclosures of mortgage loans; its uninvested cash capital is comparatively small; the regular dividends, at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, have been declared and liberal amounts have been added to the guarantee and surplus accounts. The necessary retirement of shares in series 1 for the year ending March 1, 1894, was fully met by voluntary withdrawals, but this year the number of shares which had to be retired was necessarily distributed by lot among the shareholders in series 1 and 2, there not having been sufficient applications in response to the circular notice sent out by the secretary."

The membership of the bank is now 952, and its meetings are held monthly on the first Tuesday evenings at the handsome new office in Associates' block, Newtonville. The report of Secretary-Treasurer J. Cheever Fuller shows that the assets March 1 were $296,167.57, an increase of 23 per cent. in 1894. The guarantee fund is $2000, and there is a surplus of $2144.40.

The present value of shares in the first series is $95.25, and the total number of shares in all series in force is 8218. During the past year 221 shares were retired, on which $19,119.31 was paid, this being the full amount of principal and interest.

Mr. Francis A. Dewson is president of the bank, and Mr. Edwin W. Gay vice-

as he may be employed during the financial year of 1895 and 1896.

The order was vetoed by Mayor Curtis because he thought the payment for services rendered should be made to conform to the term of office, and Col. Bogan's term of office, the mayor said, ends April 30, 1895.

At the last meeting of the school board, the mayor's veto was sustained, but the new order was offered, which is now in the hands of the mayor for his signature.

Some members interpreted the veto to mean that Col. Bogan's official life in that office would end on April 30.

City Engineer Jackson is preparing an estimate of the expense of rebuilding the "Roxbury High Fort" as an historical relic of the siege of Boston, which will be submitted to the board of aldermen at an early date.

Alderman Bryant, at the earnest request of members connected with different historical societies, offered an order to that effect some time ago.

This matter is resurrected at the present time because of the proposed taking of the land, upon which the fort was situated, for the erection of the Franklin trade school.

It is situated in Boston Highlands, directly at the top of Fort avenue, and overlooks the whole city of Boston. Sme years ago a standpipe over 150 feet in height was erected on the grounds, but it has not been used for years, and, although it is up to the present time a substantial tower, yet it is being neglected by the city.

The city engineer is gathering evidence which will give him an idea of how the original fort looked, and if the improvement is carried out it will be built on its original lines as far as possible.

The standpipe will remain in place, and could be opened to the public as an observatory, and would undoubtedly be one of the finest in Boston. The tower of the standpipe is reached by winding stairs from the entrance, and encircles a huge tank, which is almost the height of the building.

If this improvement is put through it will end the discussion of placing the Franklin trade school at that point.

WOBURN'S POLICE BILL.

Big Petition in Its Favor, but There Are Also Two Big Remonstrances.

The petition for the proposed police bill for Woburn, a hearing on which will be held in the State House on Thursday, has about 300 signatures. A remonstrance engineered by the Republicans is headed by Hon. John Cummings and is well signed, while a second remonstrance by both parties has grown to the length, figuratively speaking, of a roll of wall paper.

Francis P. Curran will appear at hearing for the petitioners and City Solicitor Lounsbury and Samuel J. Elder have been engaged by the remonstrants.

WOBURN'S NEW POSTMASTER.

Mr. T. F. Haggerty to Take Charge of the Office Tomorrow Morning.

It will be Postmaster T. F. Haggerty in Woburn tomorrow morning. The office property is being handed over today by Postmaster A. B. Wyman to his successor. There will be no immediate change in the personnel of the assistants.

Mr. Haggerty will bring a long experience in the postal service to his new position.

Malden, yesterday afternoon. A large number attended, including delegations from the Ancient and Honorable Artillery, the lancers, Mt. Vernon lodge of Masons and Order of Eastern Star, the deceased holding membership in all.

The services were conducted by Rev. Perry Bush of Chelsea, Rev. W. F. Dusseault of Malden and Rev. Mr. Bates of East Boston. The Apollo quartet sung. At the conclusion of the church services the Masonic ritual was carried out.

The floral emblems were beautiful, and were sent by the several orders mentioned, the family and many friends.

The pall bearers were Messrs. John Newall, Edward M. Whittle, P. J. Homer and Charles C. Blanchard.

The interment was at the Forest Dale cemetery, Malden.

TO AWAIT CORONER'S VERDICT.

The Murder Case Against "Slasher" Welch Continued Until Saturday.

(Special Dispatch to the Boston Herald.)

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 4, 1895. James, alias "Slasher," Welch, was arraigned in the police court this forenoon, charged with the murder of John O'Brien. The hearing was continued to Saturday to await the verdict of the coroner's inquest.

Coroner Lord and jury began the investigation of the death of O'Brien today, three witnesses being heard. The testimony simply corroborated the story of the affair told in the Morning Herald.

FUNERAL OF EDWARD B. QUINN.

(Special Dispatch to the Boston Herald.)

LOWELL, March 4, 1895. The funeral of Mr. Edward E. Quinn, one of the younger members of the Lowell bar, was held this morning from St. Patrick's Church. The services were attended by members of the Lowell bar, Knights of Columbus, the Old Franklin Literary Association, and the Foresters.

Rev. Michael O'Brien, rector, celebrated solemn high mass. Rev. S. S. Burke was deacon, Rev. D. J. Gleason, sub-deacon, and Rev. M. J. Leonard, master of ceremonies. Schmidt's mass was sung by the choir.

The burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

Mr. John H. Coffey, Mr. William P. Barry, Mr. Dennis A. Sullivan, Dr. Stephen J. Johnson, Mr. Dennis J. Leary, Mr. Richard Lynch and Mr. Miles F. Brennon were the bearers.

FULLER APPEALED.

LAWRENCE, March 4, 1895. In the police court, this forenoon, John Fuller, charged with the illegal keeping of liquor, was sentenced to pay a fine of $100 or serve three months in jail. He appealed.

DISFIGURING HUMORS Prevented by Cuticura SOAP when all

HE GOT BLACK IN THE FACE.

West End Lineman Barely Saved from a Horrible Death.

Timothy F. Cremmings, employed as a lineman by the West End road, narrowly escaped having his life crushed out of him this morning about 9:40 by being caught between the crossarm of an iron pole, at the corner of Congress and State streets, and the large feed wires that are strung on the side of the wires away from him, which he succeeded in doing after several minutes of hard work.

In the mean time, ladder truck 8 was summoned to the scene, but before its arrival the man was released and taken to station 2. No bones were broken, and he will be able to be at work in a few days. He lives at 33 Corey street, Charlestown, where he was taken later in the day.

FUNERAL AT EAST WEYMOUTH.

The funeral of James A. Denbroeder, one of East Weymouth's popular young

soothing Syrup for children pain, wind colic and diarr

INHALE Vapo-Cresolene for Whoo Throat Diseases.

NE-PHRET-I-CUM is a but good for the kidneys

THE Crawford Shoe is t

Exposure to wet and co the first step to Pneum tion, Rheumatism or ot eases. Often we say, ing," when really our or for life is hanging cold is the thin edge o disease. To keep it out and time is everythi temperature has been by

EXPOS

to wet or cold take Pain-Killer in a half g milk (warm if possibl gins at once, relief is you will have no co throat or stiffness to re sounds easy, and is e the Pain-Killer at han and get acquainted. I of pain and is worth gold. Sold everywhere bottle. Prepared only Perry Davis & Son, P

NEW PUBLIC

Valuable and Sta Greatly Reduce

For a brief period tions from our shelf worn and ma ing recent stock-tak

At large reductio lar rates, in prices far belo cost.

The selection embra ard authors in cloth ing and books in all erature, including *sand English boo to one dollar per* STANDARD, SCIENTI TRATED LIBRARIES *per volume.*

Early inspection de

LITTLE, BRO

254 Washington

THE MARCH

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Contains a Com

A Tame S

..., and we only wished ... that they would be ... make that welcome ... greeting in ad- ... the substance of the ...

Howard would like to ...er of man his Atlan-...is.

...DRAPED.

...Carthy, Musician of the ...eemer Church.

...over the remains of ...of Mr. Eugene B. F. ...6 Chelsea street, East ...in the Holy Redeemer ...clock this morning. ...as borne up the aisle ...rowded as never be-...thy was known all ... She was organist at ...er Church for nearly ...an was draped.

...ss was celebrated by ..., with Rev. Fr. Mc-... Rev. Fr. Moriarty as ...ev. Fr. Hamilton as ...les. Schmidt's mass ...double choir.

...ssion was one of the ...district for a great ...was in Holy Cross

...T CUT IN WAGES.

...of Westerly (R. I.) ...Union on Strike.

...R. I., March 4, 1895. ...f the Westerly Pav-... have refused to ac-...es, and are out on

...TED TICKET.

...e town meeting at ...from today is rather ...e action of the cau-...ed to heal the fer-...evailed for over a ...recent special elec-...r aggravated. It is ...Republican caucus ...ht an attempt was ...ters amicably; that ...itted that the Cath-...o have one of their ... of selectmen, and ...s nominated J. D. ...ards and Thomas ...Catholic; that this ...g out of the olive ...pectation that the ...iday night would ...icket, or nearly so, ...election of a good ...holic upon it. In-...nominated L. G. ...Dr. M. J. Kelley, ...a member of the

...nocked the harmo-...and the outcome ...A. L. Richards has ...Sawyer has been ... L. G. Blair is a ...rs of the ea... end ...been up for town ...usions, but unsuc-

...FOR STEALING.

...e Boston Herald.)

...rch 4, 1895. How-...g man who was ...f stealing in the

...Reed would not stand up, even to vote, so Hatch declared it passed unanimously, and Crisp, when he came in to acknowledge it, thanked every member.

The Senate adjourned on time, too. For the first time in years "Father Time" Bassett did not have to turn back the hands on the Senate clock.

There was no excitement in the closing proceedings of the Senate, except when Voorhees, on behalf of the joint committee, reported that the committee had waited on the President and that he had no further communication to make to Congress and that he congratulated Congress on the close of its labors.

This latter message struck the sense of humor of the Senate, and it laughed aloud with amusement..

Congress gave no occasion for an extra session, all the great appropriation bills getting signed on time.

DOINGS IN THE HOUSE.

Boutelle's Vigorous Protest Against Concessions on the Naval Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 4, 1895. In the discussion of the naval bill, in the House, early this morning, Mr. Boutelle said it was a strange thing that the House should abdicate its right to send the bill to conference. He did not accuse the Senate of having unnecessarily delayed the presentation of the bill to the House, but there had been delay, and he did not propose that the responsibility for the back-down of the House should rest on his shoulders, but on the shoulders of the gentlemen in charge of the bill.

Mr. Dolliver, Rep., of Iowa, protested against hasty action on the bill, while Mr. Springer, Dem., of Illinois, said, as the Senate had adjourned, it was necessary to vote on the bill immediately in order that it should become a law.

Mr. Talbott maintained that if the House did not act at once, there was grave doubt that the bill would become a law. He said the bill as amended provided for two "great big battleships," six gunboats and three torpedo boats, and gave ample encouragement to the merchant marine.

Mr. Boutelle said he would never surrender to the other end of the Capitol or to the other end of the avenue (the executive mansion), and urged a conference.

Mr. Hull, Rep., Ia., wanted a separate vote on each Senate amendment, but Mr. Talbott moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill.

Despite the protests of Mr. Boutelle the speaker (Mr. Richardson) put the question.

Tellers were demanded and appointed, and the vote proceeded slowly, few Republicans voting.

Mr. Reed, Rep., Me., came to the rescue at this point, and after an earnest talk with Mr. Boutelle, that gentleman said he had satisfied his conscience in a protest against having the House agree to the Senate amendments, when it knew nothing about them. He withdrew his demand for tellers.

Mr. Talbott made an earnest appeal for an agreement to the Senate amendments, and after Mr. Boutelle had again protested that he was in no way responsible for the "backdown," the motion to suspend the rules was put to the House, which, on division, concurred in

...practical unanimity, a few days ago, a bill to protect the American fur seal herd from further devastation and destruction. That bill lies upon our table.

Its purpose was to provide the only intelligent method by which that end can be accomplished—the appointment of commissioners to a joint commission composed of delegates from Great Britain, the United States, Japan and Russia (the countries most interested in these fur seal fisheries) to investigate as to the destruction of the seal herd. That bill ought to be before the Senate for consideration. The senator from Alabama has objected even to the consideration of it.

All that it proposes is that we shall have a thorough investigation by expert commissioners of the countries interested; of the regulations that are necessary, and that while that investigation is going on there shall be a modus vivendi that will stop the destruction of the seal herd until better regulations can be framed.

In relation to the $425,000 offered in settlement of the British claim, the liability for which we admitted at the Paris tribunal, it was Mr. Gray saidfi far within the estimates made by the British claimants and by the agents of the United States. When that matter was presented to the committee on foreign relations it was received with almost universal favor. It seemed to us that the settlement was very advantageous to the United States.

The Vice-President said tthat the resolution having been offered today and objection being made to it, it goes over, under the rules.

A resolution by Mr. Gorman, Dem., of Maryland, chairman of the committee on printing, was adopted, declaring that the standing and select committees of the Senate as now constituted, shall be continued until the first Monday in December, 1895, or until their successors be appointed, and that the committee on printing, as it will be constituted in December, 1895, be authorized to sit during the recess.

At a few minutes before 12, Senators Voorhees and Sherman, the committee appointed to wait on the President, entered the hall, and Mr. Voorhees reported that they had performed their mission, and that the President congratulated Congress at the conclusion of its labors.

At this announcement senators and an immense audience in the galleries indulged in loud laughter and applause.

Then, at noon, the Vice-President made his parting speech, in which he said that the magnitude of the questions determined by the Senate and the ability with which those questions had been discussed, had been surpassed in only few preceding Congresses, and that this hour marked the close of long and honorable terms of service of senators, who would be borne in grateful remembrance by their associates who remained.

He expressed his thanks to the officers of the Senate for the fidelity with which they had discharged their duties, and to senators for their assistance and courtesy to the presiding officer, and said that the great debates and important legislation of the 53d Congress now passed into the domain of history.

He then let the gavel fall, and declared the Senate adjourned without day.

BOTH HOUSES RECEDE.

Conferees on Deficiency Appropriation Bill Reach an Agreement.

WASHINGTON, D C., March 4, 1895. Shortly after 11 o'clock last night the conferrees on the deficiency appropriation bill reached an agreement.

The Senate receded on the following items, which were the principal ones in dispute, and they were stricken out: Southern Pacific railroad claim, $1,809,-539; French spoliation claims, aggregating $632,960; appropriating $3,951,915 to reimburse the state of California for money expended in the suppression of the rebellion; also $335,152 to the state of Oregon for the same purpose, and

...Indian, $8,976,948; legislative, $21,900,000; military academy, $464,261; naval, $29,-100,000; pensions, $141,381,570; postoffice, $89,545,997; sundry civil, $47,140,000; urgency deficiency, $2,357,321; general deficiency, $8,600,000; miscellaneous, $500,000; permanent, $113,073,956.

SOUTH BOSTON.

Services over the remains of Daniel Hurley, a member of the Boston fire department and connected with engine company 2, at City Point, were held at the Gate of Heaven church this morning. A solemn high mass was celebrated by Rev. Fr. Herhily, assisted by the other clergymen of the parish. During the mass several musical selections were rendered by the church choir. A detail of 20 members of the fire department in full uniform, under command of Battalion Chief John A. Mullen, Capt. H. J. Hart and Lieut. James O'Connor, acted as a guard of honor to the funeral cortege, and accompanied the remains as far as Andrew square. The pall-bearers were six members of the Boston fire department. The interment was made at Mt. Calvary cemetery.

Medical Examiner Draper held an autopsy on the body of Mrs. Bridget Collins, who died suddenly at 15 Swan street, last evening. He found that death had resulted from heart disease.

Rev. I. P. Quimby, pastor of the Broadway Methodist Church, delivered a very interesting sermon on the life and deeds of President Lincoln at the above church last evening.

The final meeting of the general committees, which had charge of the recent festival in aid of Carney Hospital, held last January, was held yesterday afternoon at the Hospital building. The reports made by the various committees showed that the sum of $6500 had been cleared by the festival for the hospital.

Services over the remains of Henry Orchard were held at St. Augustine's Church this morning. A mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. John J. Harkins. The interment was made at Calvary cemetery.

In the local court, this morning, William Shankspear and John Burke, charged with assault and battery, were fined $10 each. Richard Lewis, charged with breaking and entering, had his case continued until March 9.

The members of division 7, A. O. H., held a special meeting yesterday afternoon, when arrangements were completed for the annual ball of the order which will be held after Lent.

A meeting of St. Augustine Lyceum was held yesterday afternoon and a committee was appointed to arrange for the annual dramatic entertainment of the society which will be held Monday evening, March 18, in St. Augustine Hall.

DORCHESTER DISTRICT.

A union meeting was held in the Trinity Congregational Church, Neponset, yesterday afternoon for the purpose of enlightening the residents of the district on the work of the associated charities and relief society. Addresses were made by Mr. Richard C. Humphreys, president of the society; Mr. George Bradford, treasurer; Rev. George H. Hosmer and Rev. Eugene C. Webster of Neponset, all of whom urged the co-operation of all the churches in the district in the good work of the society.

The parishioners of St. Anne's Roman Catholic Church, Neponset, which was destroyed by fire last Wednesday,

...plentiful supply of good nature, managed to keep things harmonious.

There was an occasional instance where the advantage was gained by a thoroughly honest person, through a misunderstanding of the instructions. The officer in charge was an old soldier, and to a couple of ladies who were looking for their place, and who came by the head of the line, he said in military parlance: "Go down to the left of the line." The bewildered women did not understand the technical phrase, and as he turned away for a moment they took their place at the left hand of the advance guard, so that when the call to advance was given they marched in about 300 places ahead of the ones which they should have occupied.

Once inside the matter was quickly arranged by the clerks, the tickets on the treasury department were given, and then the line filed out again and into Mr. Kennard's office, from which it quickly emerged with the precious pension money, to await the fourth day of the next third month.

ROXBURY DISTRICT.

Daniel McLaughlin and Dennis Toomey, for the larceny of a lead pipe, valued at $2.40, were in the district court today. Their cases were continued until March 7. John Mortell was fined $5 for evading his fare on the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad. Antonio Maccaletta assaulted Nicola Poppuli with a pickax last Saturday, and, in consequence thereof, he was ordered to furnish bonds of $500 for his appearance March 9.

This evening the Montrose Associates will hold a smoke talk. President O'Brien of the common council will talk on the young man in politics.

Funeral services over the remains of the late Patrick Meaney were held at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, Centre street, at 9 o'clock this morning. Mr. Meaney was a well known and highly respected resident of Boston Highlands, and a large number of friends and relatives were present at the services. A solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated by Fr. Connolly and appropriate music was rendered by the choir. The pall bearers were John Fraley, T. Gallagher, Thomas McMahon, Patrick O'Brien, Patrick and Daniel McNamara. The interment was at Holyhood cemetery, Brookline.

A mission is being given by the Redemptorist Fathers of New York at the St. Francis de Sales Church in Roxbury. Fr. Crosby, C. S. S. R., preached the sermon at high mass yesterday morning. The choir, assisted by Mr. James F. Woods of the D'Arville opera company, sang Haydn's 16th mass, under the direction of Organist Charles T. Dolan.

GLOUCESTER FISHING FLEET.

The fishing arrivals at Gloucester today are: From Georges, schooners Grace L. Fears, 15,000 pounds cod, 15,000 pounds halibut; Susie Hooper, 16,000 pounds cod, 1000 pounds halibut. From Bankquero, schooner Hattie E. Worster, 25,000 pounds halibut. From Fortune bay, schooner Yosemite, 1000 barrels frozen, 50 barrels salt herring. Shore boats, 7000 pounds cod.

Halibut sold today at 11 and 7 cents for white and gray.

The cargo of the British schooner Gladys has been sold to the Gloucester Ice, Fish & Bait Company. That of the British schooner Amelia C. has been sold at Boston. At New York, schooner John L. Nicholson is half out, schooners Augusta E. Herrick has started on her afterhold, schooners George F. Edmunds, William E. Morrissey and Columbia are at work on their fore-holds.

Recently arrived halibut catchers report very few big fish in the trips. The fish will run two-thirds white.

Capt. Daniel McDonald of schooner Hustler reports speaking schooners Ed-...

...into the East India room in the following order:

First came the ushers—Prince del Drago, Mr. Raoul Duval, Mr. Brockholst Cutting and Mr. Howard Gould.

Then came the bridemaids, all in white. They were Miss Helen Gould, Miss Beatrice Richardson, Miss Catherine Cameron and Miss Adelaide Montgomery.

Following them were Mr. George J. Gould with the bride.

The two nephews of the bride, Masters Kingdon and Jay Gould, carried the bride's train, which was of great length.

The ushers parted when they reached the dais and stepped back, the bridemaids took positions in front of them, and Mr. George J. Gould and the bride walked between the two lines until the groom stepped forward, and took his place at the side of the bride. Mr. Gould remained close at hand, and gave his sister away.

The archbishop read the brief Catholic ritual, the bride and groom made the responses promptly in firm tones, the quartet chanted an anthem, his grace pronounced the couple man and wife and gave them his benediction.

Then the count and his bride stepped across the room to the alcove in the corner, where they stood beneath the shower of lilies of the valley and the horn of plenty, and received the congratulations of their relatives and friends.

When this was ended the doors of the dining room swung open and small tables were placed in the music room and the East India room, and breakfast was served. The orchestra and the singers rendered several selections while the breakfast was in progress.

Among those at the ceremony and breakfast were: Sir Roderick and the Misses Cameron, Mr. Duncan Cameron, Mr. Rorrie Cameron, Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Dillon Ripley, Mrs. Brockholst Cutting, Mr. J. W. Ritchie, Mr. Isaac Iselin, Mr. Creighton Webb, Mr. Cornelius Bailey, Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Clews and Miss Clews, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Harriman, Miss Turnure, Miss Mary Turnure, Mr. and Mrs. Robert H. Galloway, Col. and Mrs. F. K. Hain, Mr. John C Furman, Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Fish, Gen. and Mrs. Thomas T. Eckert, Mrs. Archibald, Mr. and Mrs. Richardson, Mr. J. W. Shackford, Dr. and Mrs. John P. Munn, Mrs. J. Frederick Pierson, Mr. Daniel S. Miller, Mr. Frederick H. Baldwin, Prince and Princess Ruspoli, Mrs. Falconer, Mrs. Paran Stevens, Mrs. W. B. Noyes, Miss Pomeroy, Mr. Charles Raoul-Douval, Mr. and Mrs. Russell Sage, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Cooper Hewitt, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Northrop, Mr. Dwight C. Harris, Admiral and Mrs. Erben, Mr. Perry Belmont, Miss Maud Bacon, Gen. and Mrs. Louis Fitzgerald, Mr. and Mrs. de Forest, Mr. and Mrs. Townsend Burden, Mr. P. F. Collier, Miss Brogden, Mr. and Mrs. Reginald H. Ward, Count Zaorma, Mr. J. Norman der Whitehouse, M. Patenotre, the French ambassador, Count Hadik, the Marquis Imperiali, Chancellor and Mrs. McCracken, Bey Mavlrynoyi, A. Morris Bagby, Miss Wilmarding, Mr. and Mrs. Dwight M. Harris, H. Maitland Kersey, Count and Countess Wugier-Villars, Count and Countess de Montsaulenin, Mr. J. C. Beresford, Mr. and Mrs. Bronson, Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Dyer, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Dickerson, Mr. William A. Hamilton, Mr. William Cutting, Jr., Mr. William Duer, Mr. Barry, Dr. and Mrs. George F. Shrady, Mrs. Emma Louise Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Sloan, Mr. and Mrs. William A. Perry, Mr. J. J. Harrison, Mr. Charles A. Baldwin, M. and Mrs. William Burden and Mr. Madison Jones.

The bride wore a gown of heavy white satin, high in the neck and sur-...

2397—Marley v. Boylston Market Ass'n.

Third jury session (Blodgett, judge).

Speedy list, in order.

8754—Mattson v. Coyle.
13881—Groves v. Wilson.

Highest in order, 8754. End of January speedy list.

The following cases are on the February speedy list:

2360—Gaffney v. Stanley.
2653—Bramhall v. Angell.
3635—McLaughlin v. McCann.
8346—Williams v. Hastings.
8397—Ayer v. Feyler.
8434—Munroe v. Simmons.
8881—Storrs v. Fisk.
8873—Cann v. Murray.
8874—Waldron v. Am. Wringer Co.
8876—Rudd v. Carter.
8896—Hummer v. Atlas Accident Ins. Co.
8924—Sawyer v. Morse.
8939—Peck v. Murfey.
8941—Richardson v. Walker.
8945—Gilbert v. Johnson.
4965—Benedict v. Bartlett.
3870—Brown v. Della.
5870—Decker v. Clarke.
6048—Whipple v. Dempsey.
6373—Phillips v. Hackett.
4593—Hall v. Slattery.
6354—Thorpe v. Leach.
8921—Huntress v. Braddock.
7931—Moore v. Malden Savings Bank.

The short list for the fourth session will be made up from the February speedy list until further notice.

Fourth jury session (Hammond, judge).

February special trial list.

6893—Craig v. Beckett.
8186—Handy v. Canning.
8553—Clarke v. Goward.
8569—Weisman v. Gill.
8630—Lynch v. Judge.
8647—Pinkham v. Oakes.
8734—Garrett Food Co. v. Jones.
8852—Hunt v. Demelman.
8960—Austin v. Kimball.
8963—Boles v. Rattigan.
8966—Briggs v. Levenson et al.
8987—Roberts v. Swift.
8994—Patton v. Foster.
9007—Locklin v. Millen.
9039—Ringrose v. Foster.
9044—Norton v. Packard.
9138—Parker v. Brookline Art. Ice Co.
9204—Toy v. Wilmarth, Howard & Co.
9220—Silverstein v. O'Brien.
9227—Marshall v. McCann.

End of February special list, 9227.

Until further notice all additions to the short list in this session will be taken from the special trial list.

Session without jury (Bishop, judge.)

1662—Cavis v. Howland.
4822—City of Boston v. Harrington.
5848—Stearns v. Goodwin.
6298—Osborn v. Woodman.
5555—Rand v. Grace.
7519—Pollock v. Allard.
7705—Young v. Lewenberg.
7793—Hersom v. Marcus.
7878—White v. Jacques.
7879—Moran v. Bergengren.
8079—Evans v. Batchelder.
8110—Watson v. O'Donnell.
8207—Fay v. Bray.
8285—Fillebrown v. Freed.
8373—Reed v. Burns.
8467—Curtis v. Donath.
8475—Bill v. Wilbur.
8486—G. W. & F. Smith Iron Co. v. Hackett.
8490—Cook v. Hunt Spiller Mfg. Co.
8505—Putnam v. Tyndale.
4009—Parker v. Chamberlain.
8523—Broadway Nat'l Bk. v. Adams.
8572—Murray v. Johnston.
8580—Morse v. Proctor.
8582—Ritchie v. Harriman.
8583—Pierce v. same.
8592—Swain v. Sec. L. S. Ins. Co.
8623—Avery v. Wheildon.
8661—Bost. Plate & W. G. Co. v. Green.
8692—Sanborn v. Winkley & Maddox Ice Co.
8707—Proctor v. Downey.
8762—Tebbetts v. Henry.
8853—Bradley Smith & Co. v. Hellbrun.
8870—Murray v. Benshimol.
8877—Bennett v. Wadsworth.
8878—Same v. same.
8940—Conant v. Kimball.
8962—Nat'l Bk. of Commerce v. Griffiths.
8989—Lee v. McCarthy.

Highest number in order, 8989, February special list.

This session will be held in its new court room at the south end of the corridor on third floor.

An extra session will be held until further notice in the divorce court room. The list will be called in the regular session.

SALERNO ON DANGEROUS LIST.

Bernardine De Nardo and Vittorio Boccia, the Italians who were arrested

kind. Twenty-six graduates are now in textile manufactures, all but three of them being in Massachusetts mills. But while only two of these graduates took up this work out of all the classes from 1869 to 1885, since 1886 there have been 24 who have gone into such textile work in the state. And the percentage of men who consciously fit themselves for this branch of industry is regularly becoming larger. Nearly 90 per cent. of the men in textile work are from the classes since 1885.

Next following the textile group comes the number of graduates who are in railroad work of some kind; here follow 21 men, the percentage, however, in each class showing a tendency to decrease in recent years. Whether this be due to a present full supply in this industry, or to the fact that the extension of railway work lies in the West, rather than in Massachusetts, it would be difficult to decide.

Nineteen men are engaged in the manufacture of general machinery; 16 are experts, or consulting engineers, and 14 are in electrical work of some kind.

A large number, 46, are engaged in the manufacture of special machinery, which cannot readily be classified, such as pianos, wire work and scale-making. Groups of ten to a dozen each have gone into steel and iron works, steam pumps, shipping and marine engines, or commercial pursuits.

Next in order of popularity follow steam engine building, patent lawyers, mill insurance and experts' assistants, each of which groups claim from four to eight graduates. All of the rest are scattered in groups of one or two engaged, for example, in cordage manufacture, mill construction, building materials, or surveying. A half dozen or more have wandered off as artists, physicians and soldiers, or even farmers.

Seven are pursuing graduate study, the majority being in Europe, or still at the Institute.

Other technical schools in the United States do not seem to have attracted any of these students, apparently.

THE CREATORS OF LEADERS.

Any thinking mind can easily reason it out that it lies with our women, far more than with our men, to right things in this world, writes Edward W. Bok in the Ladies' Home Journal. Woman is the moral power; she is the axis upon which generations must turn. She is that today; she will be that tomorrow. And she will hold that power, and that influence will be hers, and solely hers, just as long as she remains womanly and is willing to believe and content to feel that her greatest university is the home, and her best students her children and husband. Away from that arena she can never be what she is in it. This is the reason why the so-called "new woman" can never be, and why her advent finds no favor with the intelligent. And any movement which seeks to disassociate woman from the home will always meet with the same insurmountable disfavor. Woman is the superior of man, and that is why God placed her in the most important place in the world which he created—the home.

WOMAN IS THE POWER.

(From the Ladies' Home Journal.)

Men are only leaders from outward appearances; close scrutiny will almost invariably reveal a woman's power, a woman's encouragement, a woman's love behind them. She is the power of the world today. As she points, so events will tend—not as a leader herself, but as a creator of leaders. Let her shape sentiment; men will see to it that her sentiment is known, adopted and recognized. The literature, the dramatic art of the world is hers; in her hands, too, rests the surest power to uplift man from moral degradation and intemperate principles.

IRELAND INVADING ITALY.

The profession of organ grinding,

RECORDED TRANSFERS.

The following transfers of real property in Suffolk county are taken from the files of the Real Estate Exchange:

Boston, city proper—Charlotte E. Pratt and others to Maria U. Drake, Fairfield and Newbury streets, $1, W. James A. Wood, trustee and assignee, to Charles H. Dodge, East Dedham street, three lots, $2100, D. William H. Leatherbee and others to Charles H. Dodge, East Dedham street, three lots, $1, Rel. Chester Parker to Joseph P. Hamlin, Portland street, $1, Q.

South Boston—Howard W. Atkins to Abraham Finberg, Eight and Douglass streets, $2000, W.

Dorchester—Francis Packard to Albert L. Jewell, Stratford street, $1, Q. Albert L. Jewell to Mary A. Bennett, Stratford street, $1, Q. Gideon L. Davidson to Catherine A. McNamara, Harvard street, $1, W. William T. Andrews estate to William J. Walter, Parkway, three lots, $6480, D. William J. Walter to John J. Williams, same, $1, Q. John P. Leahy to William J. Walter, Roseclair street, two lots, $1, Q. James H. Stark to Benjamin F. McKechnie, Codman and Patterson streets and Dorchester avenue, three lots, $1, W.

West Roxbury—Edward S. Fogerty to Minnie A. Forst, Washington street, $1, W. Charles H. Williams to Selmar Maier, Arundel street, $1, Q.

Brighton—Charles W. H. Sanborn to John Evans, Linden street, two lots, $1, W. Mary L. Hunt and others to Robert L. Vernon, passageway near Murdock street, $1, Q.

Charlestown—Arthur F. Teel to Charles S. Lincoln, Main and Warren streets, $1, W. Charles M. Hunter to Ellen L. Hoey, Hull street, $2100 $1, W.

Chelsea—George K. Ward mortgaged to Lillian A. Balch, Spencer and Crescent avenues, $1500, D. Lillian A. Balch to George K. Ward, Spencer and Crescent avenues, $1, Q. George F. Flagg to Charles P. Flagg and others, Walnut street, $1, Re.

Winthrop—William Waters, Jr., to Livica Bright, Marshall street, $1, W.

INDUCING PEOPLE TO MOVE WEST

Rev. E. H. Hale's Scheme to Relieve the Overcrowded Eastern States.

(Special Dispatch to the Boston Herald.)

CHICAGO, Ill., March 4, 1895. This evening, at the Grand Pacific Hotel, there is to be held a peculiar meeting. Men and women who are to form a colony in the West, to be known as Plymouth Colony, will be present.

The scheme is a Boston idea, and William E. Smythe has it in charge. The next meeting will be held in New York the latter part of the present month.

Prominent in the scheme is Edward Everett Hale. Primarily the object is to induce people to move west, thus relieving the overcrowded eastern states. Land owned by eight of the western states affected by the Carey law will be sold on long-time payments to farmers, who will agree to cultivate it, and aid in establishing permanent colonies.

A feature of the plan will be the colonial clubs. While Mr. Smythe is in Chicago he will endeavor to interest local capitalists. The colony will be established in the valley of Payette, Ida.

AFTER TWO WEEKS IN THE HOSPITAL.

Frank Martin, Alias Rose, Is Held on a Charge of Burglary.

Frank Martin, alias Frank Rose, the Dock square burglar, who shot Mr. Doell at the latter's store one night about two weeks ago, and also accidentally shot himself, was released from the City Hospital this morning.

He was taken to station 2 and booked on the charge of burglary and assault

cleaning, street construction, sewer work, park work, gravel filling, stone breaking and construction and maintenance of water works.

In a few cases the wages paid were considerably lower than those usually paid in the departments giving employment, for it was thought that the inexperience of the workmen and the unfavorable season made labor at the usual rates unprofitable; in a large proportion of the cases the wages were somewhat reduced below the usual point, but commonly emergency men were paid the same as regular laborers.

In almost every town some loss was suffered from the inexperience of the men and the unfavorable season of the year. The average increase of cost was perhaps 40 per cent., though in some instances the increase was as much as 200 per cent.

Of relief afforded by labor organizations the commission has been unable to obtain full statistics, partly because of the unwillingness of trade unions to make public their doings and partly because of the relief afforded was unusual in its character, and therefore records of its distribution were not kept by the unions in a form available for publication. A few typical instances are stated, however, showing the unusual benefits afforded by the cigar makers and the textile workers of the state.

That the trade organizations spent large sums in caring for their unemployed is shown, in addition, by the statements of those who raised special funds or opened voluntary subscriptions. The relief afforded by the Central Labor Union of Boston is notable, not simply because it was contributed by others than members of trade organizations, but because it was distributed to families known to be in distress, whether they were connected with trade organizations or not.

The relief granted by private charities was increased in amount at least 50 per cent. over that of a normal year, and the proportion of families who applied for relief for the first time is unusually large. There were few soup houses, and a marked advance in relief methods over preceding years in the attempt to furnish work by opening wood yards, sewing rooms or industrial laundries. Precautions were taken that the product sold should not enter into competition with persons regularly in employment, but the difficulty of making sales in this way precluded success in most cases.

The relief afforded by public poor departments was much greater, particularly in the cities of more than 20,000 inhabitants, where it reached two or three times as much as in previous years. In four cities, men were sent to wood yards for this purpose; in two, they were sent to the town farms; and in three, they were employed at stone breaking.

A rough approximation of the number of persons aided—singe or representatives of families—in Massachusetts by three of the relief agencies mentioned—citizens' relief committees, public works and poor departments—puts the figures at 85,000. This alone probably represents increased or unusual aid for more than 40,000 persons or families. Some may have been counted twice, but it is hardly possible that the number aided by private charities and labor organizations would not restore this figure.

The applicants for relief were chiefly

fathers had voted not to grant licenses to druggists. He stated that he was not well and was obliged to keep the liquor on hand for his health, as well as that of his wife and domestic.

Judge Storey, in summing up the case, stated that in view of the evidence submitted by the physicians which was of the best nature, he could not find the defendant guilty.

PUBLIC BEQUESTS IN THREE WILLS.

NASHUA, N. H., March 4, 1895. The will of Ellen M. Barr of New Ipswich, probated today, leaves property estimated to be worth $20,000 to Radcliffe College for scholarships for women. If this college is discontinued, the money goes to Bryn Mawr College.

The will of Jennie M. Bradford of Francestown gives her home and grounds to the Congregational Church of Francestown for a parsonage, $500 to the Francestown Academy, and $500 to the town of Francestown for books, the residue to be equally divided between the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions and the American Home Missionary Society.

The will of Mary A. Foster of Milford gives $200 each to the Foreign Board of Missions and the Woman's American Baptist Mission.

VERDICT IS SET ASIDE.

In the case of the Fort Payne Coal & Iron Company vs. William A. Webster, the full bench of the supreme court today ordered the verdict for the defendant set aside.

The suit was brought to recover upon two notes for $916 each. They were given by the defendant in October, 1890, on account of the purchase of land at Fort Payne, Ala.

The company is in the hands of W. K. Sheldon as receiver. The defenses set up by the defendant were false and fraudulent representations on the part of the plaintiff and a failure of consideration.

A LONG-LIVED PET.

(From the New York Herald.)

My heart dotes on domestic pets;
Of cats and dogs I've owned a score
But they all perished from old age;
Each left me sadder than before.
I asked my husband for advice;
His answer brought indignant tears.
He said: "You'd better buy a whale;
It lives, they say, three hundred years."

HERALD MARINE RECORD.

PORT OF BOSTON.

MONDAY, March 4, 1895—3 PM.

ARRIVED TODAY.

Steamer Titanic (Br), Hanslip, Cienfuegos, Jan 29, and Caibarien, Feb 3, via Norfolk, Va, 28th, with sugar to the American Sugar Refining Co; vessel to Sanderson & Son.

Steamer Berks, Ireland, Philadelphia, with barge Centipede, from Perth Reading.

Tug International, Taylor, Philadelphia, with barge Schuylkill, from do.

CLEARED TODAY.

FOREIGN—Steamers British Empire (Br), Wills, London, Wm Johnston & Co; Ottoman (Br), Helsby, Liverpool, Eng, Warren Co.

COASTWISE—Steamers B M Whitney, Hallett, New York, H M Whitney; Tremont, Craig, Portland, O F Williams; schs Susan N Pickering, Haskell, Port Royal, SC, J P Ellicott & Co; Grace Davis, Dodge, Brunswick, Ga, J H Flitner & Co.

SAILED.

Steamer Cumberland, Portland, Eastport, St John, NB.

HULL—Noon; wind E, fresh breeze.

HIGHLAND LIGHT—Noon; wind E, fresh breeze.

8 A M—Off here, tug Wrestler, towing barges Suffolk and Draper, from Philadelphia.

9 A M—Steamer (supposed to be the Wylo, from Matanzas); pilot boat No 6.

11:30 A M—Steamer passing in, supposed to be the County of York, from Sagua; sch Alice

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DIED

LEWIS—At Framingham, P. Lewis, 80 yrs. Fu residence, Tuesday, Ma P. M. Relatives and fr private.

FOLEY—On Monday mo only daughter of John Funeral from their resid on Tuesday, at 2 P. quaintances invited to a

MORSE—In this city, Ma 53 yrs. Funeral service av., Tuesday, March 5, Relatives and friends without further notice please copy.)

DOHERTY—At Chelsea, Do herty, son of Julia Doherty, 31 yrs. 5 mo residence of his mothe Tuesday morning at 8 mass at St. Rose Ch Relatives and friends a

SMITH—In Roslindale, M dick, youngest, beloved Margaret E. Smith, 5 Funeral from corner sts. on Tuesday at 2 friends invited to at notice.

SPAULDING—In Lexin Fletcher Spaulding, 54 from his late residence ington, Wednesday, M P. M. Relatives and attend.

MORSE—In this city, M 3 yrs. Member Theat ciation. Services at 14 day, March 5, at 2 Pawtuxet.

COTTER—At Newton loved daughter of Jere Funeral from parents' Tuesday, March 5, at Sacred Heart Church, Relatives and friends

McKENNA—In Roxbury, P. McKenna, 23 yrs. from the residence of mon, 39 Leon st., on day, at 8:30 o'clock A Francis de Sales Ch Relatives and friends

YARRINGTON—In Bost Richard H., only child late Henry L. Yarrin Notice of funeral late

CHASE—At Allston, Ma 54 yrs. 11 mos. Fun st., Allston, Tuesday.

HOBBS—At East Bost

PARK THEATRE

John Stetson, Manager.

LAST WEEK. MAT. WED. & SAT.

THE 20th CENTURY GIRL

75 PEOPLE ON THE STAGE 75

Monday, March 11—Mr. A. M. Palmer's Company in TRILBY.

BOSTON MUSEUM.

EVENINGS at 8. MATINEE Wed. & Sat. at 2

OPENING TONIGHT,

PAULINE HALL

With her NEW Company
In her NEW Operatic Comedy,

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The Greatest Success of Her Career.

SOUVENIR MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

BIJOU OPERA HOUSE,

Between Boston Theatre and Keith's New Theatre.

Evenings at 8. Wed. and Sat. Matinees at 2.

Third and Last Week of the Great Comic Hit,

GEO. W. WILSON

—IN—

UNCLE DUDLEY

"The Best Comedy Production of Many Seasons."

This Monday Evening—Lancers' Night.

Prices 25c., 50c., 75c., $1.00, $1.50. Box Office Open Daily at 9.

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Court and Sudbury Sts.

THE POLICE INSPECTOR.

Daily at 2 and 8. Prices 10, 25, 35, 50 cts.

GRAND MUSEUM,

Cor. of Dover and Washington Sts.

Miss Kathern Kober, In the Pastoral Drama, "Fanchon."

New Scenery, Strong Cast. Big Variety Show. A Continuous Stage Show From 1 to 10:30 P. M. No Waits. No Delays. 10 cents admits to all.

COLUMBIA BICYCLE RIDING SCHOOL

Open daily 9 to 5:30. Evening riding parties arranged for. Tuition fees refunded if bicycle is subsequently purchased. 221 Columbus av.

HYPNOTISM

Illustrated by PROF. CARPENTER every night, Park Hall, 7 Park sq., off Boylston st. Wonderful fun. 25 and 50c.

son, John A. Caldwell, Jeannette St. Henry, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. House, New York; A. C. Christensen, Buffalo; Charles C. Buston, London; Wallace Stebbins, Baltimore.

Brunswick—Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Grau, Miss Louise Grua, New York; S. C. Adler, Jesse Rosenfeld, Baltimore.

Thorndike—A. MacKulle, New Haven; J. M. Tomlinson, J. H. Hornbuy, John Drew, New York; C. P. Perkins, U. S. N.

Vendome—John E. Milholland, New York.

United States—W. H. Stinson, Thomas H. Bradshaw, M. Samuels, New York; F. F. Morrill, Newburyport.

Adams—Mr. and Mrs. John F. Hager, Montreal; L. M. Josephthal, Frederick E. Haight, C. Edwin Booth, George R. W. Read, Henry L. Leppe, Jr., New York; Mr. and Mrs. J. C. MacCly, Philadelphia; M. Ribard, Paris.

American—James Bryon, Charles Miller, G. C. Hemenway, New York; John C. Stuart, Saco, Me.

HEAVY TAX ON BACHELORS.

How Missouri Legislators Propose to Make State's Income Meet Their Extravagance.

(Special Dispatch to the Boston Herald.)

ST. LOUIS, March 4, 1895. The crowd of roysterers who are assembled at Jefferson City, pretending to make laws for the state of Missouri, are seriously considering a bill to impose a graduated tax on all bachelors. The tax is to range from $10 per annum on bachelors between the ages of 30 and 35 to 25 per cent. of the gross income of the victim at the age of 70.

A whole day was spent in the discussion of the measure, which was introduced by a man who would himself come within its provisions—Representative Julian.

Having taxed everything else under the sun in a desperate method to make the state's income balance its extravagant and in many respects useless expenditures, the lawmakers have at last turned to the bachelors as a sacrifice least likely to elicit sympathy in any quarter.

NOT ALL PLEASANT IN HAWAII.

Business Paralyzed and Free Speech Abolished in the Island Republic.

(Special Dispatch to the Boston Herald.)

NEW YORK, March 4, 1895. The Post's special from San Francisco says that passengers on the Honolulu steamer which arrived Saturday assert that business at the islands is paralyzed.

There was never known such lack of the needful things of life among the natives.

Freedom of speech is abolished, and among the steamer's passengers was one lady, who was glad to escape from Marshal Hitchcock, who had summoned her into his presence for openly expressing sympathy with the fallen Queen.

There is reason to believe that if this official has not employed physical torture to secure evidence, he has wrung that from one prisoner which would incriminate others by the hardest treatment and threats.

NINE FAMILIES SENT AWAY.

Mrs. James T. Fields, secretary, Charity building, Chardon street, in behalf of the committee having in charge the sending away from Boston families wishing to reach homes or obtain work, extends thanks to the many friends who have sent money for this worthy cause.

One hundred and sixty dollars have been received for this work since the appeal in January.

During the seven weeks ending Feb. 25 nine families have been sent away, containing 15 adults and six children.

IN TAUNTON'S NEW COURT HOUSE.

(Special Dispatch to the Boston Herald.)

TAUNTON, March 4, 1895. The March

Now we will see who the A. P. A.'s are!" Not one would go up and be counted, however, and after that the opposition had everything its own way.

Since the caucus A. P. A. nomination papers have been circulated containing candidates for all the offices on the ticket.

For the past two weeks little else has been talked of except town meeting. The several candidates have had their records raked over, letters have been written to the papers, circulars have been distributed, a judge of the district court has been arrested for assault and acquitted, several libel suits are threatened, and everybody was worked up to the highest pitch of excitment.

Saturday night at the railroad station it seemed like the night before Thanksgiving or Christmas, so many citizens came on the trains, every one who could vote coming home to do so.

Sunday was given to electioneering, and some of the most staid of the churchgoers spent the day looking up the voters to impress upon them the necessity of being at the polls early.

This morning as early as 6 o'clock citizens were on their way toward the town hall, where the conflict was to take place. Teams were flying about the town for the "stay-at-homes."

At 7 o'clock the hall was comfortably filled and when ten minutes later the town clerk read the warrant for the meeting fully 250 of the 366 registered voters were present and every moment the number increased.

At 7:15 the reading of the warrant was completed and the voting for moderator followed. This was considered the test vote. F. W. Billings was elected by 144 votes against 91 for Thomas Decatur, the A. P. A. candidate.

GREAT INTEREST IN WEYMOUTH.

Prospect of a Very Heavy Vote Today—Town May Go for License.

The annual town election in Weymouth, being held today, is creating greater interest than any previous election ever held, and the biggest vote will be polled in the annals of the town.

The polls opened at 6 o'clock this morning, and the voting began briskly, as soon as the announcement was made, in the six precincts.

This is the first time that the town has voted for town officials in precincts, instead of in town meeting, and the result will be that a total vote of over 2000 ballots will probably be cast.

There is a sharp contest in precinct 1 over selectman, there being three candidates from that precinct, George L. Newton, Republican, Abner Stowell, People's party, and Henry A. Nash, Independent. Mr. Nash has been a member of the board for a number of years, and enjoys the respect and confidence of the entire community, and will be flattered with a handsome indorsement by his fellow-citizens. Mr. Newton is equally popular, and a well known Grand Army veteran, and is polling a big vote. The citizens of this precinct are giving their solid support to both candidates, and cutting the candidate from precinct 4, Selectman Bradford Hawes, and it is among the possibilities that the latter may fail of election, in which event his part of the town would not be represented on the board.

There is no contest in precincts 2 and 6, as Candidate Nelson W. Gardner is receiving the solid support of the Republicans, Democrats and People's party, and is sure of being elected, and will probably poll the largest vote of any candidate for selectman.

In precinct 3, Charles E. Bicknell, Republican candidate, is contesting the honors with John Phillips, People's par-

It is conceded that Selectman Neal, Weatherbee and Smith of the old board are practically sure of re-election, and that the chances are rather better for the re-election of Thomas P. Murray and the choice of Charles H. Ellis as the other members. Mr. Murray is the present chairman, and the only Catholic member, and the A. P. A. vote is being cast against him.

Lester A. Newcomb and William S. Macomber are polling well. The Socialist-Labor candidates, Matta and Lehane, expect to poll 100 votes each.

The chances up to noon seemed to favor the election of John L. Fisher, Charles C. Sanderson and Daniel A. Lynch as assessors.

For park commissioners the chances favor the re-election of Thomas T. Robinson and Erastus Worthington, Jr., and either John Crowley or Clifton R. Baker as the other member.

For the place on the force of constables made vacant by the death of Constable Morse a sharp contest is being waged between the friends of Andrew J. Nolan and James E. Sullivan.

The fiercest fight is over the license question. The "wets" have a large force of men and teams hustling to get out every "yes" vote possible and hope to overcome the no-license majority of nearly 100 a year ago. The "drys," under the leadership of the Dedham No-License League, have performed a good deal of effective work and expect to increase the no-license majority to about 200.

An effort developed during the forenoon to defeat Dr. Finn for re-election to the board of health by means of stickers, bearing the name of Dr. Robert W. Southgate. There can be no doubt, however, of Dr. Finn's re-election.

EXCITING ELECTION AT BRAINTREE

The annual town meeting at Braintree is the most exciting held for years, there being two independent candidates for the office of selectman—J. V. S. Scollard, who has been a member of the board for several years, but who failed of a renomination at the caucus, and L. W. Morrison, who was defeated by the narrow margin of 20 votes in the caucus by W. W. Mayhew. A large vote is being cast, and Mr. Scollard's friends are doing some tall hustling. The town will probably go no-license by a small majority.

EARLY DANVERS VOTERS.

Addison P. Learoyd was elected moderator of the Danvers town meeting today. One hundred and fifty ballots were cast in the first hour, and the prospect is that a good vote will be polled.

NOTHING TO FIGHT ABOUT.

Reading is having its usual "still" election. There is no fight of any importance. The vote of the town was practically cast at noon, and the articles in the town warrant will be acted upon this afternoon. It will be no-license there beyond a doubt.

HYDE PARK QUIETLY VOTING.

The polls opened at Hdye Park at 7 o'clock, and C. G. Chick was elected moderator. There are six candidates for selectmen, and it is probable that four of the old board will be re-elected. The fight for fifth place is between Charles Lewis and E. B. Tasker.

There is also a contest for school committee, the candidates being Dr. J. F. Lewis, Mrs. Ella Boyd and Mr. W. A. Mowry, with the chances in favor of the two former. The election, on the whole, is a very quiet one.

CANTON BEGAN EARLY.

The polls opened at 6:30 o'clock at Canton with Peter Daley as moderator.

pell sprung on the good people of this city about a fortnight ago, in the shape of a petition, about 8000 words in length, in which he charged his wife and brother-in-law with various criminalities.

Mr. Ball is a well known architect of this city. His sister is well known in Boston and Portsmouth society, and for this reason the petition created considerable talk.

Chappell is a prominent Baltimorean, and in addition to the charges against his wife and her brother, he made his petition still more threatening and sensational by charging a conspiracy between David Stewart, a prominent lawyer of his own city, and Hon. J. S. H. Frink of Portsmouth. The gist of the charge, if anything like a gist can be brought down from 33 large sheets of typewritten matter, is that Mr. Chappell and his wife have separated, and that she has brought a suit for separate maintenance in the Baltimore courts. He claims that she, through her counsel, has hired detectives to shadow him, for the purpose of obtaining evidence to be used in the prosecution of her suit, to his personal discomfort and the detriment of his business and social standing. He wanted the defendants enjoined from so doing, and also wanted the judge to prevent them from prosecuting the suit in Baltimore.

Mr. Frink appeared in court this morning with Lawyer J. P. Churchill and submitted the papers in the case. The judge started to read them through and then decided that life was short, so he gave up the job and asked Mr. Churchill to state the contents briefly.

The latter replied that it would be impossible to comply with the exact request of the judge, but he added that so far as the petition referred to Mrs. Chappell the court has no jurisdiction, for the reason that while she was temporarily residing in Boston she was a citizen of the Baltimore district. With reference to Mr. Ball he had already filed an answer, in which he stated that he had not hired and did not intend to hire any detectives for the purpose described, and for this reason asked that the preliminary injunction be denied.

Mr. Chappell was not present at the hearing, nor was he represented by counsel. He evidently expected that the petition would be granted, for when he sent on his papers, a few days ago, he asked the clerk of the court to notify him by telegraph. As he first wrote the letter, it read: "If the court grants the injunction," etc., but he took a second look at it, and then scratched out certain words to make it read: "When the court grants the injunction, please telegraph," etc. The telegram will not be sent.

WEST ROXBURY DISTRICT.

The telephone exchange at Jamaica Plain has moved into the new office on Centre street. The removal did not cause the least inconvenience to subscribers as everything had been arranged beforehand.

At a recent meeting of the Jamaica Plain W. C. T. U., the following officers were elected: President, Mrs. C. E. Withington; secretary, Mrs. Agnes P. Fisher; treasurer, Mrs. C. K. Bullock.

The temperance section of the Unitarian Congregational Union, at their meeting Saturday evening, held a discussion on the qualities of the Norwegian system. Rev. Albert H. Plumb of the Walnut Avenue Congregational Church, Roxbury, spoke against the bill, and Rev. Charles F. Dole spoke in favor of it. There was a large attendance, and the speakers were enthusiastically